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1 STATE OF INDIANA
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                             ) SS:
 2 COUNTY OF DELAWARE
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          IN THE DELAWARE COUNTY SUPERIOR COURT
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 5 CRAIG DUNN and PHILIP WILEY, )
    et al.,
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               Plaintiffs,
                                )
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                                ) CAUSE NO.
                                ) 18D01-9305-CT-06
 8 RJR NABISCO HOLDINGS
                                )
    CORPORATIONS, et al.,
                                )
 9
               Defendants.
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                        VOLUME 6
                       FEBRUARY 17
12
                       P.M. Session.
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                (Out of presence of jury.)
                   MR. CASSELL: All rise.
                   THE COURT: Thank you, be seated.
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4 Good morning, Counsel. ALL: Good morning. 5 THE COURT: Plaintiff appears in 6 7 person by Counsel. All defendants represented this morning? 9 MR. OHLEMEYER: Correct. THE COURT: In terms of argument 10 11 this morning, my plan is to deal with the 12 motion to permit further discovery. Secondly we'll deal with motions to quash 13 14 the modified subpoena. Thirdly, motion to 15 exclude prejudicial material from cross-examination. Fourth we'll deal with 16 17 the issues revolving around the Osdene 18 deposition. 19 And I'm not sure we need to deal with the deposition -- the Colby deposition this 20 21 morning, but we'll try to deal with those 22 four matters before we bring the jury in. 23 Plaintiff filed their motion for leave 24 from discovery deadline February 13th. The 25 Court's last reviewed that. Defense filed a 1 response to that motion. Plaintiff have anything in addition to what's contained in 2 3 the motion? MR. WESTBROOK: Your Honor, Ed 4 Westbrook. We don't at this time. 5 THE COURT: Defendants wish to be 6 7 heard on the matter? 8 MR. OHLEMEYER: Your Honor, I think 9 the only other thing I need to bring to the 10 Court's attention, and you may be aware of this, the law firm of Chadbourne & Parke has 11 filed a motion that is related to this. 12 13 THE COURT: I saw that. MR. OHLEMEYER: That I don't think 14 you need to deal with on the motion to open 15 discovery, but you'll have to deal with at 16 17 the point if and when you get past this and 18 we talk about the subpoena itself. 19 THE COURT: Plaintiffs have 20 requested leave to conduct further discovery 21 regarding Minnesota sanction documents 22 Court's reviewed their motion, Court has 23 reviewed defendants' response thereto. 24 Court finds the motion of the plaintiffs 25 will be sustained. I'll issue an order to 1 that effect, Counsel. Defendants have filed a motion to quash 3 a modified subpoena. As you know, we 4 discussed this matter Friday afternoon. The 5 subpoena was to be modified. The gist of the defendants' motion seems to be that even 7 the modified version is too broad. 8 Mr. Ohlemeyer. 9 MR. OHLEMEYER: Your Honor. 10 light of the generous amount of time that 11 this Court has permitted for discovery in 12 this case, and in light of the fact that 13 you've allowed them to supposedly narrow the 14 subpoena, the fact that they have now come

in and asked for more than what they told 16 you they wanted on Friday is some indication 17 of why and how this has nothing to do with 18 this lawsuit. This subpoena as currently drafted will involve the Court in a 19 20 protracted discussion of privilege. It will require the Court to hear from non-parties 21 22 to the case. It will require the Court to essentially conduct a document-by-document 23 24 review of anything that might be 25 appropriately discoverable under the subpoena. And quite frankly, it has nothing 1 2 to do with this lawsuit. If the plaintiffs' subpoena is allowed 3 4 to stand, then the defendants to this case will respond with an appropriate privilege 5 log. There are non-parties to the case who 6 7 want to be heard on the issue, and we will 8 embark upon a procedure whereby we will do everything except finish the trial of this 9 case over the next three weeks. These are 10 all issues that are collateral to this case. 11 12 These are documents upon which claims of 13 privilege have been and appropriately 14 asserted, and the subpoena that has been put before Your Honor is substantially broader 15 than what the plaintiffs asked you for on 16 17 Friday. And for those reasons, Your Honor, I think, and for the reasons set forth in 18 19 the brief, I think it ought to be quashed. 20 In addition to that, I don't represent Chadbourne & Parke. They have Counsel here. 21 I assume they want to be heard on that. And 22 I would ask the Court, if you're inclined to 2.3 24 hear from them, John Wilkes from the firm of 25 Blackburn & Green from Fort Wayne is here on their behalf. And as you know, they have 1 2 filed a brief on that. THE COURT: Thank you, Counselor. 4 Mr. Wilkes here? MR. WILKES: Yes, Your Honor. 5 THE COURT: Mr. Wilkes, do you care 6 7 to be heard on this issue? 8 MR. WILKES: For the record, Your 9 Honor, my name is John Wilkes from the firm 10 of Blackburn & Green in Fort Wayne. I have 11 only entered my appearance in order to file 12 a motion to admit Mr. William Snipes of the 13 firm Sullivan & Cromwell from New York City, who would like to be admitted for the 14 15 purpose of making argument on this issue. THE COURT: All right, Counselor. 16 17 Is he here? 18 MR. WILKES: He is. THE COURT: Good morning, 19 20 Counselor. 21 MR. SNIPES: Good morning, Judge. 22 THE COURT: Let me make sure that I 23 saw the motion for your admission here. 24 Mr. Wilkes has moved the admission of 25 Mr. Snipes of Sullivan & Cromwell for

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purposes of this case. The Court will 1 2. sustain that motion. You are William 3 Snipes? MR. SNIPES: Yes, Judge. THE COURT: You're from Sullivan & 5 Cromwell of in New York? 6 7 MR. SNIPES: That's correct. THE COURT: And you represent 8 9 Chadbourne & Parke, Counselor? 10 MR. SNIPES: Yes, I do, Judge. 11 THE COURT: Be glad to hear any comment you might like to make. 12 13 MR. SNIPES: Thank you, Judge. 14 know you have a trial going and I'll try to 15 be as brief as possible. I am here for one reason, and one reason only. And that is 16 because the breadth of the subpoena served 17 18 by Mr. Motley and his team of lawyers 19 purports to reach not simply out of the 20 state of Indiana, but out of the state of 21 Indiana to New York, and out of New York by extension to the United Kingdom. 22 23 Now, I say that because the subpoena by 2.4 its terms demands that Chadbourne & Parke 25 produce documents that is in its possession belonging to a Chadbourne client that's in 1 2 the United Kingdom and that's Gallahers. 3 think you've heard something about Gallahers 4 on Friday. I read the transcript. I'll just tell you this by way of 5 background, Judge. Two things. Two things. 7 I want you to understand who Gallahers is and who Chadbourne is. I want you to 8 9 understand that there is something else in 10 play here. There is a proceeding pending today in New York. It's scheduled to be 11 argued on the 4th of March. It involves a 12 lot of papers. Here is what we put in, 13 14 including what the other side put in. 15 If you're going to get to this, Judge, I have to give you these papers because 16 17 these papers brief very important issues of 18 law concerning the Hajlhate convention. 19 I've got to talk a little about that. The 20 hate convention comes into play because 21 Gallahers is a United Kingdom company. 22 They're over in the U.K.. They're not in 23 the U. S. They're a cigarette manufacturer for sure. They've never sold a single 24 25 cigarette in the United States. They've got 1 no marketing or advertising, nothing here. Their only connection to the United States 3 is Chadbourne & Parke. Chadbourne 4 represents them and has so for a number of 5 years, but it represents them in connection 6 with litigation that's pending in the United 7 Kingdom. 8 The relevancy of that, Judge, is that 9 what the subpoena purports to do is to reach 10 across the pond over into the United Kingdom

and effectively make Gallahers produce 11 12 documents in this proceeding. 13 I say that -- I say there is a 14 proceeding in New York. We've made a motion in connection with that proceeding to quash 15 16 a subpoena that purports to do the same thing. There are a lot of reasons it's 17 18 inappropriate, and I think they all lead back to the same conclusion. You can't do 19 20 that because the Court lacks jurisdiction 21 over that non-party. Now, in this case it's even further 22 removed. Mr. Sheffler shows up, 23 24 Mr. Sheffler is a partner to Chadbourne & 25 Parke. He represents one of the defendants. He comes to court -- well, whether he comes 1 2 to court or not, he comes to this state to 3 help in the representation of his client. He's at a restaurant, a plaintiff lawyer 5 walks over and hands him a subpoena. Sure. Mr. Sheffler is here and for some purposes 6 7 the Court has jurisdiction over him. And 8 I'll tell you, Judge, just so that you know, 9 the jurisdiction you have over Mr. Sheffler 10 is jurisdiction you do not have over me. And that is, if I do something, if I 11 flip out here, you surely have the authority 12 to hold me in contempt. What my presence 13 here doesn't do, what Mr. Sheffler's 14 15 presence here couldn't do is give this 16 Court, this State, jurisdiction over 17 Chadbourne such that it can compel Chadbourne to produce documents in 18 connection with this action. 19 20 Now, you know, if there is a legitimate 21 discovery that needs to be in this case, there are ways to do that. If there is 22 23 legitimate discovery from Gallahers that 24 needs to be in this case, there is a treaty. 25 It's called the Hague convention. And what you do is, you come to Your Honor and you 1 2 say Judge, we need discovery of Gallahers, they've got relevant documents. I've got a 3 4 commission here. Give me, Judge, authority 5 to go into the United Kingdom and get those documents and you go to the United Kingdom 7 and the Courts there will hear you or they 8 won't. What you can't do, and I hope in my 9 10 brief, Judge, that you find it compelling, 11 because, frankly, I do. There's a long line 12 of constitutional cases which says you can't 13 do that. It's extraterritorial. You have 14 the jurisdiction and authority over things and persons in your presence. 15 16 And I say this, Judge, and I don't want 17 to get too excited about it. The subpoena 18 is flawed from start to finish, and there 19 are -- you know, it is so bad, the Courts 20 have crafted a number of documents to try to

deal with it. But the basic principle is

this: We cite a case that says to enforce a subpoena duces tecum you've got to have jurisdiction. Well, how do you get jurisdiction over the person that you're

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trying to compel to produce the documents? You get the jurisdiction by virtue of that law firm being in state. Well, that's easy. Or that law firm doing business in the state and your long arm statute reaches them. It's just pure, simple constitutional analysis. Well, some courts have said we want to up you on that.

There are two other documents on that. Fiduciary shield and immunity. And what they try to do is protect the proceeding. So then I'm not here. That's what they try and do.

It's when a lawyer comes into the state to represent -- in his representative capacity, the lawyer is not subject to jurisdiction. He's coming there on behalf of his clients and they call that fiduciary shield. And there are lots of cases that have applied that to all kind of people, including lawyers.

There's a document called the immunity document which essentially says the same thing. When a witness or lawyer comes into court, they are free -- that comes into your 1679

state, they are free from service.

Now, it makes sense, Judge, because if Mr. Motley shows up this morning and I hand him a subpoena, and then you've got to deal with that subpoena, and someone of the other defendants' lawyers hands him a subpoena, you've got to deal with that subpoena, for documents, for that lawyer's testimony, it's disruptive of the process, putting aside the fact that it is totally unfair.

Now, so I'm suggesting to you, Judge, that because the subpoena is defective, we can stop, full stop right here. If you want to go further, then we've got to talk about the Hague convention, because I think this is a serious front to the Hague convention, and we've got to talk about fundamental claims of attorney-client privilege.

To know that a privilege is involved, all you have to do is look at the subpoena. The subpoena says Chadbourne produced documents in your possession concerning your client.

Now, I'm not going to tell you that every piece of paper at Chadbourne & Parke 1680

is privileged. But I am going to tell you that the documents that this subpoena reaches concerning Gallahers -- and I'm not addressing the other parts of it, the other companies listed in the subpoenas, as I understand it, are defendants here. They've

7 got lawyers, and they'll address that. 8 The impropriety here is attempting to 9 subpoena documents belonging to a non-party, 10 that is not in the state, not in the country. And that's the problem. And 11 12 that's why we need protection. Now, if you're forcing me to, Judge, 13 14 I'll make a motion to supplement the record, 15 because if you're going to get beyond this 16 jurisdictional defect and address the 17 privilege claims, then you need the 18 submission that we made in New York. And I'm telling you you don't have to do that, 19 20 because we've put these cases in -- we've 21 put this material before a New York judge 22 because another party is seeking to get access to Gallahers' documents from the U.K. 23 That's going to be argued very soon, and 2.4 25 it's going to be decided and it will be resolved. And if that subpoena is valid and 1 2 the documents are produced, then there is nothing to talk about. 3 4 But if you're going to address that, I 5 need to supplement the record and demonstrate, as I believe these papers do, 7 why those documents, putting aside whether or not the subpoena is defective, why those 8 documents are privileged. 9 10 Now, I don't want to take up all your 11 time and go on and on about why they're privileged, but they're privileged 12 13 because they were created by the client for the lawyer to help with litigation. 14 So I'm sure on this table here they've 15 got some documents just like that. Their 16 17 client may have helped them put together some documents to help the lawyer prepare 18 19 for the case. That's a no brainer. You 20 can't get those. 21 The others are documents that preexist. You know, let's say these companies have 2.2 100,000 documents, I don't know, but you 23 24 take two or three documents and you give it 25 to your lawyer and your lawyer does an 1682 1 analysis. Now, that document is not privileged, but if you go in the lawyer's 3 files and get it, you're communicating what 4 the lawyer was doing. Go to the -- and that's why the rules, virtually every rule 5 6 tells you you've got to go to the client and 7 you've got to go there in the right way. 8 I've taken up too much of your time, 9 Judge. 10 THE COURT: Counsel, we may get 11 back on the other issue, but I wanted to hear your thoughts initially. Thank you. 12 13 MR. WILKES: Should I submit the New York submission? 14 15 THE COURT: Let me hear the initial 16 comments from the plaintiffs and then let's 17 see where we are.

18 MR. WILKES: Okay. Thank you, 19 Judge. 20 THE COURT: Thank you, Counselor. 21 MR. WESTBROOK: Your Honor, Ms. Ritter from our office will address this. 22 2.3 THE COURT: All right. MS. RITTER: Good morning, Your 24 25 Honor. 1683 1 THE COURT: Good morning. 2 MS. RITTER: First of all, much of that argument was a rehash of either what 3 was argued by Mr. Ohlemeyer last week or by 4 5 what was argued by the various parents in 6 their attempts to get out of this case. 7 so I'm not going to go back into all of those details. Many of the arguments that 8 9 he's made are, though, essentially the same 10 arguments that the holding companies have 11 made. 12 The reason we're here where we are, as 13 we indicated last week, and in our submission to the Court, is that we 14 15 requested documents from the defendants in 16 this case, American and Brown & Williamson, 17 and their parent, from American and from 18 Brown & Williamson, American's successor, and from the companies' parents, and we did 19 20 not receive the documents that we are now 21 attempting to get. 22 We subsequently on the -- after this 23 trial was already going on, learned of the 24 existence of very germane and telling documents that bear directly on the issues 25 in this case. And we are faced with a 1 2 situation where this defendant has directly 3 avoided discovery that would have been 4 relevant to the case. 5 Obviously, if we had known about the documents, we could have listed the 6 7 documents and we wouldn't be here. The whole point is that we didn't know about the 8 9 documents because of all of their attempts 10 to hide the documents either through their 11 law firms or in foreign countries. 12 I only had a brief opportunity as he 13 was speaking to read his papers, having not 14 received a copy of it over the weekend, and 15 was taken by the fact that there was no 16 explanation herein of the relationship 17 between Gallahers and American. There is a 18 relationship. The relationship between Gallahers and American is similar to another 19 20 successor holding company situation where American Brands owned American Tobacco and 21 22 additionally owned Gallahers. 23 Chadbourne & Parke, as we explained 24 last week, and was set forth in the 25 Minnesota order that's been attached to our 1685 1 papers, also represented each of these 2 companies in tobacco litigation.

We don't know what's in all of the documents. We do know what's in a couple of the documents that have been required to be produced in the state of Minnesota case.

There are two groups of documents that we're here about. One group is the group that is already here in the United States up in Minnesota subject to that court's jurisdiction in Minnesota.

 $$\operatorname{THE}$ COURT: Which is what Mr. Motley asked permission to do Friday.

MS. RITTER: That's right.

THE COURT: Now, do you have a copy of your attachment to the subpoena?

MS. RITTER: I do. And while the words make it sound like it's quite broad, what we are trying to get is those documents which the Court has required them to turn over. When the defendant made their argument on Friday, they then indicated that they are still preserving their objections to those documents, and that they have done so in numerous court papers.

So what we've attempted here to do is to, in addition to the documents that we are requesting, if they intend to withhold documents, claiming privilege and claiming that it's still subject to this court case up the New York, we want to get the pleadings and the materials that they have filed in that case so that we can more quickly get to this Court's attention, to Your Honor's attention what the remaining dispute would be.

For example, a good bit of what we've asked here, No. 4, is probably in the brown folder that Mr. Snipes was talking about. We've asked for the affidavits that they submitted in connection with those document disputes up in the case of Minnesota case. I imagine that's what's in the folders. That would be No. 4 and No. 5.

Because we don't know what the documents are, I have to confess there was some difficulty in trying to decide what to way in this attachment. We thought they understood from the Court's - from the record that was made what we're wanting to

get are those documents that the court in Minnesota has, after several weeks now of dispute, should have been produced, are available and under the control of this defendant and are, in fact, in the process of being produced in Minnesota. And that's what we want to get those documents.

Mr. Sheffler is a partner in that law firm, there is a reference in their papers to some fact witness recognizing Mr. Sheffler. That's absolutely incorrect. Several of us know Mr. Sheffler, have been at various depositions of him.

It was a coincidence that we got the leaked document from Minnesota that bears directly on this case. It is a confession that Gallahers, the relative of American Tobacco, and now Brown & Williamson, admitted in 1970 that smoking causes cancer in humans. Having seen that document and knowing that Chadbourne & Parke was in the middle of this who could have the documents and were the plaintiffs in Minnesota going to get the documents, we wanted to try and get to the crux of the matter and thought

that having a Chadbourne & Parke person available to provide insight into things such as the Brown folder might be helpful in us trying to get these delinquent and withheld, apparently, relevant documents.

And we apologize if this still seems overbroad, but it's those things that the Court is making them turn over, part of which has already turned -- they've turned over, that we want. And to the extent that they are going to withhold from even this Court those materials, and we are in the position of having to try to further litigate this here, we would have liked to have been able to see the papers that have been filed by the parties in the New York proceeding, including affidavits, so that we could expedite our preparation for dealing with that issue here in this court.

On the subject of whether attorneys can be subpoenaed and can be fact witnesses, we do think that Mr. Sheffler, as a member of the law firm of Chadbourne & Parke, was uniquely possessed with information that would have otherwise been unavailable and

believe that Indiana law did support the subpoena as the Court found last week.

That's all I would add at this point, Your Honor. We did honestly just see their brief. So if there is any reason to, we could address some of the issues and try to fill in some of the gaps of the relationship between Gallahers and American.

American is in this case. American Brand was in this case. Brown & Williamson is in this case. And BAT is in this case. And Gallahers is not a stranger to those companies. Gallahers was owned by American Brand, Gallahers participated in many of the industry-wide organizations that have been put in issue and are participants in the conspiracy that the plaintiffs will prove exist in this case. And to act as if they are some foreign innocent company that just happened to coincidentally be represented by Chadbourne & Parke is really not very accurate, and we could provide additional information if the Court requires. Thank you.

25 THE COURT: Thank you, Counselor. Mr. Ohlemeyer. 1 MR. OHLEMEYER: Very briefly in response, Your Honor, and again, we're hearing some very serious charges that no one has put before you any evidence to 5 6 support. As the Court remembers, discovery 7 against BAT was stayed in this case pending 8 resolution of the jurisdictional issues. 9 You resolved the jurisdictional issues, no one asked to conduct any further discovery 10 against BAT. There has been the suggestion 11 12 that this information that they're trying to 13 obtain right now was requested in this case 14 but not produced. 15 Your Honor, I really think that's quite a gross misstatement, if not an absolute 16 17 untruth. No one has put a discovery request 18 before Your Honor that says we, the plaintiffs, ask for information which would 19 20 encompass these documents. It is undisputed that American Tobacco 21 22 Company produced 65 boxes of documents and a 23 privilege log that sat in Mr. Shockley's 24 office unopened despite the fact that 25 plaintiffs' Counsel were notified of the 1 fact that those documents were available for 2 inspection. It is undisputed that the Ness 3 Motley law firm asked for these specific 4 documents, and they did it very 5 specifically, as early as January 21st, in a case in Oklahoma in which they're involved. 7 It is undisputed that they asked for the same 1100 documents on January 22, in a 8 9 letter the Ness Motley firm wrote to Counsel for Brown & Williamson. 10 So, Your Honor, all of this is to say 11 12 that this subpoena is not a proper discovery 13 effort in this case. What the plaintiffs' 14 lawyers are trying to do here is to get you to decide something on short notice and 15 16 without development of an accurate record 17 that is being litigated in other cases in 18 which they are involved in other states, and 19 I don't think the Court should allow this 20 kind of subpoena to be issued and to be 21 served and to be enforced in an effort to 22 circumvent the process and procedure of 23 other courts and to involve this court in a 24 procedure that is not what the law of 25 Indiana would require the Court to do if 1692 1 they had served a request, we had responded 2 with a privilege log, and then the Court was required to debate the issue of privilege on 3 4 a document-by-document basis. 5 So for those reasons, Your Honor, I 6 think the subpoena could be quashed and 7 should be quashed. 8 MS. RITTER: Your Honor, if I might just add one thing briefly on this

10 connection of what we did request? 11 THE COURT: Go ahead. 12 MS. RITTER: We provided to the 13 Court the specific requests where we were asking the defendants, and all their 15 predecessors, sisters and children to 16 produce documents relevant to the issues of 17 smoking and health, product testing, safer 18 cigarettes. We attached those requests. 19 From what we saw in the document leaked that 20 week, that document clearly seemed to be 21 pertinent. We certainly had no way of knowing that 1100 documents that we thought 2.2 23 we were after have now turned out to be these same documents. I'm not sure that 24 25 that will even turn out to be correct. But 1 since we don't know what they are, we certainly at this point have no way of 3 knowing. 4 And as for these 65 boxes, they are correct that 65 boxes were produced by 5 American Tobacco three weeks before the 6 7 close of discovery in this case. And based on their own feelings in the state of 8 9 Minnesota, the documents that we are talking about now are not in those 65 boxes or on 10 the privilege logs that would have been 11 provided with those boxes. And their 12 13 filings in the state of Minnesota that the 14 defendants have indicated that, in fact, 15 those documents, these Gallahers documents, 16 the Gallahers set, has not ever been produced up to the point of this dispute in 17 Minnesota and has not been included on 18 19 privilege logs. So to keep throwing up 20 these 65 boxes is somewhat of a red herring. And it doesn't really get to the point of 21 these documents. We could have looked 22 23 through them, we could have spent three 24 weeks looking through 65 boxes and we still 25 wouldn't have had these documents and we 1694 still wouldn't have known of the 1 significance of the discovery in the 2 3 Minnesota case if the Court up there hadn't come upon through the mechanism of 100,000, 4 5 \$200,000 fines for the withholding of this 6 material. And that's what we're now at this 7 point trying to get at. 8 Thank you, Your Honor. 9 THE COURT: Thank you. Mr. Snipes. 10 MR. SNIPES: Judge, the only thing 11 that Chadbourne is in the middle of is a 12 discovery dispute between the plaintiff and 13 the defendant. And my only point, Judge, is 14 the plaintiffs can't obtain discovery from 15 the defendants by getting it from one of their law firms. 16 17 Now, unless the allegation -- and there 18 are lots of allegations. There were 19 allegations made this morning and there are 20 allegations made in the transcript for which 21 I've seen -- I've seen affidavits from 22 people who know that disproves that. 23 Unless, Judge, someone is saying that B&W 24 doesn't have the documents that the plaintiff wants and that Chadbourne doesn't, 25 they're not saying that. They're saying 1 Mr. Sheffler was just conveniently available 3 so we served the subpoena on him because we know that his law firm represents the 4 5 parties and he might have the documents. Well, that's beside the point. The 6 7 subpoena ought to have been served on the 8 parties and the difference between 9 Chadbourne and Gallahers and the parties in 10 this litigation is precisely that. They're not parties. And the way to obtain 11 12 discovery from a non-party is not by serving 13 a subpoena on that non-party's lawyer. 14 Now, what they're getting you into, 15 Judge, is to authorize an illegal subpoena. 16 The subpoena is invalid, and that is hardly 17 an open case. 18 Now, I hate to say this, but I 19 represent a law firm, and one of my -- one 20 of my law firm -- my client is a lawyer in this case, but I don't really care about 21 that. I don't care about what discovery 22 23 goes on between the parties. 24 What I'm telling you, Judge, is that 25 you can't take discovery from Chadbourne & Parke this way because it's illegal, and 1 that's the simple fact, and you can't get 2 discovery from Gallahers this way because 3 4 they're not here and there is a way to do 5 that. And all I'm saying is you've opened 6 discovery for these guys; if they really 7 need discovery from Gallahers, I suppose 8 there is a way to do that. But what they're 9 asking you to do with this is not what they 10 told you they would do on Friday. That is clear. Just look at -- I read the 11 transcript. I wasn't here. In fact, Judge, 12 13 I learned about this at 4:00 on Friday, and 14 I spent the weekend preparing these papers 15 to come and to tell you, Judge, what I'm 16 telling you, and that is that the subpoena 17 is unlawful. 18 And the other stuff they're talking 19 about, frankly, I don't care whether it's right or wrong. I'm just telling Your Honor 20 21 that it's not right. It's inappropriate to 22 drag the law firm into this. You know, I 23 don't want to lecture about it, but that's 24 my point. What I heard, and I don't know the 25 parties so I don't know the lady's name, I 1 2 heard her say there is some history about 3 the Chadbourne documents. Judge, this file 4 here are papers that were filed in court.

All you do to get these is you go to the

Clerk of Courts and you say I want to see the papers that were submitted. There is no secrets in here. Nothing in here is under file. I'm not hiding anything. She said what's in Mr. Snipes' folders. Here it is. Here it is. There. I gave it to them. I'm going to file a copy with the Court.

Judge, what I'm saying is those are documents which I think, the Court pleadings, which I think demonstrate that you cannot take discovery from a non-party through its lawyers and a document

documents which I think, the Court pleadings, which I think demonstrate that you cannot take discovery from a non-party through its lawyers and a document demonstrating an affidavit from a British barrister. Remember I told you, Gallahers is over in the U.S. It does business in the U.K. It happens to have a U.S. lawyer. Well, that's no surprise. It's no surprise that Gallahers would turn to Chadbourne because Chadbourne has represented some of these defendants.

But the litigation that they're representing Gallahers in is in the U.K., so it's no surprise, this British barrister would tell you, Judge, under United Kingdom law which, after all, this is sort of where much of our common law derived from, under U.K. law, that the U.K. client is entitled to a privilege. And we've told the judge in New York that.

But since I've given the stuff to the plaintiffs because they seem so desperate to say that Chadbourne is in a conspiracy, and Mr. Snipes has got the documents in his pocket, and the defendants are always in that position. The defendants say, Judge, these documents are privileged, we can't give them to them. Well, the plaintiffs say, Judge, those are documents of a conspiracy. And their mere fact in not giving them to you, Judge, proves that there is something in them. Well, they've got them. Now I'm going to give you a copy, Judge, and all I'm going to say is you've got to quash the subpoena.

MS. RITTER: Your Honor, if I could

just one --

THE COURT: Let him finish,

Counselor.

1 2

MS. RITTER: I thought he finished.
MR. SNIPES: What this is, Judge,

as I've said, is telling you what the documents are. That's the full submission in New York.

THE COURT: Are these copies of the discovery responses made in Minnesota, Counselor?

MR. SNIPES: No, Judge. They're copies of Chadbourne & Parke's motion in New York court to quash a subpoena directing that Chadbourne produce documents in its files concerning its U.K. client.

17 THE COURT: All right. I just want 18 to be clear about that. 19 MR. OHLEMEYER: Your Honor, in 20 response to your question, the 1100 documents we're talking about were on a 21 22 privilege log that was submitted to court and Counsel in Minnesota that the Ness 23 24 Motley firm had in their possession before the start of this trial. Some of the 25 documents on that privilege log, not all of 1 them, some of them are actually on the privilege log that was made available in 3 4 this case but not reviewed. THE COURT: If you have those in 5 6 Minnesota, why do I need to order those 7 again, Counsel? 8 MS. RITTER: Your Honor, I don't 9 need the actual -- what I need is the 10 affidavits that were apparently submitted with some of the responses under seal. 11 12 There were materials submitted by Brown & 13 Williamson on behalf of, I guess its 14 predecessor, American, under seal. It's 15 those materials that I actually need. They 16 were attached when the Court got it. And when the plaintiff there got it to the 17 responses to the discovery request, we do 18 19 not have access to that material that was 20 filed under seal. That's what we need. 21 It's affidavits that were submitted. 22 THE COURT: Isn't that an issue 23 that should be addressed to Minnesota? MS. RITTER: If it was --24 THE COURT: Your firm has the 25 documents, or at least they've been filed in a case in which your firm is involved. 2 MS. RITTER: Your Honor, we are not 3 4 involved in the case in Minnesota. That's a state case that is going on to trial Ness Motley has never been involved in any 6 representation of the plaintiff in that 7 8 case. And the only way we get materials in 9 the state of Minnesota case is if, a, the 10 defendants provide us separately what 11 they've provided in Minnesota or if we can 12 get them from the Court's file in Minnesota, 13 and we cannot get the materials that are 14 filed under seal. That's why certain 15 documents had been produced in Minnesota 16 that are part of this dispute that we never 17 could get until the Judge, right before they 18 were used with the witness or an opening 19 statement, lifted the seal. 20 That's how the one that we used last week, the 1970 documents, became available. 21 So there are still things in Minnesota, 22 unfortunately, under seal and that court, as 23 24 I understand it, is attempting to address as 25 it can. 1 On the question of who is Gallahers.

2 In this lawsuit we sued American Tobacco and American Brands. In their own papers, 3 Chadbourne & Parke has indicated that 4 American Brands owned Gallahers. Gallahers was spun off from American Brand in May of 7 1997. We did request all materials from American Brands, American and Brown & 8 9 Williamson relating to any of its 10 subsidiaries and related entities throughout the years that are at issue in this case. 11 So to say that somehow Gallahers' stuff has 12 13 never been involved in this case is incorrect. 14 15 It's a misunderstanding, perhaps, and 16 Mr. Snipes has just come into the case, of 17 the facts, that the parents and the holding companies are in this case. And American 18 19 Brand is and American Brand did own 20 Gallahers. 21 THE COURT: Do you have a copy of 22 the subpoena? 23 MS. RITTER: Yes, Your Honor, I do. THE COURT: Look at paragraph 1. 2.4 Copies of discovery responses. Now, tell me 25 1 what you want Mr. Sheffler to do in response 2 to this subpoena as it relates to paragraph 3 MS. RITTER: Provide anything that 4 5 was submitted in the case in Minnesota under 6 seal. THE COURT: Since the first of the 7 8 year. That's what Mr. Motley said. 9 MS. RITTER: Yes, Your Honor. THE COURT: That would be about 10 1100 documents. 11 MS. RITTER: And any written 12 affidavits that they submitted under seal 13 addressing any of the -- I don't know for a 14 fact that the actual 1100 documents have 15 been turned over in Minnesota. But if they 17 have, then yes, the 1100 documents. For any documents that have yet to be turned over in 18 19 Minnesota that Gallahers may still be 20 holding or Chadbourne & Parke may still be 21 holding, then --22 THE COURT: That's not what 23 Mr. Motley asked for. He asked for anything 24 that had actually been filed in Minnesota. 25 MS. RITTER: In Minnesota, then 1 yes, Your Honor, simply if the 1100 are all in Minnesota, that's what we want is the 2 3 1100 documents. THE COURT: All right. That was a 5 request made Friday. I've considered the motion to quash over the weekend. I knew 6 7 there was going to be an argument. The 8 attachment to the subpoena is in six 9 paragraphs, and that is overly broad. There 10 is no question about that, that it requests 11 more than was requested Friday. 12 The only thing that I think is

appropriate is paragraph 1, which the Court 13 14 will strike paragraphs 2 through 6 of the 15 attachment and the subpoena will apply as it 16 relates to those items filed in the state of Minnesota after the first of the year and 17 18 referred to in paragraph 1. 19 I'm going to permit those items to be 20 filed under seal. We will deal with any 21 privilege issue at a later point. MS. RITTER: Thank you, Your Honor. 22 23 MR. SNIPES: Your Honor, just to be 24 clear, you're talking about the 1,114 documents; right? 25 THE COURT: Yes, sir. That's all 1 2 I'm talking about at this point, Counselor, and I'm going to permit those to be filed 3 4 under seal. 5 MR. OHLEMEYER: Filed? I'm 6 confused, Your Honor. Filed with you or 7 given to the plaintiffs' lawyers? THE COURT: Actually at this point 8 9 I will have them filed with the Court in 10 response to the subpoena. Then we'll deal 11 with any privilege issues. 12 MR. OHLEMEYER: Do you want briefs on the privilege issues in connection with 13 the filing, or do you want --14 THE COURT: Mr. Snipes, do you 15 16 intend to be here if there is an argument, 17 where there is an argument on the privilege 18 issue? 19 MR. SNIPES: Judge, as to your order, Brown & Williamson, I believe, will 20 address those issues, not Chadbourne, 21 22 because Chadbourne doesn't really have any 23 interest in that. THE COURT: I appreciate that. 24 25 Thank you, Counselor. 1706 1 MR. SNIPES: Thank you. 2 THE COURT: So there is no confusion, Mr. Sheffler will be in 3 compliance if these documents are filed with 4 5 the Court under seal. Then I'll determine 6 if and when they should be released. That 7 concludes the matter on the motion to quash. 8 Plaintiffs' filed a motion to exclude 9 prejudicial or relevant testimony regarding 10 expected cross-examination from Mr., is it 11 Wigand? 12 MS. RITTER: Wigand, Your Honor. 13 THE COURT: Any comment on that? 14 Actually this is in the nature of a 15 motion in limine. The defendants are 16 correct. It is past the time for the filing 17 of the motion in limine, but any comment on 18 your motion? 19 MS. RITTER: Yes, Your Honor. 20 Honor, the plaintiff will withdraw its 21 motion which was filed more as an 22 anticipatory objection to what we would 23 believe clearly prejudicial questioning of

the witness, and would simply request that 24 25 Your Honor require that if these 1707 1 materials -- if this type of questioning is anticipated, that defense Counsel at that 2 3 point in time, while the witness is on the stand, perhaps, request a brief side bar so 4 5 that we could remind Your Honor or tell Your 6 Honor at that time of what our concerns are 7 concerning the irrelevance and prejudicial 8 nature of that questioning. 9 But we are happy to withdraw the motion. It really is simply we are 10 concerned about the possibilities not having 11 12 been involved with many of these Counsel in 13 the past of a blurt out of something that 14 would be just prejudicial and inappropriate 15 so we'll withdraw the motion. 16 THE COURT: I haven't noticed 17 anything. All right. Plaintiffs' motion to exclude prejudicial testimony in 18 19 anticipation of cross-examination is 20 withdrawn. 21 Plaintiffs on Friday filed a packet 22 regarding the Osdene deposition. I did 23 receive defendants' motion in opposition to that, and essentially asking that that not 24 25 be admitted into evidence. 1708 1 Mr. Ohlemeyer, any comment on your 2 motion? MR. OHLEMEYER: Very briefly, Your 3 4 Honor. And --THE COURT: Let me stop you before 5 you begin. Let's talk, first of all, about 6 7 what effect the Texas order will have on my 8 decision. MR. OHLEMEYER: Well, I think, Your 9 10 Honor, that procedurally if the plaintiffs' 11 lawyers want to use this deposition in this 12 case they need to go to Texas and get an 13 order from that judge unsealing the 14 deposition for use in this case. Why and 15 how the judge makes that decision is not something, obviously, I can predict, but I 16 17 think it's an issue of procedure that needs 18 to be addressed with Judge Folsom in the 19 first instance. 20 But more importantly, Your Honor, I 21 think, as you'll recall, by court order we 22 were required to identify deposition 23 transcripts that were to be used in this 24 trial, and the plaintiffs were very broad 25 and very comprehensive in giving us 120 some 1 pages of individuals and specific 2 depositions with specific pages and specific 3 lines. This deposition of Dr. Osdene 4 appears nowhere on that pleading that was 5 filed on January 23 with the Court. They 6 identify depositions of Dr. Osdene taken in 7 the Chipallone (phonetic) case when he was

an employee of Philip Morris, but nowhere do

9 they identify a deposition taken in the 10 state of Texas case which was taken after 11 Dr. Osdene retired from the company. 12 So procedurally I think this evidence should not be put before the jury, and 13 14 substantively, Your Honor, I don't want to repeat everything that was described in our 15 16 motion, because I think it's well written, quite frankly, and comprehensive. 17 The fact of the matter is there is no 18 19 probative value that outweighs any 20 prejudicial effect on this type of testimony in this type of case on the issues that are 21 22 to be decided here and for those reasons, 23 Your Honor, we would ask the Court to grant 24 our motion. 25 THE COURT: Thank you, Counselor. 1710 1 For the plaintiff? 2 MR. WESTBROOK: Yes, Your Honor, 3 with your permission, Ed Westbrook. THE COURT: Mr. Westbrook, is he 4 5 correct this was not included in your 6 designation? 7 MR. WESTBROOK: Yes, Your Honor, he 8 is correct, in the blizzard of paperwork going back and forth, this deposition, which 9 is no surprise to anyone, was not included. 10 It's been -- since it was taken in May of 11 12 1997 last summer, it's been the Osdene 13 deposition. But he is correct that in this 14 100 something pages those pages got omitted. How it happened, I don't know how it 15 happened, but he is correct that that 16 happened, Your Honor. 17 18 But as to the issue of prejudice, Your 19 Honor, I just want to supplement that to say that we did do the 48-hour disclosure 20 pursuant to Your Honor's rule I think on 21 22 February 9th that it was I wrote to 23 Mr. Ohlemeyer saying we would use our 24 previously designated excerpts from Osdene, Spears and Colby, and on the next day we 25 1 sent over and specifically said plaintiffs 2. intend to use previously disclosed excerpts from the videotape deposition of Dr. Thomas 3 4 Osdene, taken in the state of Texas vs. the 5 American Tobacco Company. 6 Frankly, Your Honor, we did not realize 7 until it was raised by the defendants that 8 those pages had been omitted from the very 9 large designation. And it is a 113-page 10 designation of various depositions. But he 11 is correct as to that fact, Your Honor. 12 THE COURT: Let's talk about the other issue. You have a Texas court, 13 district court in Texas which has ordered 14 15 this deposition sealed. The point here is 16 that should you not have an order from the 17 Texas court releasing that? Or concealing 18 that?

MR. WESTBROOK: Your Honor, I think

20 there are two points that answer that satisfactorily. First, the text -- three 21 22 points. 23 First, Judge Folsom's procedure in Texas was when anyone asked, he released it. 24 25 He released it to Florida, released it to 1712 Mississippi, released it to Minnesota. So I 2 think we have a course of conduct. 3 Number two. 4 THE COURT: Did you ask here? 5 MR. WESTBROOK: No. Your Honor, the case is over down there. 6 7 Number two, Judge Folsom, perhaps, has 8 no jurisdiction on that issue. 9 But number three, and perhaps 10 dispositive, is that in the agreement 11 winding up the case, the parties agree, the 12 defendants agreed with the State that we 13 were free to seek leave of other courts in other actions to have previously 14 confidential and sealed material released. 15 16 And I have a copy of those pages from the 17 comprehensive settlement agreement and 18 release which was in the big packet that we 19 supplied, I believe, to the Court, but it may very well have been buried in there. 20 With your permission, Your Honor, I 21 22 would hand that up to you. I have another copy for the defendants. 23 24 THE COURT: Thank you. 25 MR. WESTBROOK: Your Honor, I've 1713 handed you the cover, pages 23 and 24 of the 1 comprehensive agreement and release in the 2. Texas case. And in paragraph 22, which 3 4 begins on page 23, it's headed "Non-admissibility," and the portion that is 5 of relevance here, Your Honor, is the 6 7 carryover, in fact, the sentence that begins on page 24 that ends up the paragraph: 9 Thereafter, any party to the action may make any motion with respect to such discovery 10 materials. Then we get to the important 11 12 part, provided, however, that nothing in 13 this paragraph 22 shall preclude undersigned 14 Counsel from seeking disclosure of such 15 materials in other actions or settling 16 defendants from agreeing otherwise in any 17 other action. 18 Your Honor, that provision, I think, has a clear purpose. That is Judge Folsom 19 20 at some point I think, and rightfully so, would want to wash his hands of matters in 21 22 closed cases. At the same time, the 23 plaintiffs in Texas, and we were Counsel for 24 the plaintiffs, among others, certainly did 25 not want to see information disclosed in 1 Texas die in Texas. That would be contrary to the efficiency of the judicial 2 3 procedures, it would be contrary to getting at the truth, which is what we want to get

5 at. So under that provision, clearly, Your 6 Honor, I think we have the right to come to 7 Your Honor and ask that this Osdene deposition, which has been released, was released by Judge Folsom to everyone who 9 10 asked and also I think we have an order that we provided to the Court with the Minnesota 11 12 judge just the other week, February 4th. He 13 unsealed the Osdene deposition taken in that 14 case and it's my information that it was 15 read or is perhaps to be read this week in 16 Minnesota. 17 So very shortly any concerns about 18 embarrassment, et cetera, because of 19 Dr. Osdene taking the Fifth Amendment have 20 been or will be obviated. So, Your Honor, for that reason I think 21 22 that it is proper and appropriate for us to 23 come to Your Honor and ask that the Osdene 24 deposition, which I understand may even be on the Internet, could be read in this 25 1715 court. And Your Honor, I'll address the 1 2. substance if you want to get to it past the 3 procedures. THE COURT: No. I'm talking procedure now. 5 Mr. Ohlemeyer, anything else? 6 MR. OHLEMEYER: On procedure, Your 7 8 Honor, as you know those cases which 9 Mr. Westbrook told you about are cases 10 involving states suing tobacco companies. 11 The issues are much broader in this case. And the fact that that case is over doesn't 12 change the fact that the deposition is still 13 sealed. And I think, procedurally, I don't 14 15 think the Court should be as cavalier as plaintiffs' Counsel are suggesting about 16 these pretrial deadlines. 17 18 We spent a lot of time and a lot of 19 effort and a lot of our clients' money, 20 quite frankly, asking the Court and receiving from the Court deadlines so that 21 22 this case could proceed orderly and 23 efficiently and not so that we would be here 24 every day, you know, into jury time arguing about things that could or couldn't have 25 been on exhibit lists. 1 And for those reasons, Your Honor, 3 procedurally, I think the evidence isn't 4 proper in this case and substantively, as 5 I've said under Rule 403, there can be no probative value in this case of Dr. Osdene's 6 7 invocation of the Fifth Amendment due to 8 ongoing criminal proceedings which Your Honor have already ruled are matters not to 9 10 be addressed in the case. 11 MR. WESTBROOK: Your Honor, if I 12 could just say a few brief things. 13 THE COURT: Go ahead.

Folsom's intentions, Judge Folsom approved

MR. WESTBROOK: First as to Judge

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16 this settlement agreement with that 17 provision, thereby he has approved us going 18 to other courts seeking the Osdene and other 19 materials being released. And second, Your Honor, we certainly 20 21 are not being cavalier about deadlines with the Court. Your Honor, in a case of this 22 magnitude, this was a page that simply got 23 overlooked. It was not cavalier. We filed 24 25 a very large designation and we certainly 1 weren't trying to slip one over on anybody, as I think defense counsel certainly 2. 3 recognizes, the Osdene deposition is an 4 important matter and through inadvertence 5 the pages weren't given but there is no surprise. 6 7 THE COURT: Procedurally, 8 Mr. Ohlemeyer is correct. What I have here is a federal district judge with an order 9 sealing a deposition and I have nothing that 10 indicates that he himself has unsealed that, 11 12 so at this point we don't need to discuss 13 the substantive matters raised in the 14 motion. The motion will be tentatively 15 sustained to exclude the testimony, the deposition testimony unless and until I 16 receive an order unsealing this. 17 All right. I think that's all we 18 19 needed to deal with this morning before we 20 brought the jury in. Who will be your first 21 witness for the plaintiff? MR. HOWARD: Ralph Oden, Your 22 23 Honor. THE COURT: All right. 2.4 MR. WAGNER: Judge, if that's their 25 first witness, and I am anticipating, but I 1 believe that this is another cumulative 2 3 witness that's going to testify as to Mrs. Wiley and her trades and matters that have 5 already been testified to at this point by Gary Wiley, Mrs. Addington, and Philip 6 7 Wiley. And unless -- from what I know about 8 Ralph Oden, I don't believe there is going 9 to be anything other than that. And I would 10 object to any cumulative testimony along 11 those lines at this point. 12 THE COURT: Who is he, Counselor? MR. HOWARD: That's Mildred Wiley's 13 brother, Your Honor. 14 THE COURT: All right. What's the 15 16 purpose of his testimony? 17 MR. HOWARD: He's going to talk 18 about Mildred's life before, mostly before 19 she met Philip Wiley until she was a student 20 in school, growing up. THE COURT: And this is probative 21 22 as to what? 23 MR. HOWARD: To fill in what her life was like and that she never smoked and 24 25 was not around smoking.

We also, Your Honor, anticipate asking 2 Mr. Oden some information about what his knowledge was about the risk, health risk 3 associated with smoking prior to 1991. MR. WAGNER: Of course, Your Honor, 5 6 that's irrelevant again as to what a 7 witness' knowledge was. He is not Mildred 8 Wiley or someone who might know what her 9 knowledge was. And I believe Counsel's description of the testimony that he intends 10 11 to elicit from this witness is, indeed, 12 cumulative. 13 THE COURT: Well, a part of it, 14 perhaps, could be. What about the relevancy 15 question on -- you want to prove what he 16 knew about smoking? 17 MR. HOWARD: Your Honor, I think we 18 might as well maybe get at this right now 19 because we ran into the problem last Friday. 20 In their contentions they contend that 21 Mildred Wiley was well-educated, medical professional, stayed current, she believed 22 that exposure was harmful to her health. 23 24 Also they contend that Mildred Wiley was at 25 all times relevant, times aware of alleged health risk associated with ETS. They stood 1 up and told this jury in opening statement, 2 so let's wrap this up that you're going to 3 4 hear in this case the risks associated with 5 smoking have been well known and common knowledge for a long time. 6 7 Throughout their opening statement, they are showing their intent that they're 8 9 going to try this case that Mildred Wiley 10 had common knowledge that everyone else did 11 that secondhand smoke could kill you. That it was harmful, that it had health risks 12 associated with it. That that was common 13 14 knowledge. It's all through their opening 15 statement. It's through their contentions. 16 So it's very relevant as to what people knew, everyone that gets on that witness 17 stand, if it's common knowledge, then that 18 19 person, especially nurses and all of that 20 that kept abreast and Ralph Oden, who is a 21 minister and well educated and who read the 22 periodicals, that we certainly should be 23 able to stand up and ask those people did 24 you take the Reader's Digest, did you stay 25 abreast of health risks and what was your 1721 knowledge in 1991. Because Mildred Wiley 1 2 isn't here. We can't call her to refute 3 that. 4 So the only opportunity we have to 5 6

So the only opportunity we have to refute their contentions to bring it for what they're basically saying is that she had this knowledge and, even though she knew it was going to kill her, she made a choice. And it gets back to their choice. She made a choice, and we should have the right to show that that was not an informed choice,

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that she did not have that common knowledge because no one else had it because the tobacco companies were hiding it and it wasn't common knowledge at the time she was exposed to their dangerous and defective product. So it goes back to the choice matter and common knowledge.

And, Judge, it's several places in their opening statement they have maintained that it's common knowledge and the whole world knows it. So it's not irrelevant. It goes to the very issue that we're talking about because, in order for anyone to make a choice as to whether or not she should work

in another hospital or leave her occupation because there was this smoke around that was going to kill her and she knew she had the knowledge that it was going to kill her. So it is very relevant to -- for this jury to know through witnesses that take that stand as to what their knowledge was to refute this idea that there was common knowledge.

THE COURT: Mr. Ohlemeyer.

MR. OHLEMEYER: The plaintiffs have to prove, Your Honor, that cigarettes are defective and unreasonably dangerous. To prove that they have to show they are more dangerous then contemplated by the ordinary consumer. That is on objective standard. The cases are very clear on that.

We have a witness who may testify as to what was common knowledge in the community. They have a couple of witnesses who purport to have information, expert witnesses, about historically what was common knowledge, what was known and what was unknown. The subjective knowledge of a specific individual is not probative of that issue. And lacks the evidentiary foundation that

Your Honor needs to or should require to have it admitted in this case.

What Mr. Oden may or may not have known isn't the issue. The issue is what was the ordinary consumer's knowledge, which is an objective standard. And then the question perhaps on current risk or some other defense dealings specifically with Mrs. Wiley. And Mr. Howard is right. Unfortunately, Mrs. Wiley isn't here to tell us that. But we have testimony from her husband about what he knew and what they did and their behavior from which the jury can infer things. You can't infer what Mrs. Wiley knew from what Mr. Oden or somebody else knows.

THE COURT: Mr. Cross.

MR. CROSS: Thank you, Your Honor. I appreciate the opportunity to be heard. This issue is going to come up on a number of times today, because of some of the witnesses who are going to be presented. I

23 would just like to point out that there is 24 really two dimensions of -- that this kind 25 of evidence takes, and I think Mr. Ohlemeyer tends to confuse them. 2. As Mr. Howard indicated, they did all through their opening statement, and in 3 their contentions raise the issue that Mrs. 5 Wiley should have known better, that she 6 worked there voluntarily when there was this 7 risk of secondhand smoke that was painfully obvious to everyone by reason of common 9 knowledge. 10 I think this particular excerpt is 11 particularly emphatical on this point. 12 is from Mr. Ohlemeyer's opening statement on page 495 of the Richardson transcript. 13 that is the world that Mrs. Wiley and 14 15 Mr. Wiley grew up in. It's a world where 16 they chose not to smoke, they chose not to associate with smokers, they didn't spend a 17 lot of time with people who smoked. They 18 19 did that by choice. They read and they 20 heard and they believed the things that were 21 written about cigarettes and cigarette 22 smoking. Mrs. Wiley learned about them as a nurse. Her training as a nurse, no doubt, 23 taught her about the health risks associated 24 with smoking. She taught her children about 25 1 the health risks associated with smoking. You'll hear she read magazines and 2 3 newspapers during time periods and even some medical journals during time periods where articles were published about ETS and 5 whether or not it was a risk to health. At 6 7 the time she started working at the VA, Mrs. Wiley was aware of and believed that there 8 9 might be risks to her health as a result of 10 exposure to other people's tobacco smoke." 11 Now, in that context or in those 12 passages, the defendants were telling this jury that Mrs. Wiley should have known 13 14 better. 15 Now, at the same time elsewhere in 16 their opening statement they said, page 543, "You're going to hear in this case the risks 17 18 associated with smoking have been well known and common knowledge for a long time. 19 20 Everybody knew that, not just Mrs. Wiley." 21 So that's the two dimensions. What 22 Mrs. Wiley knew and what everybody knew. And I think it's -- on this record 23 24 Mr. Oden -- Mrs. Wiley isn't here. We can't 25 ask her what she knew. We can't ask her why she stayed in the job at the VA if she knew 1 2 that secondhand smoke was possibly going to

end her life. We can't ask her that. But we can ask her relatives. We can ask

Mr. Oden what he knows about the extent of

And that, I believe, is what Mr. Howard

knowledge that Mrs. Wiley had.

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8 is going to try and elicit from that witness. That is relevant. No one else can 9 say what Mrs. Wiley might have known except 10 11 the people who knew her. Those are lay opinions which we should be able to at least 12 13 explore the basis of the knowledge. THE COURT: That's not precisely 14 what Mr. Howard indicated he was hoping to 15 16 elicit from the witness. MR. CROSS: I can't speak -- my 17 18 understanding of what his testimony was was 19 what he knew that Mrs. Wiley knew through 20 what she had been exposed to those. MR. WAGNER: I distinctly heard 21 22 Mr. Howard say --23 THE COURT: Go ahead, Mr. Wagner. 24 MR. WAGNER: I heard Mr. Howard say 25 he intended to elicit from Mr. Oden what 1 Mr. Oden knew. 2 THE COURT: That's what he said. MR. WAGNER: That's what he said. 3 And it's quite simple, it seems to me, Your 5 Honor, that nothing that Mr. Cross is telling the Court is going to be furthered 6 7 by asking a witness what he knew. 8 Because -- in the first place, Mr. Oden is her brother. As I understand it, he was a 9 minister for many years. He wasn't there in 10 11 the VA Hospital or whatever. And so what he 12 knew or didn't know doesn't go to anything 13 that Mr. Cross is talking about. 14 MR. HOWARD: Your Honor, I did say that I'm going to do that. They're trying 15 to show that Mildred Wiley knew secondhand 16 17 smoke was dangerous and could kill her but how did they know that? Because she's a 18 nurse and she kept up on periodicals. You 19 20 heard them ask the question. She read 21 Reader's Digest and she did this and did 22 that. And from that we're going to get an 23 inference. And then they bring in these exotic articles, wherever they might appear, 24 25 and drawing an inference of that, the fact that she kept abreast of medical issues, 1 we're going to infer from that that she had 2 3 that knowledge that that smoke was going to kill her and she went ahead and decided, 5 made a choice to work there anyway. 6 Certainly it should be probative. And even though it's cumulative, it's cumulative 7 8 if the witnesses get up there and say -- we 9 certainly should be able to ask a witness 10 who has knowledge or has the same level of 11 education, a nurse, her brother who is a minister and has a college degree, and ask 12 13 him do you read periodicals, do you keep 14 abreast of health issues, and did you know 15 before 1991? Certainly we should be 16 entitled to draw that inference from a 17 number of witnesses that come up there. 18 THE COURT: I disagree. What

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19
          Mr. Oden may have known 10 years ago, 20
20
          years ago has no bearing on this matter.
21
               Now, you may be able to get testimony
22
          as to -- well, I'm not going to say that.
          In any case, if there is an objection, if
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24
          you would, to that, I'll sustain the
          objection as to what he may have known.
25
 1
               I will bring the jury in in five
 2
          minutes.
               (A brief recess was taken.)
 3
                   MR. CASSELL: All rise.
 5
                   THE COURT: Be seated. Good
 6
          morning, ladies and gentlemen.
 7
                   ALL: Good morning.
 8
                   THE COURT: Jury appears in its
9
          entirety, together with all the three
10
          alternates. We are ready for the next
11
          witness for the plaintiff, Mr. Howard.
12
                   MR. HOWARD: Thank you, Your Honor.
13
               Good morning, ladies and gentlemen.
14
          Plaintiffs would call Ralph Oden.
15
                   THE COURT: All right. Raise your
16
          right hand, sir.
17
         PLAINTIFFS' WITNESS, RALPH ODEN, SWORN
18
                   THE COURT: Would you have a seat
          right over there. Tell the jury your name.
19
                   THE WITNESS: My name is Ralph
20
21
          Oden.
22
                   THE COURT: Spell your last name.
23
                   THE WITNESS: O-D-E-N.
24
                   THE COURT: Thank you.
25 DIRECT EXAMINATION
                                               1730
1 BY MR. HOWARD:
     Q Mr. Oden, where do you live?
 2
 3
          [DELETED].
      Α
      Q And how long have you lived there?
 4
      A Nearly four years.
 5
 6
      Q And what is your occupation?
 7
      A I'm semi-retired from ministry.
 8
      Q And what church are you associated or
          affiliated with?
9
10
     A The Brookhaven Wesleyan Church of Marion,
11
          Indiana.
12
     Q I'm going to take you back and ask you what
13
         year you were born, Mr. Oden.
14
     A 1932.
15
     Q And your parents' name?
      A Charles and Ethel Oden.
16
17
     Q And where were you born?
18
     A Hong Kong, China.
19
     Q And did I ask you the year, 19- --
20
     A 1932.
21
      Q How long did you live in Hong Kong?
22
      A Approximately five years -- three years.
      Q And do you have any brothers and sisters?
23
      A My sister -- my brother is in the
24
25
          Philippines.
                                               1731
      Q And how old is your brother?
 1
      A She's five years younger than I.
 3
      Q And then you have a sister?
```

Yes, she's deceased. Mildred. 4 Α Q Mildred? 5 6 A Mildred Wiley. 7 Q When you came back to Hong Kong, how old were you at that time, Mr. Oden, when you 9 left Hong Kong? A I was not quite three. 10 Q And where did you move to then? 11 12 A Mother and dad moved shortly to Ohio -- to 13 Indiana about in 1935, I think, or '36. 14 Q And then did the whole family live here in Indiana, come back to Indiana? 15 A Yes, for a short time. 16 Q And that included Mildred? 17 18 Α Uh-hum. Q And then where did the family move? 19 A We moved to Ohio. My dad took a pastorate 20 in Ohio. 2.1 22 Q Was your mother a minister also? 23 A Yes. Yes. Q And how long did you stay -- did the family 24 25 stay in Ohio? 1732 1 A One year. 2 Q And then where did the family, your family 3 4 A We moved to Kentucky. Q And --5 A Dad pastored there. 6 Q How long did you stay in Kentucky? 7 8 A 17 years. I wasn't there the whole time. 9 Q When did you leave Kentucky? 10 A I was 14 when I left. Q Where did you go? 11 A I went to Frankfort, Indiana. 12 Q Where did you go to Frankfort, Indiana? 13 A We had a college there and a high school, 14 15 and I took my high school and college. 16 Q What was the name of it? 17 A Frankfort Pilgrim College. 18 Q Is it still there? A No. It's gone long time ago. 19 Q Did Mildred later follow you there to 20 21 Pilgrim High School? 22 A Yes. 23 Q And you would have been two years ahead of her in school? 24 25 A Yes. During that period of time did you see 1 2 Mildred on a regular basis? 3 Oh, yes. А 4 And how long did you stay there at Pilgrim 5 High School -- did you go to college there 6 also? 7 A Uh-hum. 8 Q So how long did you stay there in Frankfort 9 going to college? 10 A I graduated in 1956. 11 Q And was Mildred still there when you left? A No. She left in '55. 12 13 Q And do you know what she did after -- did 14 she graduate from Pilgrim High School?

Yes. And she took her nurse's training at 15 16 Lafayette. Q Did you become acquainted with Philip Wiley 17 18 about that time? A Yes. Well, I knew him for several years. 19 20 Q Were you in school with Philip Wiley? A Yes. 21 Q And after they married and left there for 22 the remaining years, how often would you see 23 24 Mildred? A Probably three or four times a year, the 25 family, the various families. 1 2 And after you left college there, you never 3 lived in the same town that Mildred lived 4 in; is that correct? 5 A That's correct. Q Did you ever know Mildred to smoke a 6 7 cigarette? A No. 8 9 Q Reverend Oden, did you ever smoke a 10 cigarette? A Couple, three times. 11 Q And how old were you then? 12 A Probably ten. Ten or 11 years of age or 13 14 less. I'm not sure. Maybe nine or ten, I suppose. My sister caught me smoking and 15 went in and told my mom, and my mom got me 16 17 down and prayed and promise I would never do 18 it again and I haven't. 19 Q Never smoked since then? 20 A No, sir. 21 Q Did you ever have conversations with Mildred about what she thought about the health 22 effects of smoke? 23 MR. WAGNER: Your Honor, object. 24 25 This would all be hearsay. 1 THE COURT: He can answer that yes 2 or no. Q Did you have any conversations with her 4 about what she knew or what knowledge she had about the health risk associated with 5 6 smoking? 7 A No. Q Reverend Oden, in your ministry through the 8 9 years, did you have occasion to go into 10 hospitals? 11 A Yes, I did. 12 Q And did you have an opportunity to observe in those hospitals -- let me strike that. 13 14 What reason would you go into the 15 hospital? 16 MR. WAGNER: Well, Your Honor, I'll 17 object to this. This is all irrelevant as 18 to what reasons this witness would go into 19 other hospitals. THE COURT: Sustained. 20 Q When you would go into other hospitals, 21 22 Reverend Oden, would you notice if people 23 were smoking in those hospitals? 24 MR. WAGNER: Same objection, Your 25 Honor, it's irrelevant and immaterial to any

```
issues in this case. It's not related to
 1
           any of the facts or issues in this case.
 2
 3
                   THE COURT: Objection is sustained.
         Reverend Oden, have you ever read newspapers
 5
          on a regular basis?
 6
          Yes.
 7
       Q Do you take any periodicals or any
 8
          magazines?
 9
         Yes.
      Α
10
       Q Can you tell the jury some magazines that
11
          you take and read?
                   MR. WAGNER: Your Honor, I may be
12
13
           anticipating here, but again, this is
14
           irrelevant to any of the issues in this case
15
          as to what this witness may have read, what
16
          articles he may have read, what periodicals
17
          he subscribed to, what newspapers he may
18
          have received. It's all irrelevant to any
19
          of the issues in this case.
20
                    THE COURT: Sounds like it is,
21
           Counselor, unless this somehow relates to
22
          Mrs. Wiley.
23
     Q Reverend Oden, did you ever have any
24
          discussions with Mildred Wiley about the
25
          health risks associated with environmental
           tobacco smoke?
 1
 2
                   MR. WAGNER: Judge, I'm going to
           object. This is the same question that
 3
 4
           Counselor asked just a minute ago.
 5
                   THE COURT: I think he asked that
           question and he answered no.
 7
                    MR. HOWARD: I'll take that, Judge,
 8
           thank you.
         Did you ever go to the VA Hospital and visit
 9
10
          Mildred?
11
          I stopped one time or two to see her.
      Α
       Q Reverend Oden, from what you observed about
12
13
          your sister, Mildred Wiley, do you know if
14
           she had any knowledge of health risks
15
           associated with secondhand smoke?
                   MR. WAGNER: No foundation,
16
           speculation, Your Honor.
17
                    THE COURT: Sustained.
18
19
     Q Reverend Oden, have you observed throughout
20
          your -- as far as you know, that Mildred
21
          never smoked; is that correct?
22
     A That's correct.
23
          And you knew that she worked at the VA
24
           Hospital?
25
          Yes.
      Α
 1
           And did you know if there was smoking in
 2
           that hospital?
 3
         Yes.
      Α
 4
                    MR. WAGNER: Your Honor, objection,
 5
           no foundation.
 6
                    THE COURT: The last question was
 7
           does he know whether or not there was
 8
           smoking in the hospital?
 9
                   MR. HOWARD: Yes.
10
                    THE COURT: He can answer that.
```

```
11
          Yes.
     Q From what you observed of your sister
12
13
         working in a smoking condition, did you
14
         observe that she did not have the knowledge
         that secondhand smoke -- of the health risks
15
16
          associated with her working there?
                   MR. WAGNER: Well, Your Honor --
17
                   MR. HOWARD: Yes or no.
18
                   MR. WAGNER: -- it's speculation.
19
20
          There is no foundation.
21
                   THE COURT: Rephrase that.
     Q From what you observed of your sister
22
          working in a hospital where there was
2.3
24
          smoking, do you know whether or not she had
25
          knowledge about the health risks associated
          with secondhand smoke?
 1
 2
                   MR. WAGNER: Well, Judge, there is
 3
          no foundation laid this witness could read
          the mind of his sister based upon those kind
          of foundational facts. It's all
 5
 6
          speculation.
 7
                   THE COURT: Sustained.
 8
                   MR. HOWARD: No further questions.
 9
                   THE COURT: Mr. Wagner.
10
                   MR. WAGNER: Defense has no
11
          questions, Your Honor.
                   THE COURT: Thank you, sir. Call
12
          your next, Mr. Howard.
13
14
                  MR. WAGNER: Who is the next
15
          witness?
16
                   MR. HOWARD: Betty Jeffrey.
17
                   MR. WAGNER: Max, to save time, can
          I take a look at your --
18
                   MR. HOWARD: No problem.
19
                   THE COURT: Good morning, ma'am.
20
                   THE WITNESS: Good morning.
21
22
                   THE COURT: Would you raise your
23
         right hand.
24
25
       PLAINTIFFS' WITNESS, ROBERTA JEFFREY, SWORN
 1
                   THE COURT: Have a seat right over
 2
 3
          there, please. Would you tell us your name.
 4
                  THE WITNESS: My name is Roberta
 5
          Jeffrey. I've always been called Betty.
                   THE COURT: All right. Would you
 7
          spell your last name for us.
 8
                   THE WITNESS: J-E-F-F-R-E-Y.
                   THE COURT: Thank you.
 9
10 DIRECT EXAMINATION
11 BY MR. HOWARD:
12 Q Are you doing okay?
13
     A Uh-hum.
14
     Q Ms. Jeffrey, where do you live?
     A Pardon me?
15
      Q Where do you live?
16
17
     A I live [DELETED]
18
   Q How long have you lived there?
19
20
     A 72 years.
21
     Q Are you employed?
```

No. I'm retired. 22 Q Where did you retire from? 2.3 A The VA Hospital in Marion. 24 25 Q How long did you work at the VA Hospital in 1 Marion? A I began August 19th of '73, and retired 2 November 26th, '97. Q I want to find out a little bit about what 4 5 you did there at the VA and what kind of 6 employment. Can you tell the jury, let's 7 just start with your first job, your first assignment, the type of job it was and what 8 building you went to work in, if you 9 10 remember. A I trained on 138-2, which was a nursing home 11 care unit, and I was there for eight or nine 12 13 months, and then they assigned me to 138-4. Q What kind of a job did you have, 14 15 Ms. Jeffrey? A I was a ward secretary. 16 Q And is that known -- do you have any 17 18 other --A When I started it was called a ward clerk. 19 They now call them medical clerks. 20 21 Q So ward clerk, ward secretary, medical clerk, all the same? 22 A Right. 23 Q Basically is that the job, same type of job 24 25 you had throughout the time that you were at the VA? 1 A Yes. Q Did you ever work in Building 16? 3 A Yes. 4 5 Q Can you tell the jury when that would have 6 been that you worked in Building 16? A I was assigned there, I forget the exact 7 date the first time, and I was there for two 8 9 years. And then I went back after being 10 assigned to other buildings and was there for 16 continuous years. That's where I 11 12 retired from. 13 Q And that would have been from '81-'97? 14 Α '81 to '97. 15 Q Did you work on 16A or 16B? A Both. I was assigned to both wards. 16 Q Now, let's explain a little bit to the jury 17 18 Building 16 is how many stories? A It's three stories. 19 Q Did they have patients on all three floors? 20 A They did when I first started there. 21 Q And then did there come a time when they 22 23 didn't have on all three? 24 A No. Now there is just patients on two 25 floors. Q Two floors, and which floors would that be? 1 A 2 16A and 16B. 3 Q When you went to 16, I think you said your 4 second time around in Building 16 was in --5 started again in 1981, did they just have the two floors there at the time?

```
7
          Yes.
      Q Mrs. Jeffrey, I'm going to show you what has
 8
9
         been marked as Plaintiffs' Exhibit 19-2A and
10
         ask you if you can identify what that shows
11
          or what that is.
12
     A This area here --
     Q Wait a minute. Just tell us in general what
13
14
          this is, what this drawing is.
15
     A These are patient rooms down here. Is that
16
         what you mean?
     Q Is this a floor plan of 16A?
17
18
     A Yes.
      Q And you've seen that before?
19
     A Not this exact one, but I've seen several
20
21
          similar.
22
     Q Okay.
23
                   MR. WAGNER: Can we approach for a
          second, Your Honor?
2.4
25
                   THE COURT: All right.
                                              1744
 1
               (Bench discussion.)
                   THE COURT: Are you going to offer
 2
 3
          that, Counselor?
 4
                   MR. HOWARD: Yes.
 5
                   THE COURT: Any objection to that?
                   MR. WAGNER: Could I just ask a
          couple of preliminary questions, Your Honor?
 7
                   THE COURT: Go ahead, Mr. Wagner.
8
   PRELIMINARY QUESTIONS BY MR. WAGNER:
9
10
    Q Ms. Jeffrey, you didn't create this drawing,
11
          I take it?
     A No.
12
13
     Q Do you know who did?
     A Probably architects. I don't know.
14
     Q You don't know who created the drawing.
15
          Have you compared the drawing -- you
16
17
          mentioned you had seen other drawings of the
18
          building.
19
     A I don't understand.
20
     Q I thought I heard you say -- and perhaps I'm
          wrong -- that you had seen other drawings
          like this one.
2.2
     A No. I've seen similar drawings where,
23
24
          before they remodeled the building.
     Q Would it be fair to say, Ms. Jeffrey, that
25
                                              1745
1
          you don't really know what's on this exhibit
          as being 100 percent accurate as to what it
 3
          is supposed to depict?
 4
      A I would say it's very accurate.
 5
      Q Have you looked it over before you took the
 6
          witness stand?
 7
      A Yes.
 8
     Q So you have looked it over and it looks
 9
         accurate to you?
10
     A Pardon me?
      Q So you have looked it over and it looks
11
12
          accurate to you; is that right?
13
     A Yes.
14
                   MR. WAGNER: I don't have any
15
          further objection.
16
                   THE COURT: Any objection to the
17
          offer, Mr. Wagner?
```

18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25		MR. WAGNER: I have no further objections, Your Honor. THE COURT: Mr. Ohlemeyer? MR. OHLEMEYER: No, Your Honor. THE COURT: Plaintiffs 19-2A will be admitted. (Plaintiffs' Exhibit(s) 19-2A received in evidence.)
1	DV MD	1746 HOWARD:
2 3 4 5 6 7	Q	Mrs. Jeffrey, you also testified that you worked on the 16th floor, 16B. I mean 16B, the next floor up. Before I show you this, to eliminate any confusion, is what I have here did I show you this drawing and you just never seen it in this form before; is
8		that the problem?
9	A	That's the old one.
10 11	Q	Okay. This is a copy of what we had blown up and put on to this.
12	А	Okay.
13	Q	I'm going to show you what's been marked as
14 15		Plaintiffs' Exhibit 19-2B and ask you if you recall looking at this floor plan or if you
16	_	can identify this.
17	A	Yes.
18 19	Q A	And what is this? This is the floor plan of 16B.
20	0	Thank you. We would offer into evidence
21	~	Plaintiffs' Exhibit 19-2B.
22		MR. WAGNER: Another preliminary
23		question, if I may, Your Honor.
24		THE COURT: Go ahead.
25	PRELIM	INARY QUESTIONS BY MR. WAGNER: 1747
1	Q	What year is depicted on these drawings; do
2		you know? That is to say, the building
3		changed from time to time, I guess; is that
4		right? Building 16, they did renovations
5 6	А	and construction from time to time? I couldn't tell you what year. All the
7	A	buildings have been remodeled several times.
8	Q	Would it be true of both of these drawings,
9		you don't know what year they would depict
10		as to the configuration of the building; is
11	_	that right?
12 13	A	It's the present time. Is that what you mean?
$\frac{13}{14}$	Q	It's present as we sit here today?
15	Q A	Yes.
16		MR. WAGNER: Well, Your Honor, I'm
17		not so sure it has any relevancy to the
18		issues in this case.
19		THE COURT: I'm not sure I
20		understood her testimony. Is that what the
21 22		Building B, what the building is today or
23		what it was five years ago? Why don't you ask her.
24		MR. HOWARD: Okay, Your Honor,
25		we're only concerned about the day room and 1748
1 2		the nurse's station in general in A. And in 16B we're concerned about the nurse's

```
station, the day room and nothing in
 3
 4
          particular about remodeling on the building.
          So if I could --
 5
 6 BY MR. HOWARD:
     Q Mrs. Jeffrey, this is 19A, and this area
 7
          here which, according to this, shows the day
 8
          room, is that where the day room was all the
9
10
          time that you worked there in that building?
      A That is correct.
11
12
     Q And here is the nurse's station, 104. Is
13
         that where the nurse's station was all the
          time that you were there in the building?
     A That is correct.
15
      Q And that's never changed?
16
17
      Α
         No.
18
     Q And if there was any remodeling that
        Mr. Wagner asked about, that had nothing to
19
         do with that area?
2.0
21
     A No.
22
     Q Now we'll go to 16B. Does this show the day
          room on 16B, 216?
23
     A That's right.
24
25
     Q Does that show the nurse's station?
                                              1749
 1
     A Right.
      Q And does it show the break room on 16B?
 3
      A That was this area here.
 4
      Q Is that the same as it was when you worked
 5
          there?
          Yes.
 6
      Α
 7
      Q And it's still that's what is shown here?
     A Yes.
 8
9
     Q Even though this drawing may say 1994 on it
          or 1997, it's had some changes. But that
10
         has not changed?
11
     A No.
12
     Q And that was the way it was all the time you
13
14
          worked there?
15
     A Right.
16
                   THE COURT: Any objection to B,
17
          Counsel?
                   MR. WAGNER: No objection, Your
18
19
          Honor.
                   MR. OHLEMEYER: No objection.
20
21
                   THE COURT: Plaintiffs' Exhibit
22
          19-2B will be admitted. Go ahead,
23
          Counselor.
24
               (Plaintiffs' Exhibit(s) 19-2B received
25
         in evidence.)
                                              1750
 1 BY MR. HOWARD:
 2
      Q Mrs. Jeffrey, while we're at it, could I ask
 3
         you to step down here a minute.
 4
         Sure.
 5
      Q I'm going to show you Plaintiffs' Exhibits
          19-2A, and I'm going to give you a red
 6
 7
          marker, and if you could for the jury just
 8
          mark in red just kind of outline where the
 9
          day room was.
10
     A (Witness complies with request.)
11
     Q Let me have you use red also, and if you
12
          would just kind of outline the -- where the
13
          nurse's station was.
```

A (Witness complies with request.) 14 Q Now, there appears to be, in looking at 15 19-2A, that there is a wall or something 16 17 here between the day room and the nurse's 18 station. 19 A It was a counter. Q A counter? A Yes. It was open up above. 20 21 22 Q No wall. Okay. 23 When you worked on 16A, exactly -- did 24 you na... 25 A Yes, I did. you have a desk there? 1751 Q And would you for the jury mark an X on 1 2 where your desk was. 3 A (Witness complies with request.) 4 Q And let's -- on where you've made the 5 counter was, can you go ahead and just make a squiggly line on that so that we'll know 7 that that's a counter. A (Witness complies with request.) 8 Q You can have a seat. I'll probably get you 9 10 back up here. A Okay. 11 Q When you went back to Building 16A to work, 12 13 I believe, in 1981, do you know who the staff nurse was on Building 16A in 1981? 14 A Who were the staff nurses? 15 Q Who was the staff nurse on 16A? Did you 16 17 know who the staff nurses were? A Mildred Wiley, Monica Polson. Do you want 18 the day shift and the PM shift? 19 Q Did Mildred Wiley work on the day shift? 20 A Primarily. 21 Q All right. And that's the same shift you 22 23 worked -- or what shift did you work? A I worked from 7:45 to 4:30. 24 Q And where would the staff nurses be located? 25 1 Did they have a desk? A Yes, they did. Q And did they all have the same desk; they 3 just used it for different shifts? 4 A No. Their desk was up under the counter 5 6 right in front of mine. 7 Q I'll just bring the drawing to you this time, okay. I'll ask you, if you could, for 8 9 the jury to put an X on where that, the desk would be for the staff nurse. 10 A (Witness complies with request.) 11 Q When you said that Mildred Wiley worked 12 primarily days, do you know what other shift 13 she worked or did she do that on a regular 14 15 basis, work another shift? 16 A She worked other shifts sometimes which 17 would be from 3:00 to 11:00. Pardon me. It was from 4:00 to 12:00. And the night shift 18 was from midnight to 8:00 in the morning. 19 Q Is that something all the staff nurses did, 20 21 was to rotate? A Yes. 22 Q Or what would it -- what would be the 23 24 occasion that she wouldn't be there working

25 days? Why would she not be there days 1 working? A They needed the staff on another shift. Q So she would basically fill in on another 3 4 5 Yes. Α 6 But the day shift was her regular shift? O 7 Α MR. WAGNER: Well --8 Q Now, as a ward clerk working there in 16A, 9 did you have occasion to go up to 16B also? 10 Yes, I was assigned to both floors. 11 Α Q While we're marking the exhibits here, let 12 13 me -- maybe you could step down and we'll 14 mark this one up. 15 I want to ask you to mark for the jury 16 three areas. First of all, 16B, would you 17 mark the day room and just kind of outline 18 it, the three sides of it. 19 A (Witness complies with request.) 20 And could you, using the -- that red, could you also mark the location of the nurse's 21 22 station. 23 A (Witness complies with request.) 24 Q And could you also mark with that red pen where the day room -- where the break room 25 1 is located. 2 A That's -- three sides of it? (Witness 3 complies with request.) 4 Q Now, once again, up in the 16B, the line 5 that appears here between the nurse's station and day room, was that a wall or a 6 7 counter? A No. That's a counter. 8 All right. Could you take the green and 9 just make a little squiggly there so that we 10 know that that's a counter. 11 12 A (Witness complies with request.) This is a 13 counter. 14 Q Thank you. When you started at the VA, you 15 started in what building, again, if you 16 recall? What building did you start when you started with the VA? 17 18 A I trained on 138-2. 19 Q Was there smoking in that building? 20 21 Q Did the patients smoke in that building? 22 Α 23 Q The staff smoke in that building? A 24 Yes. 25 Q You've told the jury you've worked in a 1 number of other buildings at the VA. 2 Yes. Α In all of those buildings were there any 3 exceptions? Was there a building where the 4 5 patients and the staff did not smoke? 6 No. Α 7 MR. WAGNER: Your Honor -- never 8 mind. 9 THE COURT: What was your answer,

10		ma'am?
11		THE WITNESS: No.
12	Q	When you worked in 16A, did you observe
13	~	patients smoking? Did you see patients
14		smoking in 16A?
15	А	Yes.
16	Q	Did you see staff smoking?
17	A	Yes.
18	Q	Tell the jury a little bit about what you
19		observed. Let's start with the day room and
20		see what you observed about the smoke in the
21		day room.
22	A	It was very thick and concentrated. The
23		patients down there weren't able to smoke
24		themselves, so the staff would put the
25		cigarette in their mouth and light the 1756
1		cigarette and take it out periodically, and
2		that's how they smoked.
3	Q	Were these patients that could not leave the
4		building?
5	A	Right. They didn't have privileges.
6	Q	Now, could some of them smoke themselves, I
7		mean, actually hand the cigarette?
8	A	Very few on 16A.
9	Q	And would they congregate, would they be
10		located in the day room during the day?
11	A	Yes.
12	Q	How many on a typical day, how many would
13		be let's get a point in time when you
14		first went there, 1981 when you went back
15		there. Can you tell the jury about how many
16		people you would see at a time let's talk
17		about patients first smoking in that day
18	73	room.
19	A	They took the majority of the patients to
20 21		the day room. If they were seriously ill they left them in bed, but I would say if
22		the capacity is 18 on that ward, and there
23		would be probably 16 of them in the day
24		room.
25	Q	And some of them were able to smoke for
	×	1757
1		themselves and some of them had to be helped
2		to smoke?
3		MR. WAGNER: Objection, Your Honor,
4		leading.
5		THE COURT: The last was leading.
6	Q	All right. Sorry. Some of them could smoke
7		for themselves?
8	A	Yes, a few.
9	Q	Did you see any staff people smoking in the
10	_	day room area?
11	A	Yes.
12	Q	Who would you see smoking in the day room
13		area? What would the staff be what would
14 15	71	that consist of? Pardon me?
15 16	A	Who did you see, what staff titles or jobs,
16 17	Q	who would be smoking?
18	А	The nursing assistants and the RNs.
19	Q	Some of the RNs also smoked?
20	A	Some of them, yes.
		The state of the s

```
What about the nurse's station; was smoking
21
22
          when you got to Building 16A in 1991, was
          smoking allowed in the nurse's station?
2.3
24
      A Yes, it was. They would come in to do their
          charting on the charts, and light up their
25
          cigarettes and a lot of times would leave
 1
          the area with their cigarettes smoldering in
 3
          the ashtray to go do something else and come
 4
          back.
     Q Mrs. Jeffrey, are you familiar with a
 5
          discolorment that is sometimes left on
 6
 7
          surfaces by tobacco smoke?
 8
      A Pardon me?
      Q Are you familiar -- are you having a problem
9
10
          hearing?
11
     A Yes, I do have a problem with my hearing.
     Q All right. Mrs. Jeffrey, are you familiar
12
13
          with a discoloration --
14
     A Oh, yes.
          -- that is left by tobacco smoke?
15
      Q
16
      Α
          Anytime --
17
      Q Okay.
18
     A -- you would take a damp cloth and rub over
19
          the file cabinets, the desks, the chart
20
          rack, you had a yellowish brown stain.
     Q Can you describe for the jury what kind of
21
          charts you used, what the charts were made
22
          of?
23
24
     A
          They used plastic charts, and I would clean
25
          them periodically, and the best way I can
 1
          clean them was to clean some charts there
          and put the material in the clean charts and
          then I would empty up and take the dirty
 3
          ones home and clean them. I have taken
 4
 5
          hundreds of charts home to clean.
      Q During this period of time were you a
 6
          smoker?
 7
 8
      Α
         No.
 9
      Q Have you ever been a smoker?
      A No.
10
      Q Did that smoke affect you there at the --
11
      A Yes.
12
13
                   MR. WAGNER: Excuse me, just a
14
          minute, Your Honor. Objection. Not
15
          relevant.
16
               Can I put this down for now?
17
                   THE COURT: Please.
                   MR. WAGNER: Objection, Your Honor,
18
19
          as to relevancy.
20
                   THE COURT: The last question, that
21
          objection is overruled. You may answer.
22
               The question was did the smoke affect
23
24
      A My eyes would water, and I would cough.
      Q Mildred Wiley was working at a desk right in
25
                                               1760
 1
          front of you?
 2
      A Yes.
 3
      Q And would you see her at other locations in
 4
          the hospital?
 5
         Oh, yes. She was -- she was an hands-on
```

6 worker. She was everywhere. 7 Q Did she spend much time at this desk? 8 A No. Just when she had to, to get her 9 paperwork. Q Would you see her over in the day room? 10 A Yes. 11 Q Did you ever have occasion to see her on 12 13 16B? 14 Α Yes. 15 Q Can you tell the jury about what you observed when you saw her on 16B. First of 16 17 all, why would you go to 16B when Mildred Wiley was up there? 18 19 To take off doctors' orders, to transcribe, 20 make appointments. 21 Q Did you ever go to the break room on 16B? A Yes. 22 Q Can you tell the jury what you observed 2.3 24 about the smoke conditions in the break room 25 at 16B. A They had a break area that they had their 1 morning meetings in, and on occasion I would 3 need to take telephone messages to Mrs. Wiley. And when I would open the door 4 to go in there, it was just blue with smoke. 6 And did you have an opportunity to observe Mildred Wiley in the day room on 16B? 7 8 Q And what were the smoke conditions like 9 10 there on 16B? 11 A The same. We had some patients that weren't 12 able to hold their cigarettes, and she would what they call smoke them. 13 Q And did you ever see her in the nurse's 14 station on 16B? 15 16 A Yes. I think you just told the jury that Mildred 17 Wiley would smoke the patients. Why would 18 19 you remember that? A Well, I made the remark one time that that was probably the only time -- we always 2.1 called her Millie, the only time that Millie 22 23 ever held a cigarette in her hand was when 24 she was smoking the patients. 25 Q Now, we say "smoke the patient," she wouldn't put the cigarette in her mouth, 2 would she? She would just put it in their 3 mouth? 4 5 Q By the way, did you ever know a man there at 6 the VA by the name of John Chrisman? 7 Yes, sir. Q Do you know who he was? 9 A He was the director of the hospital. Q Do you know when he was the director? 10 A Not right off. 11 12 Q If I told you he was the director --13 MR. WAGNER: Objection, Your Honor, 14 it's going to be leading and suggestive. I 15 can tell. 16 THE COURT: Sustained.

17		MR. HOWARD: I'm not going to say
18		it then, Judge.
	_	_
19	Q	Getting back to Mr. Chrisman, your desk
20		is continued to be right here until 1997
21		when you retired?
22	A	Right.
23	Q	Do you recall at any time during the years
24	~	that you worked there whether that would be
25		the early '80s, late '80s or what that you
23		
		1763
1		ever seen Mr. Chrisman in that building?
2	A	No.
3	Q	Did there come a time that you can recall,
4		Betty, that I'm sorry. I've talked with
5		you an awful lot. It's Mrs. Jeffrey, I'm
6		sorry that they restricted the smoking
7		there on 16A?
	70	
8	A	The building became smoke free on November
9		the 1st of '92.
10	Q	Is that the first you recall about any
11		restrictions, Betty? Mrs. Jeffrey?
12	A	I think they had brought it to our attention
13		that smoke was hazardous before that.
14	Q	Betty, did you know what did you think
15	Q	
		about the smoke that was around you as you
16		worked there in 16A?
17		MR. WAGNER: Objection, Your Honor,
18		as to what the mental processes of this
19		witness were.
20		THE COURT: Why don't you make your
21		question more specific, Counselor.
22		MR. HOWARD: All right.
23	0	Did you like the smoke there that was around
	Q	-
24		you?
25	A	No.
		1764
1	Q	Did you have conversations with Mildred
2		Wiley about the smoke that was there in 16A
3		and 16B?
4		MR. WAGNER: Objection, Your Honor,
5		it's going to be hearsay.
6		THE COURT: She can answer that yes
7		or no.
8	Q	Did you ever talk with Mildred Wiley,
9		Mrs. Jeffrey, about the smoke that was
10		there?
11		MR. WAGNER: Yes or no.
12	А	Yes.
13	Q	I think you've told us you didn't like it,
14	×	
	_	did you?
15	A	Right.
16	Q	Did you ever file a complaint with the
17	A	No.
18	Q	Why didn't you file a complaint,
19		Mrs. Jeffrey?
20		MR. WAGNER: I'm sorry, Mr. Howard.
21		Objection, Your Honor, as to what her mental
22		
		processes were, motivations were. She can
23		testify to facts or what she did or didn't
24		do but she can't testify to her mental
25		process.
		1765
1		And one more objection, Your Honor, her
_		

```
2
          motivation is not an issue in this case, so
           it's irrelevant.
 3
 4
                   MR. HOWARD: Can I have one more
           response, Judge?
                   THE COURT: Sure.
                   MR. HOWARD: They have talked with
 7
 8
           this jury about Mildred Wiley didn't file a
9
           formal complaint.
10
                   MR. WAGNER: I object to these
11
           speaking objections and arguments before the
12
           jury of this type.
13
                   MR. HOWARD: We don't have
14
          record --
15
                   THE COURT: The objection is
16
           overruled. You can answer the last
17
          question. He asked you why you didn't file
18
          a complaint.
19
     A We didn't think there was anything we could
20
          do about it. We accepted that as part of
21
          our environment.
22
     Q Did you have any knowledge or information at
23
          that time as to the health risks associated
2.4
          with secondhand smoke?
25
                   MR. WAGNER: Your Honor, objection,
                                               1766
 1
          as to --
 2
     A No.
                   THE COURT: I'll sustain that
 3
 4
           objection.
 5
                   MR. WAGNER: Move the answer go
 6
          011t.
 7
                   THE COURT: Her answer will go out.
          The jury will disregard the response.
               Ma'am, if there is an objection by one
9
          of the attorneys, I do not want you to
10
          answer until I tell you. Okay. Thanks.
11
                   MR. MOTLEY: Your Honor, may we
12
           approach for a moment?
13
14
                   THE COURT: Sure.
15
                (Bench discussion.)
16
                    THE COURT: Continue, Counselor.
17 BY MR. HOWARD:
    Q Mrs. Jeffrey, did Mildred Wiley ever make
18
19
          any statements to you or express any concern
20
          that she -- about her employment at the VA
21
          due to the possible health risks associated
22
          with secondhand smoke?
23
                   MR. WAGNER: Your Honor, again I
24
          object again --
25
                   THE COURT: You do not have to
1
          answer that, ma'am. That objection is
          sustained.
 2
 3
     Q Mrs. Jeffrey, before 1991, did you ever
          receive any bulletins or any information
 5
          from the VA Hospital concerning possible
          health risks associated with environmental
 6
 7
          tobacco smoke?
 8
                   MR. WAGNER: Your Honor, objection.
          That would call for hearsay as to what was
 9
10
         in a document.
11
                   THE COURT: Overruled. You may
12
         answer that, ma'am.
```

13	А	No.
14	Q	Mrs. Jeffrey, before 1991, did you ever
15	×	receive any type of warning from the VA
16		Hospital concerning possible health risks
17		associated with environmental tobacco smoke?
18		MR. WAGNER: Objection, Your Honor,
19		
		as to what this witness may or may not have
20		received, and it calls for this witness to
21		testify about hearsay.
22		THE COURT: Overruled. You may
23	73	answer that, ma'am.
24	A	No.
25	Q	Before 1991, did you ever receive any 1768
1		_ · · · ·
2		publications from tobacco companies
		concerning possible health risks associated
3		with environmental tobacco smoke or what is
4		referred to as secondhand smoke?
5		MR. WAGNER: Same objection, Your
6		Honor, as to the previous question, plus
7		there is no foundation laid that she was in
8		a position to receive anything from any
9		tobacco companies.
10		THE COURT: Is your question during
11		her employ or at her employment? I don't
12		understand your question. Make it more
13		specific.
14	0	MR. HOWARD: All right.
15	Q	Prior to before 1991, did you receive any
16 17		information in any form from the tobacco
		industry about the health hazards associated with secondhand smoke?
18		
19		MR. WAGNER: Now, Your Honor, again we object for the reasons previously stated.
20 21		
22		It's irrelevant as to what this witness may have received.
23		
23 24		Secondly, she would be testifying to
25		hearsay. Thirdly, there is no time frame
43		1769
1		specified here except some broad time frame.
2		We're also objecting on the basis of
3		preemption, Your Honor, as previously
4		briefed in this case.
5		And fourthly, there is no foundation
6		laid that this witness would be in a
7		position to have received anything of that
8		nature.
9		MR. HOWARD: Judge, I forgot the
10		other three, but I know one, and it's not
11		hearsay. That is not an answer calling for
12		hearsay. That is not an answer carring for hearsay.
13	Q	You are a resident of the United States,
14	Q	aren't you?
15	A	Yes.
15 16	A Q	res. And lived in [DELETED]?
17	Q	THE COURT: I'm going to overrule
18		the objection. Now repeat your question.
19	Q	Before 1991, did you ever receive any
20	Q	information in any form from the tobacco
21		companies as to the health hazards
22		associated with secondhand smoke?
23		MR. WAGNER: Same objection.
20		The midials bank objection.

```
2.4
          No.
25
      Q Now, Mrs. Jeffrey, there came a time that
 1
          Mildred Wiley wasn't at work anymore. Do
          you recall that, when she got sick?
 2.
 3
          It was May of '91, I believe.
         Did you ever go to the hospital and see her?
 4
 5
          Yes, I did.
      Α
 6
      Q How often did you go, Mrs. Jeffrey?
 7
      A I went every day when I was on vacation.
 8
      Q How long was your vacation?
 9
      Q Do you know what point in time that would
10
          have been?
11
12
      Α
          Pardon?
     Q Do you know when that would have been, what,
13
         early May or late May, June?
14
15
     A It was either May or June of '91.
     Q Did you spend time there in the hospital
16
17
          with Mildred? How much time would you spend
          there with her normally?
18
     A
19
          Ten, 15 minutes.
      Q Did you observe her condition when you were
20
21
          there?
22
      A Yes.
23
      Q Can you tell the jury a little bit about
          what you observed about Mildred.
24
                   MR. WAGNER: Objection, Your Honor,
25
 1
          this is cumulative.
 2
                   THE COURT: I didn't hear you.
                   MR. WAGNER: Objection. This is
 3
 4
          cumulative.
                   THE COURT: Overruled.
 5
               You can answer the question, ma'am. He
 6
 7
          asked you generally what Mrs. Wiley's
 8
          condition was.
9
      Α
          Seriously ill.
10
      Q Did you observe, if you did, if she was in
11
          any pain?
12
     A Pardon me?
      Q Did you observe if she was in any pain?
13
      A Yes.
14
     Q Did you know what the nature of her
15
16
          illness --
17
                   MR. WAGNER: Well, Your Honor,
18
          objection. No foundation.
19
                   THE COURT: You can answer that yes
20
          or no.
21
      Q
         Did you know the nature of her illness?
22
      A
23
     Q How did you find that out?
24
                   MR. WAGNER: Well, this would call
25
          for hearsay, Your Honor, obviously. How did
 1
          you find that out, she's going to relate
          what somebody else told her.
 2
                   THE COURT: He didn't ask her to do
 3
 4
          that.
               Did you talk to a doctor?
 5
 6
                   THE WITNESS: No.
 7
                   THE COURT: A family member?
 8
                   THE WITNESS: I'd say it was from
```

```
9
           the word of mouth from the VA.
                   THE COURT: All right.
10
11
                   MR. WAGNER: Hearsay, Your Honor.
12
                   THE COURT: Go ahead.
      Q Do you know the nature of her illness?
13
14
                   MR. WAGNER: Hearsay, Your Honor.
                   THE COURT: Sustained. You do not
15
          have to answer that. You don't have to
16
17
          answer.
18
      Q Mrs. Jeffrey, based upon your observations
          of Mildred and the way she carried on her
19
          day-to-day activities and lived her life,
          did you -- from your observations, did she
2.1
22
          have any knowledge as to the health risks
23
          associated with secondhand smoke?
24
                   MR. WAGNER: Your Honor, objection,
25
          no foundation.
                                               1773
 1
                   THE COURT: Sustained. You do not
 2
          have to answer that, ma'am.
      Q Mrs. Jeffrey, do you have an opinion, based
 3
 4
           upon what you observed about Mrs. Mildred
 5
           Wiley, as to whether Mildred was educated
 6
          regarding the health risks associated with
 7
           secondhand smoke?
                   MR. WAGNER: Objection, Your Honor.
 9
          No foundation. Calls for speculation on the
10
          part of this witness.
                   THE COURT: Whether she was
11
12
          educated.
13
                   MR. HOWARD: Whether she had
14
          knowledge and information about the health
          risks associated with secondhand smoke.
15
                   MR. WAGNER: There is no foundation
16
          laid at all as to that question, Your Honor.
17
18
                   THE COURT: She can answer that
19
           specific question.
               You may answer that specific question.
20
21
      A No.
2.2
      Q From your observations of Mildred Wiley in
23
          the workplace, did you know she was unaware
24
          of the health risks of secondhand smoke?
                   MR. WAGNER: I'll object. Once
25
                                               1774
 1
           again, this is sheer speculation.
 2
                   THE COURT: Sustained as to that.
                   MR. HOWARD: I have no further
 3
           questions. Thank you, Mrs. Jeffrey.
 5
                   THE COURT: Mr. Wagner, do you have
 6
           any questions?
 7
                   MR. WAGNER: I have a few, Your
          Honor.
 8
9
   CROSS-EXAMINATION
10
   BY MR. WAGNER:
11
       Q Mrs. Jeffrey, just so the record is clear,
12
          you were at all times that you worked at the
          Veteran's Hospital a medical clerk and not a
13
14
          nurse; is that correct?
15
     A I didn't understand the question.
16
     Q Let me rephrase it, and I'll try to speak up
17
          a little bit.
18
     A Thank you.
19
      Q But don't think I'm yelling at you. I'm
```

```
20
          just going to speak a little louder so you
21
          can hear me. Can you hear me all right?
     A Yes.
22
23
     Q Just so the record is clear, during the
          entire time that you worked at the Veteran's
24
25
          Administration Hospital, you were a medical
          clerk and not a nurse; isn't that correct?
 2
      Α
          Yes.
 3
      Q And do you know the plaintiff in this case,
          Philip Wiley?
 4
 5
      Q And you knew Mrs. Wiley, as you've already
 6
 7
          testified; correct?
 8
          Yes.
     Q And you've been in the Wileys' home on a few
 9
10
          occasions, have you not?
11
     A Yes.
     Q And visited with them at their home, with
12
13
          Mr. and Mrs. Wiley while Mildred Wiley was
          still living?
14
     A Mr. Wiley wasn't at home when I was there.
15
     Q
          You went there to visit Mildred?
16
      A I went for lunch.
17
     Q For lunch. And you said that Mr. Howard has
18
19
         talked to you -- or I guess he said he
          talked to you a few times. How many times
20
          has Mr. Howard talked to you?
21
     A I didn't understand that.
22
     Q On how many different occasions has
23
24
          Mr. Howard talked to you?
25
     A I'd say three, four.
                                              1776
     Q And you consider Mildred Wiley to be a
 1
          friend, isn't that so?
 2.
 3
     A Yes.
      Q And you also consider yourself to be a
 4
          friend of Philip Wiley; is that so?
 5
      A Yes.
 6
 7
     Q I want to look at my notes here for just a
         moment and may skip over some things that
 9
         have been said already.
               These patients that were in Building 16
10
11
          on the first floor were patients who
12
          couldn't for the most part take care of
13
          their daily needs; would that be correct?
14
     A Yes.
15
     Q Some of them were on tubes?
16
     A Right.
17
      Q They were fed by tubes?
      Α
18
19
     Q Some of them were bedfast and couldn't get
         out of bed?
20
21
     A Yes.
22
      Q Had patients there that couldn't walk?
23
     A Right.
      Q And some of them were psychotic patients?
24
25
      A Yes.
                                              1777
 1
     Q Some of them were on oxygen from time to
          time?
 2
 3
     A Yes.
 4
      Q A lot of those patients, I would guess, were
```

5 also up in years. Is that so? A Pardon? 6 7 Q A lot of those patients on the first floor of Building 16 were up in years. 9 A Yes. 10 Q Older than you and I? Α 11 12 Q Now, all of those patients didn't smoke, did 13 they? 14 A No. Q And all of the staff didn't smoke; isn't 15 16 that correct? A Not all. 17 Q Now, the hospital that you worked in was a 18 19 Veteran's Administration Hospital; correct? 20 Did you hear my question? A I didn't understand it. 21 Q The hospital that you worked in was a 22 23 Veteran's Administration Hospital. 24 A Yes. Q It was run and operated by the Veteran's 25 1778 Administration. 1 2. A That's right. 3 Q And the Veteran's Administration is a part 4 of or an agency of the United States 5 government; isn't it? A Yes. 6 7 And you knew that when you worked there? 0 8 9 Q And whatever restrictions there were that 10 allowed people to smoke or not smoke in that 11 hospital, that was done by the Veteran's Administration. They had the right to make 12 the rules; isn't that correct? 13 A Yes. 14 Q And, in fact, they did make the rules, 15 16 didn't they? 17 A Yes. 18 Q And if the nurses had to help the patients 19 smoke, that was a duty that was imposed upon 20 them by the Veteran's Administration; isn't 21 that correct? 22 People in charge. Q Right. Did the Veteran's Administration 23 2.4 that ran that hospital require you to have 25 an annual physical? 1779 1 A No. 2 Q Did they require the nurses to have annual 3 physicals? Yes. 4 Α 5 Q One of the things Mr. Howard asked you about 6 was when Building 16 became smoke free. Do 7 you remember that? You have to answer out 8 loud so this lady can get down your answer. A You want the date? 9 Q You already told us the date. I was just 10 11 asking you if you remember the question that 12 Mr. Howard asked you about that subject. 13 A Yes. 14 Q And I think you told him it became smoke 15 free in November of 1992; is that correct?

```
16
          Yes.
17
      Q Now, isn't it a fact that that smoking
18
          policy actually went into effect in early
19
     A I -- it's possible, but from my notes, I had
20
          put '92.
21
22
          And weren't there restrictions on where
23
          people could smoke in that hospital and who
          could smoke in that hospital before 1991?
24
25
          Is that -- have I confused you?
                                              1780
     A No. But I really couldn't -- I don't know
 1
          the date.
 2.
      Q But you do know that there were restrictions
 3
 4
          on where people could smoke in that hospital
 5
          before 1991; correct?
          Yes.
 6
      A
 7
      Q But you just don't remember the date.
9
      Q And if I asked you where those places were
          where people could or could not smoke, you
10
11
          couldn't tell me that either, I guess;
12
          right?
13
      A The employees went out on the porch.
     Q The employees went out on the porch to
14
15
          smoke?
     A Or out on the back door.
16
      Q You were in a position, weren't you, to see
17
          what nurses all did? Let me break the
18
19
          question down.
20
               In your job as a medical clerk, you
21
          were able to see what people like Mildred
22
          Wiley, who were nurses, did on a day-to-day
2.3
          basis; right?
     A Yes.
2.4
25
     Q And they had a lot of different duties,
                                              1781
 1
          didn't they?
      A Yes.
 2
 3
      Q For example, they had to feed the patients.
      A That's right.
 5
      Q And they had to administer medication to the
 6
          patients.
 7
          Yes.
      Q And they would have had to chart the
 8
9
          patient's progress.
10
     A Yes.
11
     Q And do you know what a chart is, where
12
          you've got to go in and get the chart at the
13
          bed and write down on it how the patient is
14
          doing and what happened to him and all that.
15
          Right?
16
     A Yes.
17
     Q And nurses had to check on the patients from
          time to time, especially on Building 16
19
          where they weren't in very good shape.
20
          Right?
21
      Α
          Yes.
     Q And they had to make rounds from time to
22
23
          time; right?
24
     A Yes.
25
      Q And I suppose there were doctors that came
                                              1782
```

```
into that Building 16 and looked after those
 1
 2
          patients; right?
 3
     A
          Yes.
     Q Wasn't just the nurses that were in there
          taking care of them, but the doctors came
 5
          in; right?
 6
 7
     A Yes.
     Q And when the doctors came in, the nurses had
 8
 9
          to help out the doctors to -- in some cases
10
          to administer to the patients; right?
11
     A Yes.
     Q And talk to the doctors about the progress
12
          that the patient was or was not making;
13
14
          correct?
     A Yes.
15
     Q And nurses also had to go to meetings
16
         sometimes, didn't they?
17
18
     A Yes.
19
     Q And they had to go to committee meetings?
20
     A Yes.
     Q And so sometimes those committee meetings
21
22
          were in another building?
     A
23
          Yes.
24
     Q Sometimes they even had to go to seminars
25
          and things that were not even in the
 1
         hospital; right?
     A Yes.
 2.
     Q And some of these patients that couldn't
 3
 4
          walk had to be transported to places from
 5
          time to time; right?
 6
     A Yes.
 7
     Q Like if they had to go to the X-ray room or
          something like that, they would have to take
9
          them; right?
     A Yes.
10
     Q And they had to administer oxygen to these
11
         patients from time to time; correct?
12
13
     A Yes.
     Q And there were nursing assistants that
14
         worked in Building 16; right?
     A Yes.
16
     Q And staff nurses like Mildred Wiley had to
17
18
          supervise those nursing assistants, didn't
19
          they? I'm sorry. Let me repeat. There
20
          were nursing assistants in Building 16, that
21
          worked in Building 16?
22
     A Yes.
23
     Q Nursing assistant is not a nurse but they do
24
          some of the chores and the things that
25
          nurses do; right?
                                             1784
 1
     A Yes.
 2
      Q And the staff nurses like Mildred Wiley had
          to supervise those nursing assistants;
 4
          correct?
 5
      A Yes.
 6
      Q And visitors would come into the hospitals
 7
          and see the patients from time to time;
 8
          right?
 9
     A Yes.
10
     Q And when that would happen, sometimes the
          nurses would have to talk to the visitors
11
```

```
12
          about how the patient was getting along that
13
          they came to see; correct?
     A Yes.
14
15
     Q And I guess there were some emergencies that
16
         would take place every once in a while.
17
     Q On that ward where somebody might -- their
18
19
          heart might stop or they might need
20
          something, and those nurses had to deal with
21
          those things, too, didn't they?
22
     A Yes.
     Q And so these nurses didn't just stand around
23
          in the day room all day, did they?
2.4
     A No.
25
     Q They didn't stand around in the nurse's
 1
          station all day, did they?
 2.
 3
     A No.
 4
                  MR. WAGNER: Thank you.
 5
                  THE COURT: Thank you.
 6
          Mr. Ohlemeyer.
 7
                  MR. OHLEMEYER: Just a couple, Your
          Honor.
9 BY MR. OHLEMEYER:
10
   Q Mrs. Jeffrey, my name is Bill Ohlemeyer. I
11
          only have a few questions for you.
              You told us about a break room. Do you
12
         remember that this morning?
13
      A Upstairs in 16B.
14
     Q Who used the break room?
15
     A The staff.
16
     Q The patients -- it wasn't a break room for
17
18
         the patients, was it?
     A No.
19
20
     Q And I want to make sure I understand
21
          something you said about Mr. Chrisman. Is
22
          it your testimony that Mr. Chrisman was
          never in Building 16 or that you just never
23
          saw him there?
24
25
     A Well, I never saw him.
                                             1786
 1
      Q Do you know whether he was ever in
 2
         Building 16?
          I'm not aware of it.
 3
     Q So if he told us that he had been in
 4
 5
         Building 16, would that --
     A He could have been.
 6
     Q There is no reason, there was no restriction
 7
8
         or any reason why he couldn't have been?
9
     A No.
     Q You told us a little bit about the shifts
10
11
          that nurses work. There was a day shift.
     A Right.
12
13
     Q And then you said sometimes they would
14
         rotate to a night shift.
15
     A Yes.
     Q Then there were times when they would have
16
17
          to fill in on a night shift.
     A Yes.
18
     Q So there were -- a nurse could find his or
19
20
         herself working three different shifts,
21
         depending on what their regular shift was?
     A Possible.
22
```

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What their regular rotation was, and who
23
24
          needed help?
      A That's right.
25
                                               1787
          When you worked at the hospital, were you a
1
          member of a union?
 2.
      A
          Pardon me?
 3
 4
          Were you a member of the union at the
 5
          hospital?
 6
      Α
 7
      Q Were the nurses members of the union?
      A Some of them were, I think.
      Q Do you know what the union -- what a union
 9
10
          is and what it does?
11
      A
          I'm aware it exists.
12
     Q Did you ever become aware of any of the
          grievances or the complaints that the union
13
14
          made about working conditions at the
15
          hospital?
16
     A I've read articles.
      Q Articles about the union?
17
      A About the union.
18
     Q And while you were employed at the hospital,
19
20
          from time to time did you become aware that
21
          the union made complaints about various
22
          things to the administration?
23
     A Yes.
      Q That was a procedure that was in place and
2.4
          was used?
25
                                               1788
 1
     A Yes.
                   MR. OHLEMEYER: Thank you. That's
 2
 3
          all I have.
                   THE COURT: Redirect, Mr. Howard?
                   MR. HOWARD: Your Honor, could I
 5
          ask permission to ask a couple of omitted
 6
 7
          questions?
                   THE COURT: Go ahead.
 8
   OMITTED QUESTIONS BY MR. HOWARD:
9
10
      Q Mr. Wagner asked you about something about
11
          your duties there as a clerk. As your
12
          duties as a clerk, did you ever have to
          order supplies?
13
14
      A
          Yes, I did.
     Q Would you tell the jury some of the supplies
15
16
          that you would order.
                   MR. WAGNER: Judge, this is outside
17
18
          the scope and I think it's irrelevant in
19
          addition to that. It's outside the scope of
20
          redirect examination.
21
                   THE COURT: He asked permission.
22
                   MR. WAGNER: I do understand that,
23
          Your Honor, but it's also irrelevant as to
24
          supplies that she ordered.
25
                   THE COURT: Are you going to tie
 1
          this up?
 2
                   MR. HOWARD: I'll tie it up, Your
 3
          Honor, I promise.
 4
                   THE COURT: Go ahead.
 5
      Q Did you order supplies?
      A Yes.
 7
         And what kind of supplies did you order?
```

```
8
          Shaving supplies, body lotions, cigarettes.
9
      Q Did you order -- who did you order the
10
         cigarettes for?
11
     A Pardon me?
     Q Who would you order cigarettes for?
12
13
      A If the patients were unable to go to the
          canteen and handle their own money, then we
14
15
          were permitted. If the staff told me that
          they needed cigarettes, I would order them
16
17
          on a purchase order and send it to the
          canteen, and the canteen delivered it to the
18
19
     Q Okay. Last omitted question. Do you
20
21
          remember any of the brands that you ordered?
22
                   MR. WAGNER: Could I approach, Your
23
          Honor?
24
                   THE COURT: All right.
25
                   MR. WAGNER: Need to approach.
                   THE COURT: All right.
 1
                (Bench discussion.)
                   THE COURT: Thank you.
 3
               Mr. Howard, any other questions for
 5
          this lady?
                   MR. HOWARD: Yes, Your Honor.
 6
 7
          Thank you for allowing me to ask the omitted
 8
          questions.
9
                   THE COURT: All right.
10 REDIRECT EXAMINATION
11
   BY MR. HOWARD:
12
     Q Mrs. Jeffrey, Mr. Wagner asked you about you
13
          being a friend of Mildred Wiley, friend of
          Philip Wiley, visiting in their home and
14
          talking to me how many times, three or four.
          That doesn't in any way affect -- you
16
17
          wouldn't come here and tell anything but the
18
          truth, would you, Mrs. Jeffrey?
19
      A What was the question?
     Q Your association with Phil Wiley and Mildred
20
21
          Wiley and your talking to me a few times,
22
          would that have anything to do with whether
          or not you're telling the truth here?
2.3
      A Oh, no.
24
25
      Q Did you come here to tell the truth? And
 1
          you would tell the truth regardless of how
 2
          good a friend Mildred Wiley and how much you
 3
          loved her?
 4
     A That's right.
 5
      Q And what you thought or didn't think of me?
 6
          Yes, sir.
 7
     Q Thank you. Mr. Wagner asked you about the
 8
          patients that could smoke. Would you say
 9
          while you were there during that period
10
          starting in 1981 -- and let's just use that
          date. In 1981, in the early '80s, maybe,
11
12
          what would you say, what percentage of the
          patients smoke, if you know? Just more than
13
14
          half or can you tell the jury what you
15
          believe about what you observed about the
          number of the percentage of patients that
16
17
          smoked? If you know.
18
     A I don't know what the percentage would be.
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leading, suggestive. THE COURT: Sustained. You aske her, she said she didn't know. MR. HOWARD: Well, she said percentage. 1792 THE COURT: Your word. When Mr. Wagner asked you about the nurse running back and forth doing different things, if a nurse was doing something do here and wanted to go down here, would the have to pass through this area here? A They would have to pass between the no between. They would pass through between the area between the Pass by the nurse's station and the day room. Pass by the day room? A Yes. Now, if they went to a meeting Mr. Wag asked about them going to meetings. If the went to a meeting up here in 2-17, would there be smoke in there, if you know? Yes. I'm sorry. When I told you they wo pass by, I thought that was 16B. On 16A, they would pass through. On 16B they wou pass by. Okay. Because there on 16B they're both the same side. There's a hallway between. 1793 O Do you know if they allowed smoking di you ever see anybody smoking in the hallways, Mrs. Jeffrey? A I don't remember seeing them do that. Mr. Wagner asked you about the VA permitted by their rules smoking in that area. Do know why smoking was permitted in the
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5 Q Mr. Wagner asked you about the VA permitt 6 by their rules smoking in that area. Do 7 know why smoking was permitted in the
by their rules smoking in that area. Doknow why smoking was permitted in the
7 know why smoking was permitted in the
8 nursing station at the VA Hospital when y
9 were there?
10 MR. WAGNER: Objection, Your Hon
No foundation and it calls for commentary
THE COURT: Sustained.
14 MR. WAGNER: Can I put this down
THE COURT: Please.
16 Q Mrs. Jeffrey, based upon the fact that th
16 Q Mrs. Jeffrey, based upon the fact that th 17 VA permitted the smoking, does that
16 Q Mrs. Jeffrey, based upon the fact that th
16 Q Mrs. Jeffrey, based upon the fact that the 17 VA permitted the smoking, does that 18 observation give you an opinion as to 19 whether or not the Veteran's Administrati 20 knew of the hazards of secondhand smoke to
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12 to why.
13 THE COURT: Sustained.
14 MD WACNED: Can I put this down
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1E THE COURTY DIOGG
15 THE COURT: Please.
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16 Q Mrs. Jeffrey, based upon the fact that th 17 VA permitted the smoking, does that 18 observation give you an opinion as to
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16 Q Mrs. Jeffrey, based upon the fact that th
16 Q Mrs. Jeffrey, based upon the fact that th

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4
          day room on 16A?
      A In '92?
 5
 6
      Q Yes. By the patients? Could the patients
 7
          smoke in the day room up until 1992, the
          best of your recollection? Could they or
9
          couldn't they, up until 1992. Patients.
      A I'm confused.
10
      Q Okay. Mr. Wagner asked you about
11
12
          restrictions, that smoking became restricted
13
          in certain parts of the building before
          1992.
14
15
      Q In 1992 you told the jury that the building
16
17
          went smoke free. Before the building went
          smoke free, did it ever change that the
18
19
          patients could always smoke in the day room
20
          until the time it went smoke free?
21
     A Yes.
     Q Do you recall if the restrictions had mostly
22
23
          to do with patients or staff, if you recall?
24
      Q The restriction. That's when it went smoke
25
 1
          free.
 2
      A Right.
 3
     Q Your shift hours were what again? What were
 4
          your normal shift hours?
     A From 7:45 to 4:30.
 5
      Q And for the nurses, what was the --
 6
 7
      A From 7:30 to midnight.
 8
                   MR. WAGNER: Your Honor, this is
 9
         all repetitious.
10
                   THE COURT: We've been through
11
          this.
                   THE WITNESS: I'm sorry.
12
13
                   THE COURT: I was talking to him.
                   MR. HOWARD: It's not your fault.
14
          It's mine. You're answering my questions.
15
          I'm just asking the wrong questions.
16
17
     Q If Mildred Wiley worked the second shift,
         her hours would have been what again?
19
     A Second shift?
      Q Yes.
20
                   MR. WAGNER: All repetitious, Your
21
22
         Honor.
     A It would be 4:00.
2.3
     Q Let me -- did the nurses come in -- was
24
25
          there an overlap between the nurses when
 1
          they came in between the first shift and the
 2
          second shift?
 3
                   MR. WAGNER: This is outside the
 4
          scope.
 5
     A Yes, they were to be there ten minutes.
                  MR. WAGNER: Outside the scope.
 7
          This is outside the scope of redirect
          examination, proper redirect examination.
 8
                   THE COURT: I'm going to permit her
 9
          to answer the last question. Was there an
10
11
          overlap when one shift would come in, would
12
          other nurses still be there?
13
                   THE WITNESS: Yes.
14
                   THE COURT: All right.
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15
                    MR. HOWARD: No further questions.
16
                    THE COURT: Mr. Wagner?
17
                    MR. WAGNER: We have no further
18
           questions, Your Honor.
                   THE COURT: Mr. Ohlemeyer?
19
2.0
                    MR. OHLEMEYER: Nothing, Your
21
           Honor.
22
                   THE COURT: Thank you very much,
           ma'am. You may step down.
23
24
                Call your next.
25
                   MR. HOWARD: Your Honor, I think
           you told us the other day -- I forgot the
 1
 2
           lunch break.
 3
                   THE COURT: We're going to break
 4
           around 1:30. So call your next.
 5
                   MR. HOWARD: Judge, could we have
           just a couple minutes? We're going to
 6
 7
           introduce the employment records and tax
 8
           returns. We've got to get those.
 9
                   THE COURT: Go ahead.
10
                The jury has indicated they would like
           a break. We will break for five minutes.
11
12
                (Standard admonition)
13
                (A brief recess was taken.)
14
                   MR. CASSELL: All rise.
                    THE COURT: All right. Be seated.
15
           Jury is back in its entirety back with the
16
17
           alternates.
18
               Call your next, Mr. Howard.
19
                   MR. HOWARD: Your Honor, at this
20
           time the Plaintiffs would offer into
21
           evidence the certification of certified
           employment records being Plaintiffs'
22
           Exhibits 21-1, 21-2, 21-3, 21-4, 21-5, 21-6,
23
           21-7, 21-8, 21-9, 21-10, 21-11, 21-12,
24
           21-13, 21-14, 21-15, 21-16, 21-17, 21-18,
25
           21-19, 21-20, 21-21, 21-22, 21-23, 21-24,
 1
 2
           21-25, 21-26, 21-27, 21-28, 21-29, 21-30,
           21-31, 21-32, 21-33, 21-34, 35, 36, 37, 38,
 4
           39, 40, 41. 21-43 is the next one. 21-44,
           21-45, 21-46, 21-47, 21-48, 21-49, 21-50,
 5
           21-51, 21-52, 21-54.
 6
 7
                I believe that a couple of those that I
 8
           skipped over, I believe that one of them was
 9
           introduced into evidence already.
10
                What the Plaintiffs would like to do,
11
           Your Honor, I've prepared a -- Defendants
           have a set of these as they're presented
12
13
           with copies run for the jury, and with the
           Court's permission, I would like to give a
14
15
           set of these documents to the jury and then
16
          rather than have them sit and try to read
17
           through all these, if I could read portions
18
           of them or highlight on the monitor certain
           portions of those. And as I do that, I
19
20
           would tell the jury which exhibit I'm going
           to refer to and also would give the
21
22
          Defendants an opportunity by telling what
23
           exhibit I was going to refer to.
24
                   THE COURT: All right. The offer
25
          is Exhibits 2-11 through 21-54, excluding 53
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1799

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and 42. Any objection, Mr. Wagner? Or
 1
 2.
           Mr. Ohlemeyer?
 3
                   MR. OHLEMEYER: I have no
           objection, Your Honor. As a matter of
           procedure, under Rule 106 there may be
           portions of these records that I'd like to
 6
 7
           read and I assume what I'll do when
 8
           Mr. Howard is done with a specific exhibit,
 9
           I'll read my portions.
                    THE COURT: That's fine.
10
11
                    MR. OHLEMEYER: Any objection?
                    THE COURT: Any objection, Mr.
12
13
           Wagner?
14
                    MR. WAGNER: No, Your Honor, with
15
           that organization, we have no objection.
                    THE COURT: Plaintiffs' Exhibits
16
17
           21-1 through 21-54, excluding 42 and 53 are
18
           now admitted.
                (Plaintiffs' Exhibit(s) 21-1 through
19
20
           21-54 excluding 42 and 53 received in
21
           evidence.)
                    THE COURT: Mr. Howard, you may now
22
           exhibit what you like of those exhibits.
2.3
24
           Bailiffs will pass out copies of those for
25
           the jury so they can go along with you,
 1
           Counselor.
 2
                   MR. HOWARD: Plaintiffs' Exhibit
 3
           21-1. An abstract from the lower portion of
 4
           that report, "She was a role model for her
 5
           staff. She was highly respected by her head
           nurse peer group and nursing administration.
 7
           She will be remembered with esteem by all
           who knew her."
 8
 9
                    MR. OHLEMEYER: Your Honor, very
10
           briefly from the same exhibit, "She was
11
           timely and accurate in all reporting,
12
           counselings and maintaining of information.
13
           She served on nursing service committees and
14
           was recorder of the Intermediate Quality
15
           Management Cluster."
                   MR. HOWARD: Plaintiffs' Exhibit
16
17
           21-2, page 1. "She leads, directs, and
18
           simplifies professional nursing through both
19
           administration and clinical expertise."
20
               Further down: "As a leader in the
21
           collaborative efforts of other nursing
22
          members, she was successful in the
23
           rationalization of the negative impact on
24
           the total care picture this proposal would
25
          have on the patient."
 1
                Further down on the same page:
           fairness and honesty are hallmarks of her
 3
           professionalism."
 4
                Further down on the page: "She is
 5
           dedicated to the provision of highest
           attainable caliber of nursing care."
 6
 7
                Go to 21-3. "Mrs. Wiley maintains a
 8
           role of leadership in her capacity as head
 9
10
                Further down on the page, "Her peer and
```

professional staff relationships are 11 12 excellent." 13 MR. OHLEMEYER: From the same 14 exhibit, Your Honor, which is dated August 1, '88 to August 1, '89, "She maintains 15 16 communication through formal and informal methods. Her oral and written reporting is 17 18 timely, concise and complete." MR. HOWARD: 21-4, second page: 19 20 "She role models one to one family care for her staff as she cares for these terminally 21 ill, non-ambulatory, non-verbal patients. 22 Through her leadership to improve patient 23 24 care, two high-risk patients were accepted 25 by the Rehabilitation Medical Unit." Going down to the last sentence in that 1 2 paragraph, "Under her guidance two troubled 3 employees have chosen the Employee 4 Assistance Program and an improvement in 5 their job performance resulted." Last sentence, "She is truly an asset 6 7 to this VAMC." Date, 6-20-88. 8 MR. OHLEMEYER: In that same 9 exhibit, Your Honor, "Through her leadership 10 to improve patient care, two high-risk patients were accepted by the Medical 11 Rehabilitation Medical Unit. She continues 12 to lead monthly staff meetings with all 13 14 tours. She chaired the InterRater 15 Reliability Group for evaluators in immediate care. Mrs. Wiley attended a RMEC 16 17 offering, "The Head Nurse as Manager," and has applied the principles learned in her 18 19 decision making. 20 "She is a member of NOVA, and continues 21 a mentor relationship with lower grade and 22 less experienced." MR. HOWARD: 21-5, second page. 23 Fourth line down, "She collaborates with 2.4 25 other health professionals to assure quality 1803 care for the patients at this VAMC, e.g., 1 2 initiated and led multipledisciplinary team 3 meetings to re-evaluate a patient's care 4 when the patient's family was unwilling to 5 accept the lack of improvement in the patient." 7 Going down in the same page: "As a 8 result, the staff-family relationship improved. Her nursing practice is 9 10 characterized by leadership in improving 11 nursing care." 12 MR. OHLEMEYER: From the same 13 exhibit, Your Honor, "Sound judgment is 14 utilized as new challenges arise." For example, "Met the challenge of planning 15 16 quality care for a patient with AIDS. 17 Assisted the staff in coping with the fear 18 and apprehension, provided in-services and 19 led them to develop a detailed plan of care. 20 Feelings were openly expressed, accepted and 21 employees supported by this head nurse."

22 MR. WAGNER: Just a point of 23 clarification, too, Judge, I believe what Mr. Howard was reading was not displayed on 24 25 the screen. What's displayed on the 1 screen --MR. HOWARD: This is all new high 2 3 tech to me, Judge. 4 MR. WAGNER: Any new break area was 5 identified which is larger and better ventilated is what was displayed on the 7 screen. MR. HOWARD: I don't have anything 8 9 marked. Can we go on to -- are you done 10 with 21-5? 11 MR. OHLEMEYER: No. I have one 12 other thing. On the same exhibit, Your 13 Honor, "Correspondence and reporting are 14 timely and accurate, i.e., unit problems, 15 patient and staff concerns and requested 16 information are consistently reported. 17 Staff morale was greatly improved as Mrs. 18 Wiley solved the problem created by adding 19 the new telephone system to remove a large 20 portion of the break room. A new break room 21 was identified, which is larger and better 22 ventilated. The application of the principles and learning tools provided in, 23 24 RMEC seminar at Danville Va has enhanced her 25 ability to cope with the challenges inherent to head nurses. 1 2 MR. HOWARD: Let's try 21-6. Second page. "With families to comfort and 3 educate." Going further down on the page: 5 "Has demonstrated leadership in professional 6 practice as a staff nurse and as acting head nurse, i.e., establish cooperation from all 7 8 staff to maintain continuity of care, for a 9 diabetic, obese patient with a stasis leg 10 ulcer facing amputation; thus resulting in 11 improvement of the ulcer. Is an effective role model in the care of 48 intermediate 12 13 medical patients who are primarily 14 non-verbal." That's dated 6-10 of '86. 15 Going back up, which is not 16 highlighted, to the top of that page, it 17 says, "During the first six months of the 18 rating period Mildred Wiley served as a 19 staff nurse on 16AB, and during the last six 20 months, she served as Acting Head Nurse for 21 16AB." 22 MR. OHLEMEYER: The date 6-10-86. 23 Continuing, "She consistently demonstrates 24 the ability to work effectively with other 25 nursing personnel, as team leader and as 1806 acting head nurse with families to comfort 1 2 and educate, and with other services to 3 maintain a smooth functioning unit which 4 meets patients' holistic needs." 5 MR. HOWARD: 21-7, page 2. 6 MR. OHLEMEYER: I apologize,

7 Mr. Howard. On the next page of that same 8 exhibit, Your Honor, "Serves as a member of 9 the LPN Standards Board, was Safety 10 Coordinator as a staff nurse. Attended the Supervisory Training Course, is a member of 11 12 NOVA. It is expected that Mrs. Wiley will continue to develop administratively as she 13 14 demonstrates potential for greater 15 responsibilities." 16 MR. HOWARD: 21-7. Page 2. "Has demonstrated leadership in professional 17 18 nursing practice by functioning as charge nurse in the absence of the head nurse while 19 20 continuing to function as team leader to a 21 group of patients and personnel; also, after 22 noting diminished response to medications in a patient with Parkinson's Disease, 2.3 24 researched literature on medication and then 25 collaborated with the ward physician presenting the findings. The patient's drug 1 therapy was changed, resulting in such 2 improved functioning that the patient was 3 4 able to feed himself." 5 Going down to the bottom below the date of 7-2-85. "This nurse provides outstanding professional care for the unit." 7 MR. OHLEMEYER: From the same 8 exhibit, Your Honor, Plaintiffs' Exhibit 9 10 21-7, "Has demonstrated the ability to work 11 effectively with others as team leader 12 working with supportive personnel. 13 Has demonstrated the ability to initiate and lead groups by initiating and 14 leading a nurse support group for three 15 months, then continuing to lend guidance and 16 17 support to the group as other nurses assumed 18 the leadership role. 19 "Has demonstrated the ability to 20 collaborate with other health professionals 21 by establishing approaches and initiating 22 plans of care in conjunction with the multidisciplinary treatment team. 23 24 "As has been outlined by example 25 throughout this proficiency, demonstrates 1808 1 the ability to identify, analyze, and resolve patient care problems resulting in 3 significant improvement in nursing care to 4 individual patients. 5 "Has functioned as a consultant to many 6 other nurses who have been new to the unit, 7 sharing knowledge, skills, and abilities to 8 accurately assess and skillfully care for 9 the debilitated, geriatric patients. 10 Has developed a mentor relationship with an Associate Grade nurse, guiding her 11 12 and setting VA career goals, professional goals and personal goals, also continues a 13 14 mentor relationship with a nurse outside the 15 VA.

"Serves as a member of the Nurse

Professional Standards Board, twice

16

17

participating as a mock board member during 18 19 two workshops, quote, Pattern for 20 Advancement, closed quote. Serves as Fire 21 and Safety inservice coordinator on the 22 unit." 23 MR. HOWARD: Maybe I misheard him or he misspoke. You didn't say member of 24 the union, did you? I thought you said 25 1809 member of the union. 1 2 MR. OHLEMEYER: Unit. 3 MR. HOWARD: 21-8. Second page. 4 Paragraph from the bottom -- the second paragraph from the bottom: "She also shares 5 with the unit staff through team 6 7 conferences, direct patient care, and 8 inservices." Dated August 27, 1984. MR. OHLEMEYER: Very briefly, Your 9 10 Honor. From the same exhibit, "She has attended several workshops and in-services 11 appropriate to this unit, gaining insight 12 into current concepts and findings. She has 13 14 shared this information with all staff by 15 taping for all shifts, i.e., Writing Patient 16 Behavior Goals, and by bringing materials as 17 well as listings of videotapes she has seen and felt beneficial to the center (Decubitus 18 19 Care, Ball State University presentation.) 20 This information was shared with Nursing 21 Education." 22 MR. HOWARD: Going to 21-9, 23 Plaintiffs' Exhibit 21-9, second page, beginning of the second to the last 24 paragraph, "She has not used any unscheduled 25 leave in the last year. She is aware of 1 2 staffing problems and often volunteers to cover emergency staffing needs before 3 4 asked." MR. OHLEMEYER: Am I correct, 5 Mr. Howard, this is the June 30, 1983? 6 7 "She assumes the responsibility for initiating new programs and is thorough 8 9 carrying them out adhering to VA policy. 10 She uses her own initiative in reading the 11 policy, gathering the necessary forms and 12 instructing the personnel to keep them 13 current and informed and to gain their 14 cooperation." 15 Further on down: "She actively 16 participates in trying to implement new 17 methods, policies and equipment." Further down: "She has served on 18 19 several VA committees and presently is 20 serving on the NPSB. She has served as a 21 preceptor and by example is a good role model for new personnel. She strives to 22 keep herself current and informed on nursing 23 trends and VA policies by subscribing to RN 24 25 journals and attending at in-services." 1811 1 MR. HOWARD: Plaintiffs' Exhibit 21-10. Second page. The last paragraph, 2

3 last few sentences, starting about the 4 middle of the paragraph. "One case involved 5 a patient who came to 16A following a 'successful' cardiac resuscitation. The 7 patient was unresponsive and required 8 feeding through a levine tube. Under Mrs. Wiley's guidance, the staff prepared a 9 10 nursing care plan with the goals of returning the patient to eating and helping 11 12 to transfer when getting up. The patient 13 responded so well that soon he was feeding 14 himself, then began ambulating and has since been discharged to his home to be with his 15 16 family." MR. OHLEMEYER: This is Plaintiffs' 17 18 Exhibit 21-10, Your Honor, dated June 30, 19 1982. "Mrs. Wiley's major area of 20 assignment has been as charge nurse on 16A. 21 This is the unit on Building 16 that is used 22 to care for the most acute patients. This 23 unit is also the one most involved in 24 communications with other areas. Using her experience and expertise, Mrs. Wiley is able 25 1812 to solve many minor problems and conflicts 1 at the unit level, therefore preventing major difficulties from arising. Even 3 during periods of stress when the building 4 5 is very busy or on days when the staff is 6 disturbed over minor conflicts, Mrs. Wiley 7 remains calm and efficient. In emergency 8 situations, she is able to function 9 effectively and productively. "Mrs. Wiley's working relationship with 10 all staff on the building is one of mutual 11 regard and understanding. She is very 12 13 willing to listen to others and they, in turn, are very willing to help her carry out 14 15 her plan of action." 16 The last sentence on this evaluation, 17 Your Honor, is "Mrs. Wiley is a major factor 18 in the smooth-operating, cooperative atmosphere that exists on Building 16." 19 MR. HOWARD: Plaintiffs' Exhibit 20 21-12, page 2. Dated June 27, 1980. First 21 22 part of the first sentence, "Mrs. Wiley's 23 integrity is above reproach." 24 MR. OHLEMEYER: "She is an 25 excellent role model for all nursing 1813 1 personnel in Building 16. 2 "Though the 23 patients on that floor 3 are total care, no decubiti have resulted 4 since their arrival on 16A eight months ago. Not only does she identify problem areas early herself, but encourages the staff to 6 7 be alert to subtle changes in the patients' 8 physical, emotional or behavioral needs. 9 "She continually looks for better ways 10 of doing things but never for personal 11 recognition. In fact, she's quite 12 embarrassed when someone praises her. Her

written communication skills also rate very

13

14 high. She records all pertinent information 15 in each patients' chart in a very acceptable and concise manner, thus increasing the flow 16 17 of clear information between shifts. MR. HOWARD: Plaintiffs' Exhibit 18 19 21-13. Second page dated 6-7-79. First part of the top first sentence, "Mrs. Wiley 20 is honest, dependable, soft-spoken, quick to 21 22 notice changes in patients' conditions or 23 behavior and readily reports her 24 observations to me." 25 MR. OHLEMEYER: Same exhibit, Your 1814 1 Honor. "Her communications are outstanding. 2 "Starting last January, it became 3 necessary for Mrs. Wiley to rotate to the 4 evening tour of duty about eight evenings 5 per month. This she readily did without complaint, despite the fact that the PM 7 shift is not desirable for her." It's signed by Marie Parkinson and it 8 says position, H.N. Bldg. 16. June 7, 1979. 9 10 MR. HOWARD: Plaintiffs' Exhibit 11 21-14. 12 MR. OHLEMEYER: Your Honor, dated 13 July 18, 1978, signed by Jane C. McCuan, head nurse, "Mrs. Wiley has performed as a 14 staff nurse on Building 16 during the past 15 16 year. She has been responsible for planning 17 the nursing care of 19 patients who have a 18 variety of diagnoses and challenging nursing problems." She also -- I'm sorry. "She 19 assigns and directs four to five personnel 20 on a daily basis and works closely with them 21 in following the intent of the nursing care 22 23 plans for each patient. 24 "She also has rotated frequently to the evening tour of duty where she is 25 1815 1 responsible for 85 patients and six personnel on Building 16 while providing RN 3 coverage for Building 15 which involves 40 patients and 3-4 personnel. She shows good 4 judgment in decision making, is calm and 5 6 effective in emergency situations and is 7 always dependable in carrying out 8 assignments and reporting for duty as 9 scheduled. "She keeps abreast of new nursing 10 11 trends by attending workshops wherever 12 possible and reading current periodicals and 13 nursing journals. She has the ability to 14 advance professionally and administratively 15 and I consider her a real asset to our 16 staff." 17 MR. HOWARD: Plaintiffs' Exhibit 21-15 dated 7-18-77, second page beginning 18 second line down at the end of that line, 19 20 "She plans, implements, and evaluates the 21 nursing care of intermediate-medical 22 patients and some of the most difficult 23 behavioral problems in the hospital." 24 Going further down on that page, "is

25 dependable and extremely fair and honest in her approach in dealings with the staff 1 personnel, patients, and relatives." MR. OHLEMEYER: From the same exhibit, Your Honor, dated July 18, 1977, 5 "Mrs. Wiley has been assigned primarily to 16A, which has the capacity of 19 patients. She is innovative in planning group 7 8 activities for patients on the ward and 9 outside in the yard. She has been 10 instrumental in arranging for some occupational therapy being carried out on 11 12 the ward for patients who are unable to go 13 to the clinic. She is willing, and does 14 rotate to other tours of duty as needed. 15 "Mrs. Wiley is astute in judging 16 performance and evaluating personnel who 17 work with her and is able to deal with them 18 in such a way that she gets the best 19 performance from them. 20 "Mrs. Wiley keeps abreast of new trends 21 in nursing by attending workshops, reading 22 current publications, and attending in-service programs. She has always been 23 24 willing to share information with the staff. "She is dependable and extremely fair 25 1 and honest in her approach in dealings with 2 the staff personnel, patients, and 3 relatives. 4 "Mrs. Wiley is a real asset to our 5 staff." Signed again by Jane McCuan, position, head nurse. 6 7 MR. HOWARD: Plaintiffs' Exhibit 8 21-16, second page next to the bottom line, 9 "She is a very conscientious and dedicated 10 nurse." 11 MR. OHLEMEYER: From the same 12 exhibit, Your Honor, "Mrs. Wiley continues 13 to perform at a high level. She plans and 14 organizes her work well in the patient care on 16A. She has been selected as building 15 16 Safety Coordinator for Building 16 and has 17 done a good job in her inspection and 18 in-service. She works well with other 19 disciplines and is well liked by patients 20 and personnel." 21 MR. HOWARD: Plaintiffs' Exhibit 21-17. Second page, first sentence, "Mrs. 22 23 Wiley is a very conscientious, dependable, loyal employee." Middle of that paragraph, 24 25 "She and her staff planned a wedding and 1 took charge of the reception for a patient's 2 daughter." MR. OHLEMEYER: From the same 3 exhibit, Your Honor, "Mrs. Wiley has been 4 5 acting head nurse on several occasions and 6 follows through making decisions when 7 indicated. She has the responsibility of 8 being 'in charge' of 16A and the ward runs quite effectively. She does on the spot

10 teaching and uses every opportunity to 11 expand her personnel's knowledge. She works 12 well with other services to coordinate 13 patients' activities. Mrs. Wiley is a very dedicated nurse and a great asset to our 15 nursing team. I wish to retain her on B.16." Signed by Linda Caron, position, head 16 nurse, July 2, 1975. 17 MR. HOWARD: Plaintiffs' Exhibit 18 19 21-18. Second page, last sentence. "She is 20 well liked by her co-workers and is an asset 21 to our nursing team." Dated July 5, 1974. MR. OHLEMEYER: Signed by Linda 2.2 23 Caron, position, head nurse. "Mrs. Wiley has been under my supervision for about one 24 25 year now. In that year she has supported 1 new programs or ideas we have tried. She is quick to note and report change in patients' 3 conditions. She reacts quickly and efficiently in emergencies. She is a most professional acting nurse. She has adjusted 5 quickly to hospital nursing after being out 6 7 of it for some time. Mrs. Wiley is doing counselings as indicated on personnel under 8 9 her supervision. She does on the spot 10 teaching and in-service. She is well liked by her co-workers and is an asset to our 11 12 nursing team." 13 MR. HOWARD: Plaintiffs' Exhibit 14 21-22 numbered paragraph 2 about midway 15 through. She is -- I thought they were 16 running an advertisement there, Judge. 21-22, middle of the second numbered 17 paragraph. "She is outstanding in her 18 19 loyalty and support to the mission of 20 nursing service and hospital medical program. For example, when we had a 25-year 21 22 old acute psychiatric patient admitted under 23 court order against our director, in a 24 maximum security situation, she displayed 25 such concern, integrity, and interest in helping plan the most therapeutic treatment 1 2 program possible under the existing 3 circumstances. The chief of psychiatry 4 service at that time stated that the reason 5 the patient became well enough for discharge 6 was due to positive personal relationships 7 he made while on Building 16A." 8 In paragraph No. 3, the last sentence, "Under her leadership several of the 9 10 patients have shown great improvements." 11 Paragraph 5. "Mrs. Wiley recognizes 12 the importance of family involvement in 13 patient care. She uses a good approach with 14 patients and families readily gaining their 15 respect and confidence." 16 That's dated November 17, 1975, to 17 Nurse Professional Standards Board from head nurse, Building 16. 18 19 MR. OHLEMEYER: In paragraph 7 of 20 that exhibit, Your Honor, reads, "Mrs. Wiley

21	door on outstanding ish or loaden of hou
	does an outstanding job as leader of her
22	team on 16A. Some of her nursing assistants
23	have been here several years and are
24	somewhat hesitant to initiate new programs.
25	She is able to implement these changes and
	1821
1	gain the respect of the personnel with whom
2	she works."
	MR. HOWARD: Plaintiffs' Exhibit
3	
4	21-45. Preemployment physical, 7-9-73.
5	Employment physical SSAN: 403-40-7537.
6	Mildred S. Wiley. "This is a healthy
7	chest."
8	21-52, Mildred S. Wiley, center of the
9	page, 1975, "Annual chest X-ray report,
10	normal chest." W.J. Comeau, M.D.
11	Plaintiffs' Exhibit 21-50, Mildred E.
12	Wiley, 403-40-7537, date of request,
13	8-23-79. In the center of the page,
14	"impression: Normal chest."
15	That's signed by James C. Camarata,
16	M.D.
17	Plaintiffs' Exhibit 21-51. Mildred E.
18	Wiley, date of request, 9-14-81. Center of
19	the page, "Impression: Normal chest."
20	Signed by or initialed by W.J. Comeau, M.D.
21	Plaintiffs' Exhibit 21-48, dated
22	
	4-7-91, "Employee Education Training and
23	Incentive Awards Record."
24	THE COURT: How many more do you
25	intend to refer to?
	1822
1	MR. HOWARD: Judge, I have probably
1 2	
2	MR. HOWARD: Judge, I have probably ten more, and then I have several to show on
	MR. HOWARD: Judge, I have probably
2 3 4	MR. HOWARD: Judge, I have probably ten more, and then I have several to show on the Elmo and a tax return, so I'll probably be another 10 or 15 minutes.
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6 seek leave of the Court to do it. The second issue deals with Dr. Julius 7 8 Richmond who is the former Surgeon General 9 of the United States of America who we had listed by deposition, but we advised him 10 11 last week we intended to bring him in person 12 to testify, and I believe Mr. Ohlemeyer told 13 me they would have an objection to that. 14 Obviously, I didn't want to fly him all the 15 way out here from Boston if Your Honor is persuaded they're correct. I'm prepared to 16 17 argue that after lunch or whenever you want 18 to. I just wanted to bring those to your 19 attention. THE COURT: Is there an objection 20 21 to that witness, Counselor? 22 MR. OHLEMEYER: Yes, there is, Your 23 Honor. He's not on their witness list. The 24 transcript of his deposition was contained 25 on the list of 140 depositions the plaintiffs filed as a supplemental exhibit 1 list, so I never had to make a decision as 2. 3 to whether or if I should depose 4 Dr. Richmond in this case. He was never 5 listed as a witness. They have a deposition transcript that 6 they have suggested to the Court and to 7 8 9 to use in this case. And I assume there 10 will be some objections to portions of that 11 testimony, and I assume there is 12 be played. But at this point I object to 13 14 15 plaintiffs' lawyers at the time they filed 16 17 witness list. 18 19

counsel in pretrial filings that they wanted cross-examination of that testimony that can bringing a live witness who was known to the plaintiffs' lawyers who was available to the their witness list but not included on their

With respect to the first issue, the asbestos issue, I think, Your Honor, that is even a more egregious request from plaintiffs' counsel. Dr. Roggli has been identified -- there is no dispute in this case that Dr. Roggli has written a textbook on how to do that analysis. There is no

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dispute in this case that Dr. Roggli was identified as an expert in this case by the plaintiffs' lawyers as early as February of 1995 when he wrote them his letter describing his opinions in the case. Dr. Kocoshis suggested to Dr. Turner as early as 1993 that that kind of analysis might be helpful in a case like this.

And quite frankly, the plaintiffs have the burden of proof in this case, and they've brought doctors in here and they will bring doctors in here to tell you that they have opinions about the cause of this woman's disease. And if the plaintiffs' lawyers and Dr. Roggli thought that was something that was necessary in order to

form an opinion about the cause of Mrs. Wiley's disease, they had the time, they had the ability, and they had the opportunity to do it before trial.

So I don't think in the middle of trial, once again at 1:30, now we're on lawyer time, not jury time, the plaintiffs' lawyers are asking you to reopen the evidence and change their case. This is the

case they have decided to try. They ought to try it. If they don't like the case, or they don't like things that are going on in the case, that's just part of what being a lawyer and preparing a case and putting evidence on requires. But I don't think, Your Honor, there is any reason at this point to open this up to a situation where now they want an expert to do a test, we might want an expert to do a test, and we've got to put evidence on about what the tests mean when they could have done all of this before trial. If they thought it was important, they should have.

MR. MOTLEY: Your Honor, that's an amazing statement by Mr. Ohlemeyer, given the fact that the blocks were lost in this case before Dr. Roggli's test was done, and Your Honor issued an order in 1995 prohibiting, precluding any destructive tissue analysis. We couldn't do that after Your Honor's order. They've chosen to raise that to some kind of occult issue in this case, and I don't think, Your Honor, in the order of fairness in this matter that that

should be left out there for the jury to speculate about.

With respect to Dr. Richmond, he was listed as a witness. I don't know what a deposition list is other than a witness list. He was unable to testify at this trial. We finally persuaded him to do it. He is not a witness on the issues of any -let me restate that. He is a percipient witness, Your Honor, on what these cigarette companies did and did not do when he was the Surgeon General of the United States. He is not in here to offer opinions on causation specific to her or anything of that kind. Dr. Richmond was a Surgeon General of the United States. He has been -- it's not a deposition. He misspeaks. It's a trial transcript of an environmental tobacco smoke case where Mr. Ohlemeyer's partner was there. They took a lengthy deposition and Mr. Ohlemeyer's partner cross-examined him in the trial just in the last six months. In the Broin case which was a flight attendants case in Miami. So he has been on our witness list just by reason of the trial

testimony in the Broin case.

2 We were only recently able to persuade 3 him to come to court. 4 THE COURT: When do you intend to call him, Counsel? MR. MOTLEY: I think he was 7 intended to, Judge -- I'll find that out during lunch. I was under the impression it 8 was Thursday, but I'll find out for sure. 9 THE COURT: Tell me again, 10 11 Counselor, why the wait on the testing. 12 MR. MOTLEY: Your Honor, I'm going 13 to have to let Mr. Riley or Mr. Patrick, 14 because I don't want to miscite the dates. 15 Can I ask one of them to respond to Your 16 Honor about when the block was lost and all 17 that? 18 MR. OHLEMEYER: Your Honor, not to interrupt, but let me, in the interest of 19 20 accuracy, not fairness, say two things about 21 what Mr. Motley just said. The order that 22 you entered that prohibited destructive 23 testing was an order that was requested by 24 the plaintiffs. There has been destructive 25 testing in this case, and it has been by the 1 agreement of the parties. With Dr. Cagle, they asked us, there is an order that 2 prevents us from doing this, do you have an 3 objection to it? We said we have an 4 5 objection unless you do this, this, and 6 this. And they did that. And we didn't 7 involve the Court in that because we worked it out without wasting the time. So that procedure has been in place since day 1, and it was utilized by these lawyers. 10 The second point, in accuracy or 11 12 fairness, is Julius Richmond is not on their witness list. I defy them to show you a 13 14 witness list where his name appears. THE COURT: Thank you. 15 16 MR. MOTLEY: What is a deposition 17 list? THE COURT: Who is going to speak 18 19 to the testing? 20 MR. MOTLEY: I think they're 21 getting the dates together, Your Honor. MR. PATRICK: Your Honor, Charles 22 23 Patrick on behalf of the plaintiffs. My 24 understanding is that Dr. Roggli's original 25 report was issued in February of 1995. At that time, for whatever reason, the tissue 1 2 blocks had been misplaced by the hospital, 3 and we did not have access to that for him to do the destructive testing or the 5 asbestos fiber analysis. You entered an order in March of 1995 6 7 requiring agreement of the parties in order 8 to do such destructive testing at some point 9 thereafter, and we'll have to establish the date. The tissue blocks were then found and 10 11 identified. And Mr. Ohlemeyer is correct 12 that we did have agreement of the parties as

far as Dr. Cagle's experimentation is 13 14 concerned, but the issue of the asbestos was 15 brought up in the cross-examination of 16 Dr. Roggli and put into issue in this case 17 by the defendants. 18 So at this point it seems that it would be a proper matter for rebuttal to be able 19 20 to put Dr. Roggli on and to say -- for him 21 to testify that yes, I've gone to that extra 22 step. I've looked at the tissue for 23 asbestos bodies, did not see any, but I've gone that extra step and I've looked at the 24 25 tissue under the electron microscope, and I can't find levels of asbestos that are 1 2 anything other than what someone off the street may have as opposed to someone who 3 4 may be exposed to asbestos beyond 5 background. 6 THE COURT: You said rebuttal. Are 7 you telling me you want to recall the doctor 8 in your case in chief? 9 MR. MOTLEY: Or in rebuttal, Your 10 Honor. We just need to do the test and give 11 them an opportunity to look at the results 12 and take his deposition or have him test it himself, rather than wait until our case is 13 over, and then they would have this 14 15 timeliness issue they've raised. 16 MR. OHLEMEYER: May I speak to 17 that? It's not proper rebuttal. Just because he gets cross-examined and just 18 19 because we can point out there are things he might have considered or considered and 20 ruled out in forming an opinion doesn't mean 21 22 they can bring him back in rebuttal to say 23 now I've considered them. They've put this man who is an expert 24 25 who has an opinion about the cause of her 1 disease. Whether we can test that opinion 2 on cross-examination doesn't open the door from rebuttal from that same expert. That 3 4 matter is their case in chief. Rebuttal is 5 new matter. Rebuttal is factual, quite 6 frankly, it's not more opinions from the 7 same witness. 8 MR. MOTLEY: We're glad to bring him as the last witness in our case in 9 10 chief. MR. OHLEMEYER: You brought him 11 12 once and we cross-examined him and it took a 13 day and a half. If you don't like his 14 answers, you've got to live with them. 15 THE COURT: I want to tell 16 everybody this one time and one time only. 17 There will be no more conversation among the 18 lawyers. If you have a comment, make it to 19 me. 20 MR. OHLEMEYER: I apologize, Your 21 Honor. 22 THE COURT: Mr. Wagner. 23 MR. WAGNER: This is a calm

comment. We've been sitting here in this 2.4 25 courtroom now for several days, and there is 1 hardly a day that has ever gone by that we haven't been and the Court hasn't been 3 approached to do something that I've never seen before. I've never seen lawyers in the 4 5 middle of a case want to do more discovery. I've never seen lawyers in the middle of a 6 case want to do testing that would distract 7 us all from the trial of this case. 8 9 I would respectfully like to suggest that we need to try this case, we need to 10 11 try it as it was prepared and presented 12 before the first day of trial in accordance 13 with your order, discovery orders, and get 14 on with the trial of this case. If we 15 don't, Judge, I'm going to sell my March 16 15th vacation tickets. 17 MR. MOTLEY: We have no objection 18 if Mr. Wagner wants to leave on March 15th 19 if we're not through with trial. THE COURT: All right. At this 20 21 point my thought is to deny the request for 22 destructive testing. However, I don't see a 23 problem with calling the Surgeon General in 24 as a live witness. I will direct that plaintiffs make him available for 25 1834 1 consultation with Counsel at least for an 2 hour prior to his testimony. We'll break for 45 minutes, Counsel. 3 (The hearing was recessed for lunch.) 4 MR. CASSELL: All rise. 5 THE COURT: Be seated. Jury back 6 7 in its entirety together with the 8 alternates. 9 We are reviewing certain exhibits, 10 Mr. Howard, you may continue. 11 MR. HOWARD: Good afternoon. 12 Your Honor, that concludes the exhibits 13 that were in the handout, but I'll have some more here, and Plaintiffs would offer 14 Plaintiffs' Exhibit 21-42. That is a copy, 15 16 Your Honor, of this and we ask permission of 17 the Court to substitute that for this. 18 this to the jury. 19 THE COURT: Any objection to 21-42? 20 MR. OHLEMEYER: No, Your Honor. 21 THE COURT: All right. 21-42 will 22 be admitted. 23 (Plaintiffs' Exhibit(s) 21-42 received 24 in evidence.) 25 THE COURT: All right, Mr. Howard. 1 MR. HOWARD: Your Honor, Plaintiffs would now offer into evidence Plaintiffs' 2 Exhibits 17-2 through 17-8, and I have the 3 4 originals. We would request permission of 5 the Court to offer substitutes rather than 6 the original of the documents. 7 MR. OHLEMEYER: No objection, Your Honor.

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                    THE COURT: Plaintiffs' Exhibits
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           17-2 through 17-8 inclusive will be
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           admitted. Copies may be substituted.
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               (Plaintiffs' Exhibit(s) 17-2 through
           17-8 received in evidence.)
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                   MR. HOWARD: We would like to show
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           these on the monitor.
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                    THE COURT: All right.
                    MR. HOWARD: For 17-2, 17-3, 17-4,
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           17-5, 17-6, 17-7, and 17-8.
                Plaintiffs would now offer into
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           evidence Plaintiffs' Exhibits 26-1988F,
           26-1989F, and 26-1990F.
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                   MR. OHLEMEYER: No objection, Your
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          Honor.
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                   THE COURT: 26-1988F, 26-1989F, and
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           26-1990F will be admitted.
                                                1836
                (Plaintiffs' Exhibit(s) 26-1988F,
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           26-1989F, 26-1990F received in evidence.)
                   MR. HOWARD: Thank you. Your
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           Honor, we have copies of those for each of
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           the jurors, and then I will highlight a
 6
           portion of that on the monitor.
 7
                   THE COURT: We'll use the same
          procedure in case defense wants to highlight
 9
           anything.
                   MR. HOWARD: Plaintiffs' Exhibit
10
           26-1988F, page 1, Philip E. and Mildred E.
11
12
           Wiley, 1988 tax return, line 7, wages,
13
           salary, tips, $54,720. Going to the last
14
           page, Form W-2 wage and tax statement,
15
           Mildred E. Wiley, $35,375, 1988.
               Plaintiffs' Exhibit 26-1989F, Philip E.
16
           Wiley, Mildred E. Wiley, 1040 U.S.
17
           Individual Income Tax Return, 1989, line 7,
18
19
           $57,527. Last page, W-2 wage and tax
           statement, Mildred E. Wiley, 1989,
20
21
           $38,264.86.
22
                Plaintiffs' Exhibit 26-1990F, 1040 U.S.
23
          Individual Income Tax Return 1990, Philip E.
24
          and Mildred E. Wiley, line 7, $60,017. Last
          page, Form W-2 wage and tax statement,
25
                                                1837
 1
          Mildred E. Wiley, $38,531.90.
 2
                Your Honor, that's all of the exhibits.
           I don't know if the Court wants to allow the
 3
           jurors more time to look through the
 5
           documents or what, but that's all we have to
 6
           present at this time.
 7
                   THE COURT: Just hand them down
 8
           then if you're finished. Bailiff will pick
9
           them up.
10
                Call your next, Mr. Howard.
11
                   MR. CROSS: If the Court please, I
12
           will conduct the direct examination of the
13
           next witness.
                   THE COURT: All right, Mr. Cross.
14
                    MR. CROSS: Mrs. Betty Hughes.
15
16
           I'll ask the Court's indulgence while we
17
          bring her from the other room.
18
                   THE COURT: Sure. Would you raise
          your right hand.
19
```

```
20
        PLAINTIFFS' WITNESS, BETTY HUGHES, SWORN
21
                  THE COURT: Would you have a seat
22
         right there, please. Would you tell the
23
          jury your name, ma'am?
24
                   THE WITNESS: Betty Hughes.
25
                   THE COURT: Spell your last name.
                                             1838
                   THE WITNESS: H-U-G-H-E-S.
                   THE COURT: Thank you. Mr. Cross.
 2
 3
                   MR. CROSS: Thank you, Your Honor.
 4 DIRECT EXAMINATION
 5 BY MR. CROSS:
      Q Mrs. Hughes, where do you live?
 6
 7
      A In the country, actually, between [DELETED]
 8
      Q And that's in [DELETED]?
 9
     A Yes, it is.
10
     Q And who lives with you there?
11
12
     A My husband, Rex.
13
     Q Are you employed at this time?
     A No, I'm retired. I take it back. I do
14
          answer the phone for my husband's business.
15
16
          He does have a little business, so I answer
          the phone.
17
18
     Q Okay. Let me ask you a question, and I'm
19
         going to remind you that you're under oath
          so you have to answer truthfully. How old
20
          are you?
21
     A
          I'm 71.
22
     Q When were you born?
23
24
     A January 30, 1927.
25
     Q Now, you have -- you do -- you perform the
                                             1839
         service of answering for your husband's
 1
          business?
 2.
 3
     A Yes, I do.
 4
         How old is your husband?
      Q
 5
      Α
          74.
     Q What is his name?
 6
 7
     A Rex.
     Q When were you and Rex married?
     A In 1985.
 9
      Q 1985?
10
      A I'm sorry. 1981.
11
     Q Okay. Are you a little nervous up there?
12
13
     A Naturally, a little bit.
14
     Q All right. Well, you just take deep breaths
15
         and try to talk to the jury so they can hear
16
         what you have to tell them today.
     A All right.
17
     Q Now, prior to your answering the telephone
18
19
          for your husband's business, did you have a
20
          career or profession?
21
     A You mean since I retired?
22
     Q No, since before that. Earlier in your
23
         life, did you have a career?
     A Before I went to the hospital?
24
      Q Before you retired.
25
 1
     A Before I retired, yes, I was a nurse at the
         Marion VA Hospital.
 3
     Q How many years were you a nurse at the --
     A I was there 30 years.
```

```
5
      Q Let me ask you some questions about that.
          Let's go back to, where were you born and
6
7
         raised?
8
      A In Grant County.
      Q So you're a lifelong resident of [DELETED]
9
10
     A Except when I was in nurse's training.
11
      Q Okay. When did you go to nurse's training?
12
13
      A In 1945.
14
     Q And how long were you in training to be a
15
         nurse?
     A I was in the three-year diploma program from
16
          1945 to 1948 and then to Indiana University
17
18
          for my bachelor's degree, I think I
19
          graduated in 1962.
20
     Q So when did you become a licensed nurse?
     A In 1948.
21
     Q And that training, received -- have you
22
23
         heard the phrase, capping of a nurse?
     A Yes. I went through it.
24
     Q Can you tell the jury what that involves.
25
     A This is a bright spot in a nurse's, student
1
2.
          nurse's life. We have satisfactorily, at
          least at my hospital, it was six months
3
          training, and then we have passed the
5
          initial studies so we get our caps. We,
6
          before that, did not have a cap on our head,
7
          so the nurse's cap is placed on our head at
8
          that time.
9
     Q And does that make you an LPN or an RN?
     A No, still a student nurse.
10
11
     Q Okay. What's the next step in a nurse's
         training and education after she receives
12
         her cap?
13
     A The day of graduation.
14
          Okay. And what happens after that?
15
      Q
16
     A Well, then you take a state board exam and
17
         hopefully you pass it.
18
     Q Okay. And if you do pass it, to what does
19
         that entitle you?
20
     A Then you're entitled to your RN.
     Q Okay. And did you take such an exam,
21
22
         Mrs. Hughes?
23
     A Yes, I did, in Illinois.
2.4
     Q So you were licensed as a registered nurse
25
         in Illinois?
                                              1842
1
     A Yes.
2
      Q Approximately when was that?
3
      А
4
      Q And where did you go to work after you
5
          became a registered nurse?
6
     A My first job was in the hospital where I
7
          trained at Michael Reese.
8
     Q How long were you there?
      A I think possibly about four months.
9
     Q And could you then tell the jury where you
10
          went and where you worked and the kinds of
11
12
          things you did up until the time you went to
         the Marion VA Hospital.
13
14
     A Okay. At that hospital, I worked on a
15
          circumcision and tonsillectomy ward. I
```

```
16
          would come in the morning and take care of
17
          their children that had their tonsils out
18
          and circumcisions. Then when they went
19
          home, I made up the beds and made them ready
          for the next day.
20
21
               Then my next job was working in a
          doctor's office, and I worked there for six
22
23
          years. Family practitioner.
      Q So you -- where was the doctor's office, the
24
          family practitioner you worked for?
25
                                               1843
 1
      A In Fairmount, Indiana.
      Q Okay. And what was the name of that doctor?
 2
      A Actually I worked for two. I worked for one
 3
          for six weeks, Dr. Belshaw, then he moved
 4
 5
          from Fairmount, and I worked for Dr. Dale
          Kina.
 6
 7
          And then you went from there to the
          Veteran's Administration?
 9
     A Yes, I did.
      Q Why did you take a job at the Veteran's
10
          Administration from the one that you had
11
          with the doctors in Fairmount?
12
13
     A I felt like it would be a good place to use
         my nursing skills.
14
15
     Q And what year was it exactly that you went
          to work at the Veteran's Administration?
16
     A When I went to work?
17
      Q Yes. What year was that?
18
19
      A
          1955.
20
     Q Now, I want to go back in time to the time
21
         that you were capped. Can you tell the jury
         what the Nightingale pledge is?
22
     A It's a pledge where we say that we will be
23
          ethical in our nursing, that we will
24
25
          consider the patient and will not do
                                               1844
          anything to hurt him but do everything to
 1
          try to help him that we can.
 2
 3
      Q Do the patients -- I'm sorry. Do the
          nursing students have to take this pledge at
 5
          any point in time in their education?
      A The nursing assistants?
 6
 7
      Q
         Yes.
 8
      A No.
9
      Q And when did you first learn of the
         Nightingale pledge?
10
11
     A During my nurse's training.
      Q And did you take that pledge?
12
13
      A Yes, I did, at capping time.
14
      Q Do you subscribe to that pledge today?
15
     A Yes, I do.
16
                   MR. CROSS: May I approach the
17
          bailiff, Your Honor?
                   THE COURT: Sure.
19
     Q Mrs. Hughes, I'll hand you a document that's
20
          been marked for identification as
          Plaintiffs' Exhibit 22. And could I ask you
21
22
          to identify for the Court and the jury what
23
          is contained on that particular document?
24
      A That is a copy of the Florence Nightingale
25
          pledge.
```

Who was Florence Nightingale? 1 A She was the one that was -- one of the 2. 3 beginning nurses. 4 MR. CROSS: Your Honor, at this 5 time the plaintiffs would like to move into evidence Plaintiffs' Exhibit 22. 6 7 MR. OHLEMEYER: No objection, Your 8 Honor. 9 THE COURT: 22 will be admitted. 10 (Plaintiffs' Exhibit(s) 22 received in 11 evidence.) 12 MR. CROSS: May I ask the Court for permission to ask Mrs. Hughes to read that 13 14 document to the jury. 15 THE COURT: Would you read that to the jury, please. "I solemnly pledge myself 16 17 before God, and in the presence of this 18 assembly, to pass my life in purity and to 19 practice my profession faithfully. I will 20 abstain from whatever is deleterious and mischievous, and will not take or knowingly 21 administer any harmful drug. I will do all 22 in my power to maintain and elevate the 23 24 standard of my profession, and will hold in 25 confidence all personal matters committed to my keeping and all my family affairs coming 1 to my knowledge in the practice of my 2 profession. With loyalty I will endeavor to 3 4 aid the physician in his work, and devote 5 myself to the welfare of those committed to my care." 6 7 And did you subscribe to that pledge at the time of your capping ceremony? A Yes, I did. 9 And during your 30 years as an active nurse, 10 11 did you follow that pledge to the best of your abilities? 12 13 A Yes, I did. 14 Q Now, you have been active with a particular 15 group -- in fact, you attained an office with that group at one point in time; isn't 16 17 that true? 18 Yes. Q Can you tell the jury the name of that group 19 20 you've been associated with? 21 A You're speaking about the American War 22 Mothers. 23 Q Yes. What exactly is the American War 24 Mothers? 25 All the members of this organization 1847 currently have children or have had children 1 2 in the military. Q All right. 4 A We do a lot of work with the veterans. 5 Q What kind of work do you do with the 6 veterans? 7 We work both in the community and in A 8 hospitals, volunteering with them mainly, 9 and we do help them sometimes with money, 10 things that they need. Is this a local group or a regional group? 11

It's a national group. 12 Q And how long have you been associated with 13 this particular group? 14 15 A Since the early '60s I believe. Q And did you, in fact, attain an office in 16 17 this group? A I was the national president for two years. 18 Q And did you attain any recognition for your 19 20 office holding as president of the National 21 War Mothers? A Well, I got a Who's Who, got the plaque on 22 my birthday this year. 23 Q You've been mentioned in Who's Who? 24 25 A Yes. 1 Q Okay. Now, since -- do you still -- you retired from the VA in what year, 2 Mrs. Hughes? 3 4 A 1985. 5 Q And have you continued to have any association with the Veteran's 6 7 Administration Hospital in Marion since your time of your retirement? 8 A Yes, with the American War Mothers, I 9 10 usually volunteer about once a month out 11 there. Q Now, from 1955 when you first went to the VA 12 Hospital to 1985 when you retired, was your 13 term of employment with that hospital 14 15 continuous? 16 A Yes, it was. Q So you never took any year-long leave of 17 18 absences to go anywhere? A No. No. 19 Q Let's go back to 1955 when you first assumed 20 21 employment in the Veteran's Administration. 22 What was the -- you were an RN at that time; 23 correct? 24 A Yes, I was. 25 Q And you had not yet had a bachelor's degree. 1 I think you said you got your bachelor's degree from Indiana in 1962? 2 3 I believe it was '62. Q Why, if you already had a job as an RN in a 4 5 hospital, government hospital, why would you go take additional education? 6 7 A Well, I wanted to keep current, for one 8 thing. And also, we got a better salary. We were in line for better positions if we 9 10 had more degrees. 11 Q How were you able to complete a bachelor's 12 degree at Indiana University if you were 13 maintaining a full-time job at the Veteran's 14 Administration Hospital? 15 A I went evenings and on my days off. Q Where did you go? 16 A Indiana University. 17 18 Q At the Bloomington campus? 19 A At Bloomington, and a few classes in Marion 20 and a few classes in Indianapolis and 21 22 Q So you would be driving to all these cities

```
23
          at night?
24
      A That's right.
     Q After the end of your day?
25
                                               1850
 1
     A That's right.
      Q Now, in 1955, when you first went to the
 2
          Veteran's Administration Hospital as a
 3
 4
          fairly new registered nurse, what was your
          first job? What did they make you do the
 5
 6
          first time you went there?
 7
      A I think the first building I was on, I was
          with more or less geriatric patients.
      Q And what did you do for them? What kinds of
 9
          things did you do?
10
                   MR. OHLEMEYER: Excuse me, Your
11
12
          Honor, I don't mean to interrupt, but --
13
                   MR. CROSS: Then don't.
14
                   MR. OHLEMEYER: Excuse me,
15
          Mr. Cross. I think this is irrelevant,
16
          1955.
17
                   MR. CROSS: I'm building up the
          foundation of this woman's knowledge and
18
19
          expertise as a nurse to lay a foundation for
20
          what she's going to testify to as to what
21
          was common to all nurses during the relevant
22
          years.
                   MR. OHLEMEYER: This witness is a
23
          fact witness and a percipient fact witness.
24
                   THE COURT: All right. I'll hear a
25
 1
          little more of it, Counselor. Go ahead.
      A I'm sorry, what was the question?
 2
      Q What kinds of things did you do for these
         people in the geriatric wards?
     A I tried to motivate them to do as much for
 5
          themselves as they could. They were mainly
 6
 7
          psychiatric and geriatric with some medical
          problems, and we worked hard to try to
 8
9
          motivate them to want to help themselves in
10
          self-care.
11
     Q How long did you work in the geriatric wards
          of the hospital?
12
      A Possibly altogether, around 20 years.
13
14
     Q So you went back to those wards from
          different times?
15
16
     A Yes, I did.
17
     Q Did there come a time, Mrs. Hughes, when you
18
          went to work in Building 16 of the Veteran's
19
          Hospital?
20
     A Yes.
      Q When was that?
21
     A I believe in 1957 I went over there first.
22
     Q And in 1957, what kind of a ward was the
23
24
         Building 16?
25
     A At that time, it was an acute psychiatric
1
          ward. We had patients of various ages, and
 2
          it was the most acutely disturbed
 3
          psychiatric patients.
 4
     Q And what do you mean by acutely disturbed?
 5
     A I guess maybe nowadays they would be called
          hyperactive, and we had suicidal patients
          and various classifications.
```

```
8
          And needless to say, these people were all
 9
          veterans, were they not?
10
      A Yes, they were.
11
      Q What was your particular job in Building 16,
          which you first went there about 1957?
12
13
     A I was there a short time as a staff nurse.
          Then I became head nurse there.
14
15
      Q Okay. Now, where was your office -- you
16
          were -- let me ask you this: When did you
17
          become head nurse, if you can recall?
     A I think probably about 1958.
18
     Q And what were your responsibilities as head
         nurse in Building 16?
20
21
     A It was my responsibility to see that all the
22
          nursing service people, which included
          nursing assistants, LPNs and RNs, motivated
23
24
          the patients to help themselves as much as
25
          possible. But at that time, we did not know
 1
          about secondhand smoke.
                   MR. OHLEMEYER: Excuse me, Your
 2.
          Honor. Move to strike the answer as
 3
          non-responsive. I'd ask the Court to
 5
          reconsider the objection to the relevance of
 6
          this witness as a fact witness, and this
 7
          time period has nothing to do with this
 8
          lawsuit.
                   THE COURT: Motion to strike will
9
          be granted. The jury will disregard
10
11
          everything after the witness said, "at that
12
          time we did not know about," jury will
          disregard that. Counselor, let's bring it
13
14
          up to the relevant period here.
               Now, ma'am, I just want you to answer
15
          his questions.
16
17
      Q You all right?
18
          I'm fine.
                   MR. CROSS: Okay. If the Court
19
20
          please, there are a couple more questions
21
          pertaining to this time period that I do
          think have some significant relevance with
23
          respect to her position as head nurse.
                   THE COURT: All right. Go ahead,
24
          I'll hear them.
25
                                               1854
 1
                   MR. CROSS: Thank you.
 2
     Q Where was your office as head nurse?
 3
      A It was in the front of the building, and the
 4
          day room where the patients spent most of
 5
          their day was at the other end of the
 6
          building.
 7
      Q Later on that, the location of the head
 8
          nurse office was moved, was it not?
 9
     A Yes, it was.
10
      Q Where was it changed to?
     A It was changed to right at the edge of the
11
12
          patient day room.
13
     Q Now, when you were -- after you finished
14
          being the -- strike that.
15
               When did your time in Building 16
          exclusively as the head nurse terminate?
16
17
          When did that come about?
18
     A About 1959.
```

And what did you do after that, at the VA 19 20 Hospital? A I went to another building as head nurse, 21 22 and then later on I went to nursing education, and then after I came back as a 23 24 staff nurse. 25 Q Okay. So when did you go into nursing 1 education? A In 1962. 2. Q And from -- and how many years did you serve 3 in the area of nursing education? A Fifteen years. 5 Q And during -- so that would be 1962 to 1977? 6 7 Α Yes. 8 Q During that time period, 1962 to 1977, did 9 you have occasion to visit Building 16? 10 A Yes, I did. I had -- excuse me. Q How frequently would you have reason? 11 12 A When I had students there, I usually spent every part of every day that the students 13 14 were there. Q Every single day you were in Building 16? 15 16 A Yes. Not the full day. I wasn't there the full day. I was there part of the day. 17 18 Q I understand, but you did have occasion to be in there from time to time? 19 20 A Yes. Q Did you have occasion to go into any other 21 22 buildings during that 15-year period? A I was on every patient building. 23 Q Every building? 24 25 A Yes. Q All right. And did you have occasion to go 1 to different shifts of the day? 2 3 During the 30 years that I was there, I worked all three tours on every building. 4 Q All three tours every building? 5 6 A Yes. Yes. 7 Q Drawing, with specific reference from the 8 period that you were in nursing education, 1962 to 1977, then I think you said you went 9 10 to become a staff nurse after that? 11 A Yes. Q Okay. So would that be from 1977 to 1985 12 you were staff nurse? 13 14 A That's correct. That's correct. 15 Q Did you have occasion during those last eight years at the VA Hospital to travel to 16 17 different buildings? 18 A Occasionally, but most of the time I spent 19 on one particular unit at that time. 20 Q Okay. And did those units change from time 21 to time, different buildings, different 22 shifts, different times? A Yes. They changed both patients and then 23 the construction of the buildings changed 24 several times during the time I was there. 25 Q Now, I want to ask you, during the time 1 period that you were there, okay, the time 3 you were involved in nursing education in

```
4
          particular, the 15 years when you were
 5
           travelling all over the VA Hospital, did you
          have occasion to observe whether there was
 6
 7
          smoking taking place in the various
          buildings?
9
          Yes, I did.
         Did you have personal knowledge of this?
10
11
          Yes, I did.
      Α
      Q
12
          You observed it with your very own eyes?
13
      A Yes, I did.
      Q Now, with particular reference to Building
14
15
          16, was smoking -- during the years 1962 to
           1977, when you were in there virtually every
16
17
          day, did you notice that the condition was
18
           any different than it was when the time you
19
          were head nurse?
20
                   MR. OHLEMEYER: Your Honor, object
21
          to the question as being leading,
22
          argumentative, and the question --
23
                   THE COURT: Question is leading.
24
           Rephrase that, Counselor.
25
                   MR. CROSS: I will be glad to, Your
 1
          Honor.
      Q Drawing your attention to the time period
 2
 3
          you were in the nursing education function
 4
          of the hospital, all right?
 5
      A Yes.
      Q Those the same years being 1962 to 1977,
 6
 7
          what did you notice about the prevalence of
 8
           smoking in Building 16 as it related to the
 9
          way it was when you were head nurse?
10
                   MR. OHLEMEYER: Objection, Your
          Honor. It lacks relevance during time
11
          periods where Mrs. Wiley didn't work at the
12
13
          hospital or wasn't in the building and lacks
14
           foundation as to when this witness was in
           the building with Mrs. Wiley.
15
16
                   MR. CROSS: It establishes --
17
                   THE COURT: Overruled. You can
18
          answer that question, ma'am.
19
                   THE WITNESS: Would you please
20
          repeat it?
           I will try. Mrs. Hughes, during the time
21
          that you were involved in the nursing
22
          education programs at the Veteran's
2.3
24
          Administration Hospital, what was -- what
25
          can you say about the relationship of the
 1
           smoking that you observed during those years
           versus the time when you were head nurse?
 3
         It was still pretty bad, the smoke in the
 4
          entire building.
 5
      Q And can you tell the jury what it was like
          during the time you were doing nursing
 7
          education?
 8
                   MR. OHLEMEYER: Same objection,
 9
          Your Honor. The question is --
10
                   THE COURT: Objection is noted and
11
          overruled. Except make your question more
12
           specific. What it was like, what was what
13
           like?
14
                   MR. CROSS: All right.
```

How would you describe the amount of smoke 15 16 that was present in the first floor of Building 16 in the years in the later '70s. 17 18 A In the later '70s, there was a lot of smoke all over the building. 19 20 Q All over the building? A All over the building, including the nurse's 21 22 office. 23 Q Did the nurses smoke? A Yes. 24 25 Q Patients smoke? 1860 1 A Yes. Q Did patients in the day room smoke? 2 3 Yes, they did. 4 Q Did the smoke ever go away during the day? 5 A Never. Q And if you went into an office and closed 6 the door, would the smoke go away then? 7 A No. It still penetrated. 8 Q Did you have any air conditioning in your 9 10 office? A Not at the time I was head nurse, I don't 11 12 believe. Q You did have occasion during those years to 13 14 see how much smoke there was in other buildings of the VA Hospital; is that 15 correct? 16 A Yes, I did. 17 Q How would you describe the extent of the 18 19 amount, rather, the amount of the smoke that 20 was present in the other buildings of the VA 21 Hospital with that which was in Building 16? A They were all bad, but 16 was particularly 22 bad, I thought. 23 24 Q Based on your observations of the others? 25 A Yes. Yes. I believe there's been some testimony and 1 2. some statements made during the course of this trial that a lot of the patients who 4 were in Building 16 were particularly physically disabled. Do you recall that 5 6 being true? A That's true. 7 8 Q And were there people who were paralyzed in 9 those buildings? 10 A Yes. We had many post-stroke patients. 11 Q And did these people smoke? 12 A Some of them, yes. Q How could they smoke if they were paralyzed 13 14 or post-stroke? 15 A They were assisted. 16 Q Who assisted them? 17 A Usually it was nursing service person. Once 18 in a while it would be somebody from another department, but usually nursing service. 19 20 Q Did you see this happen with your own eyes? 21 A Yes. I did. Yes, I did. 22 Q And could you tell the jury exactly what they would do, how they would assist these 23 24 25 Depended on the ability of the patient to

```
help himself, but we might even have to hold
 1
 2
           the cigarette in his mouth for him.
 3
          Because of why? Why would you have to do
 4
          that?
 5
      A Because they were unable to do this
          themselves, to hold the cigarette
 6
 7
           themselves.
 8
          What was -- let's go back to the education
 9
           function that you performed. Beginning in
10
           1962, when you started to become an
           educator, is that a proper word, educator?
11
          Nursing instructor is the term they used.
12
      Α
      Q Nursing instructor. Who would you be
13
14
          instructing?
15
      Α
          Who would I be instructing?
      Q Yes, ma'am.
16
17
      A Nursing assistants, and I had a basic course
18
          for them. And then sometimes we had ongoing
19
          education, and I provided orientation
20
          programs for LPNs and RNs also, new people.
21
          So there were basically three different
          types of educational programs that you
22
2.3
          administered?
24
          Yes. Yes. And we even had various levels
25
           of nursing assistants. We had what we
           called an advanced class, in addition to
 1
 2
           their orientation period.
 3
          What is a nursing assistant as opposed to a
 4
          registered nurse?
 5
      A They don't have an RN or LPN but they do a
          lot of good work.
 7
         They just don't have --
      A They assist the patients. They give them
 8
           personal care like bathing, assist them in
 9
10
           brushing their teeth, combing their hair,
          personal hygiene.
11
12
          The nursing assistants would also help in
13
          the patients smoking?
14
      A Yes, and they would have activities with
15
          them to try to motivate them in addition to
16
          the personal care.
17
          So you trained nursing assistants, you gave
18
          orientation courses to new nurses at the
19
          hospital, and you also did continuing
20
          education of a sort to these people?
21
          Yes.
      A
22
      Q What kinds of things would you do in the
23
          continuing education courses?
24
           In the advanced classes, for example, we
25
          might teach catheterization, respiratory
 1
           things like helping with gastro problems and
           this type of thing.
 3
          Now, did you conduct these continuing
```

education courses up until the time that you

When you -- let me ask you this: Was there

In the olden days, I should say when I first

became the staff nurse in the late '70s?

anywhere in the Veteran's Administration

Hospital where smoking was not permitted?

Yes, I did.

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

Α

Α

```
went out there, smoking was permitted
11
12
          anywhere expect in the patients' bedrooms
13
          and in the chapel.
14
     Q Why wasn't smoking permitted in the
          patients' bedrooms?
15
16
     A Could have been a hazard. Could have been a
          fire hazard.
17
     Q So it wasn't concern about whether smoking
18
19
          was --
20
     A No.
     Q So was there anytime of the day -- let me
21
          ask you that way: What part of the day,
22
          while you were involved in nursing
2.3
24
           education, especially in the late 1970s,
25
          would you be in a position not to be
                                               1865
          surrounded by secondhand smoke?
 1
 2
                   MR. OHLEMEYER: Objection, Your
 3
           Honor, relevance.
 4
                   MR. CROSS: It's extremely
 5
           relevant, your Honor. It's probative.
                   MR. WAGNER: It's also prejudicial
 6
 7
           to frame questions like "surrounded by
           secondhand smoke." We need to have more
 8
 9
          precise time frame as to these questions.
10
                   THE COURT: I agree. Make your
11
          question more specific.
          Drawing your attention, again, I'm talking
12
          towards the end of your tenure in the
13
14
          nursing education.
15
     A Yes.
     Q In particular, that would be the late 1970s.
16
17
          Correct?
     A Yes. Until '77.
18
      Q 1977. In 1977, on a typical day, would
19
20
          there be anytime during the course of that
          day, or tell the jury what, how much of that
21
22
          particular day, would you not be exposed to
           secondhand smoke?
23
2.4
                   MR. WAGNER: Your Honor --
25
     A I would be exposed all day long.
1
                   MR. WAGNER: Just a moment. First
           let me make my objection, Your Honor. It's
 2
 3
          not relevant unless it's somehow connected
 4
          to what Mrs. Wiley may have been doing or
 5
          was someplace in the vicinity. All we have
          is this witness' testimony about what her
 7
          experiences were, and those are not
 8
          necessarily germane or connected to
9
          Mrs. Wiley's personal experience.
10
                   THE COURT: I think that goes to
11
           the weight. Overruled.
12
               You can answer -- did you understand
13
           the question?
14
                   THE WITNESS: I'm not sure at this
15
          point.
16
                   THE COURT: The question was in the
17
           late '70s, was there a time when you, you
18
          yourself were not exposed to smoke.
19
                   THE WITNESS: That's right. I was
20
           exposed the entire day.
21
          Again, from the time period that you were at
```

23 24 25		the Veteran's Administration Hospital, I'll just take the whole 30 years, was there ever a time that you can recall that Building 16 did not have smoke in it when you were
		1867
1		there?
2	A	Smoke what?
3	Q	Was there ever a time that Building 16 did
4		not have smoke in it when you were there?
5		MR. OHLEMEYER: Same objection,
6		Your Honor.
7	A	No. It was always there, and we were not
8		aware of secondhand smoke.
9	Q	All right.
10		THE COURT: Objection is overruled.
11 12		Mr. Wagner.
13		MR. WAGNER: Move the answer go
14		out, Your Honor. THE COURT: Motion to strike is
15		denied.
16	Q	Now, was there ever was there ever a day
17	×	during the entire time you worked at the
18		Veteran's Administration Hospital,
19		Mrs. Hughes, that you did not that you
20		were not exposed to secondhand smoke at all?
21		MR. OHLEMEYER: Same objection,
22		Your Honor.
23		THE COURT: I think she answered
24		that question, Counsel.
25		MR. CROSS: I was going to just 1868
1		Building 16.
2		THE COURT: I thought she answered
3		that.
4		MR. CROSS: Okay. I'll move on.
5		THE COURT: All right.
6	Q	When you went home at night, when you went
7		home at night, Mrs. Hughes, what, if any,
8		romindord of mour day at work did mou take
		reminders of your day at work did you take
9	_	home with you?
10	A	home with you? I was completely saturated with smoke.
10 11	А	home with you? I was completely saturated with smoke. MR. WAGNER: Objection, Your Honor.
10 11 12	A	home with you? I was completely saturated with smoke. MR. WAGNER: Objection, Your Honor. THE COURT: Ma'am, let me tell you,
10 11 12 13	А	home with you? I was completely saturated with smoke. MR. WAGNER: Objection, Your Honor. THE COURT: Ma'am, let me tell you, when there is an objection, I want you to
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10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25	A	home with you? I was completely saturated with smoke. MR. WAGNER: Objection, Your Honor. THE COURT: Ma'am, let me tell you, when there is an objection, I want you to stop. THE WITNESS: Oh, I'm sorry. MR. WAGNER: Objection, your Honor. Again, this is irrelevant as to this woman's experiences that aren't connected up to Mrs. Wiley, and I know where this is going, and I think Your Honor does too, so we object for that reason. MR. CROSS: May I respond, Your Honor? Your Honor, the evidence is already established that Mrs. Hughes was in the same building that Mrs. Wiley was during the same 1869 period of time; she was exposed to the same secondhand smoke Mrs. Wiley was. I think it's perfectly legitimate, probative to
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10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25	A	home with you? I was completely saturated with smoke. MR. WAGNER: Objection, Your Honor. THE COURT: Ma'am, let me tell you, when there is an objection, I want you to stop. THE WITNESS: Oh, I'm sorry. MR. WAGNER: Objection, your Honor. Again, this is irrelevant as to this woman's experiences that aren't connected up to Mrs. Wiley, and I know where this is going, and I think Your Honor does too, so we object for that reason. MR. CROSS: May I respond, Your Honor? Your Honor, the evidence is already established that Mrs. Hughes was in the same building that Mrs. Wiley was during the same 1869 period of time; she was exposed to the same secondhand smoke Mrs. Wiley was. I think it's perfectly legitimate, probative to

```
7
           hearing, so she may not be able to hear that
 8
           there is an objection going on.
9
                   THE COURT: I'm going to overrule
10
          the last objection. You may answer the last
11
          question.
12
                   THE WITNESS: Would you repeat it,
13
           please?
14
                   MR. CROSS: I've lost my train of
15
           thought. Do I approach the reporter?
                   THE COURT: The question was, when
16
          you got home from work, during the late
17
18
           '70s, did you have any -- his word -- of
          the smoke in the building?
19
20
          Yes, I did. I could smell it in my hair,
21
          through my clothes.
22
     Q And was that true every day until you
          retired in 1985?
23
     A Yes, it was. From the day I went to the
2.4
25
          hospital till the day I left.
          Did you find the secondhand smoke offensive?
 1
                   MR. WAGNER: Your Honor, objection
 2
          as to what this witness' reactions were.
 3
 4
          Now we're really getting far afield, it
 5
           seems to me.
                   THE COURT: I agree. Sustained.
      Q During the time that you worked there
 7
          from -- let's take the relevant period 1973
 8
          to the time you retired in 1985, did you
 9
10
           ever make any complaints to anyone about the
11
          condition of smoke in the buildings at the
          VA Hospital?
12
13
     A Not really.
14
     Q Why didn't you make any complaints?
                   MR. WAGNER: Objection, Your Honor.
15
                   THE COURT: You can answer that,
16
          ma'am. The objection is overruled. You may
17
18
          answer that.
19
     A Okay. I did not know about secondhand smoke
20
          at that time, and I needed a job, so I put
21
          up with it.
          Was there any other place in the Veteran's
2.2
          Administration Hospital you could have gone
23
24
           to and not been exposed to secondhand smoke?
25
                   MR. WAGNER: Your Honor --
                                               1871
 1
      A No.
                   MR. CROSS: Just a minute.
                   MR. WAGNER: Objection. No time;
 3
 4
           no specific reference.
 5
                   THE COURT: Fix a time, Counselor.
 6
                   MR. CROSS: Between the years 1973
 7
          to your retirement in 1985.
 8
      Α
         No.
 9
                   THE COURT: All right. Objection
          is overruled.
10
      Q Do you know of any other hospital that you
11
12
          could have gone to work as a nurse and not
13
          been exposed to secondhand smoke during the
14
          years 1973 to 1985?
15
                   MR. WAGNER: Objection. Objection,
16
          Your Honor, irrelevant, no foundation.
17
                   THE COURT: The objection is
```

```
sustained. You do not have to answer that.
18
       Q Mrs. Hughes, there has been some testimony
19
         from Mr. Wiley in this case that his wife
2.0
21
          was a member of a safety committee. Are you
          familiar with the safety committee?
22
2.3
     A Yes, I am. I was on it at one time.
      Q What is the safety committee?
24
      A This was a committee consisting of people
25
          from different departments of the hospital,
 1
          and we met to discuss issues that would
 2.
          affect safety. And secondhand smoke was
          never mentioned in this.
 4
 5
      Q What was the --
                  MR. WAGNER: Your Honor, move the
 6
 7
          answer go out. I mean --
                   THE COURT: The last part of her
 8
 9
          answer regarding secondhand smoke will go
10
          out; jury will disregard.
11
               Now, ma'am, all I want you to do is
          answer his questions. Don't volunteer
12
           anything. Just answer what he asks. He
13
          asked you what the safety committee was.
14
15
          Now, tell us again what the safety committee
16
          was.
17
     A This is a committee that was concerned about
          safety of the patients and of personnel.
18
          And it consisted of members from -- people
19
20
          from different departments were on it.
     Q And when approximately were you on the
21
22
          safety committee?
      A I think about 19- -- in the late '70s.
23
     Q And did the issue of patients smoking ever
24
          come up during the context of the safety
25
                                               1873
 1
          committee meeting?
      A No, it didn't.
 2
      Q And as a consequence of any of these safety
 3
          committee meetings, was there ever a change
 4
 5
          carried out in the policy towards smoking at
          the Veteran's Administration Hospital?
 7
     A It wasn't that I recall.
                   MR. OHLEMEYER: Objection, Your
 8
           Honor. Lack of foundation.
 9
10
                   MR. MOTLEY: Can we be heard on
11
          that?
                   THE COURT: There's no foundation
12
13
          yet. That objection is sustained.
14
     Q Did you know, Mrs. Wiley?
15
      A Yes, I did.
      Q How did you come to know Mrs. Wiley?
16
17
     A I met her on the ward. I had students
          there, but I also saw her a few other times
18
19
          other than when I had the students there.
20
          Like when I would take information to the
          building or something for the nurses to
21
22
          have.
23
     Q I think there's been some testimony that
24
          Mrs. Wiley began her career at the Veteran's
25
          Hospital in 1937 and worked until the time
                                               1874
 1
          of her death which was long after you
 2
          retired. How often during that time span
```

```
3
          would you have had occasion to make her
4
          acquaintance or talk to her in any given
5
          day?
      A When I was in the building with the
7
          students, I would have a chance to contact
8
          And this was the time period which you were
9
10
          talking -- when you were coming to Building
11
          16 every day?
12
         Yes.
      Α
     Q So you would have seen -- during the time
13
          you were in nursing education, you would
          have seen Mrs. Wiley every day that she was
15
16
          there?
          Every day that I had students there.
17
      Α
18
      Q And did you become friendly with her?
19
     A Yes, I did.
20
     Q Can you tell the jury what kind of a nurse
21
         she was to your observation?
     A She was very compassionate, very concerned
22
23
          about the patients and in getting them to do
24
          as much for themselves as they could.
     Q And when you saw her, would she be sitting
25
          in her office doing paperwork or would she
1
          be doing something else?
      A Most of the time, when I saw her, she was
3
          out with the patients.
4
          And what do you mean, out with the patients?
5
      A Out at their chairside or bedside, whatever
6
7
          the case. She was not in the office.
8
     Q How many people -- how many patients
9
          approximately were there on the first floor
10
          of Building 16 to your observation?
                   MR. WAGNER: Your Honor, may we
11
12
          have a time?
                   THE COURT: Fix a time.
13
                   MR. CROSS: I'm --
14
15
                   THE COURT: Talking about the late
16
          '70s?
17
                   MR. CROSS: I am, Your Honor. I'm
          talking about the entire time from 1973 to
18
          1977 when she was in there every day and
19
20
          then those frequent occasions from 1977
21
          until her retirement when she would have
22
          occasion to take papers or whatever and go
23
          there. I thought we established that
24
          temporal reference.
     A You asked the number of patients? I'm
25
                                               1876
1
          sorry.
2
      Q
          Yes.
3
      A You asked the number of patients?
4
      Q On the first floor of Building 16.
      A I can't tell you offhand. There probably
          were probably 20 some.
6
7
      Q Okay. And did you have an impression from
8
          the number of, you know, from your daily
          visits initially and then the regular visits
9
10
          thereafter as to how many of those people
          were smokers?
11
12
     A I think probably the majority of them.
13
      Q And did you have an opinion from that time
```

```
14
          period as to how much of the staff would be
15
          smoking?
     A Probably over half of them.
16
17
     Q All right. Did that include the nursing
18
         assistants?
     A Yes, it did.
19
     Q Did that include any of the nurses
20
21
          themselves?
22
     A Yes, it did.
23
     Q Did you smoke?
24
     A No. Never.
     Q Have you ever smoked?
25
                                              1877
 1
      A No.
      Q Did the doctors smoke?
 2
      A Yes, the doctors did.
 3
 4
     Q Do you remember -- let me ask you this
 5
         question: I omitted to go into previously,
         you mentioned that even though -- even some
 7
          of the post-stroke patients and some of the
          paralyzed patients continued to smoke
 8
9
          despite their disabilities. How would they
10
          get cigarettes, if you know?
11
     A Somebody would have to give them to them.
12
     Q And do you know how that was accomplished?
13
     A Probably somebody from nursing service would
14
         give it to them.
     Q And did the nurses ever convey any orders or
15
16
          requests for cigarettes in that regard?
     A You mean as to the kind of cigarettes?
17
18
     Q Yes.
     A Yes.
19
20
     Q And did you personally ever do that? Did
         you convey a request for a particular brand?
21
     A As the head nurse, I had to see that the
22
23
          order was carried out, yes.
24
      Q And do you have any specific memory as you
          sit here today what brands had been
25
                                              1878
 1
          requested during your time period?
                  MR. WAGNER: May we approach?
                   THE COURT: All right.
 3
 4
               (Bench discussion)
                  THE COURT: All right. The
 5
 6
          objection to the last question is sustained.
 7
          Go ahead, Mr. Cross.
 8
                  MR. CROSS: Thank you, Your Honor.
9
     Q After you retired, I believe you stated in
10
          1985 you continued to do volunteer work
11
          through your War Mothers program?
12
      A Yes, I still volunteer.
     Q What do you do as a volunteer now at the
13
14
          Veteran's Hospital?
15
     A We usually will have parties with them. The
16
          type of parties might vary from month to
17
          month.
     Q And was that pretty -- was that fairly much
18
19
          the case after 1985?
20
     A Yes.
21
     Q In other words, that's -- you have parties
22
         now. Is that what you did in 1980, right
23
          after your retirement?
24
     A Yes.
```

25	Q	How often does that take you to the 1879
1		Veteran's Administration Hospital?
2	А	About every month.
3		
_	Q	Once a month?
4	A	Uh-huh.
5	Q	When did the conditions in the buildings
6		insofar as the amount smoked begin to
7		change?
8		MR. OHLEMEYER: Objection, Your
9		Honor, lack of foundation, specificity.
10		THE COURT: Make that a little more
11		specific, if you will.
12	Q	All right. After you retired in 1985, you
13		continued to go out to the Veteran's
14		Hospital about once a month?
15	A	Yes.
16	Q	And did there come a time when you were
17		aware that conditions in the building in
18		terms of the amount of smoke that was in the
19		air began to change?
20	A	After I retired, yes. Because now I
21		understand the buildings are all smoke free.
22	Q	And when did that take place; do you know?
23	A	After I retired, so I can't truthfully tell
24	A	
	0	you.
25	Q	When you retired in 1985, did you have any 1880
1		knowledge as to any health risks associated
2		with secondhand smoke?
3		MR. OHLEMEYER: Objection, Your
4		Honor. Relevance, foundation.
5		MR. CROSS: Your Honor, I
6		established her educational background; she
7		was the person who, in fact, taught
8		continuing education in nursing at the
9		hospital, and she's certainly entitled to
10		know
11		THE COURT: She can answer that.
12		You may answer.
13	А	Would you repeat that again, please?
14	0	I would be more than happy to.
15	Q	
		When you retired from the Veteran's
16		Hospital in 1985, did you have any personal
17		knowledge as to the health risks associated
18	_	with secondhand smoke?
19	A	No, I was not aware of secondhand smoke as
20		such at that time and the hazards of it.
21	Q	Did you ever have any conversation with
22		Mildred Wiley concerning the health risks
23		associated with secondhand smoke?
24	A	No, not with secondhand smoking.
25	Q	Did she ever make any statements to you on
		1881
1		that subject?
2	A	Not on secondhand smoking.
3	Q	Did you ever receive any bulletins from the
4	~	Veteran's Administration concerning
5		secondhand smoke or its possible hazards?
6	А	Never.
7	0	Did you ever receive any bulletins or any
8	×	information from any other source about
9		those problems?
)		chooc problems.

```
10
         No.
11
      Q Mrs. Hughes, I want to show you --
12
                  MR. CROSS: May I approach the
13
          witness, Your Honor?
                  THE COURT: Sure.
15
     Q I want to hand you a photocopy of what's
          been admitted into evidence as Plaintiffs'
16
17
          Exhibit 21-48.
18
                   MR. CROSS: That has been admitted,
19
          has it not?
20
                  THE COURT: Yes.
                  MR. CROSS: Thank you.
21
     Q And ask you if you are familiar with the
22
23
          document such as that?
24
      Α
          Yes, I am.
25
      Q Can you tell the jury what that is.
                                              1882
     A That shows the training she has had.
 1
      O This is -- what is this document? What is
 3
          it a list of?
 4
      A The education and training that she
 5
          received.
     Q Thank you. That's Mildred Wiley, it refers
 6
 7
          to?
 8
     A Yes. Yes.
 9
     Q So this shows the number of -- this is a
10
          three-page document, is it not?
     A Yes.
11
      Q And can you tell roughly the time period it
12
13
          extends over?
14
     A From 1975 to 1991.
     Q To '91?
15
16
     A Yes.
17
     Q And these are a list of courses, are they
18
         not?
     A Yes.
19
     Q Would you have conducted any of these
20
21
          courses?
     A Not in 1975, I don't believe.
22
     Q Okay. But would you have conducted -- let's
23
          see. There's 1975 through '77, there are a
2.4
25
          few there. Would you have conducted any of
 1
          those?
 2
     A Let me see. Yes, I probably had the reality
 3
          orientation.
 4
                  THE COURT: Say that again.
 5
     A Reality orientation.
 6
     Q You are referring to --
 7
          The reality orientation workshop.
      Α
 8
          -- the last item on page 3, April 29, 1975?
      Ο
          Yes.
 9
      Α
10
     Q Realty orientation workshop?
11
     A Yeah.
12
      Q You would have conducted that course?
13
     A Yes.
      Q In any course that you conducted or was
14
15
          given to you during your time at the
16
          Veteran's Administration Hospital, was there
17
          ever a mention or presentation made
          concerning secondhand smoke?
18
19
     A Never.
20
      Q Do you today, as you sit here today, do you
```

```
have any physical problems as a result of
21
22
          that secondhand smoke?
23
                   MR. OHLEMEYER: Objection, Your
24
          Honor.
                   MR. WAGNER: Objection, Your Honor.
25
                   THE COURT: I think I'll sustain
 1
 2
          that, Counselor.
 3
                   MR. CROSS: May I have a moment to
 4
          confer with my colleagues?
 5
                   THE COURT: Yes, sir.
                (A discussion was held off the record.)
 6
 7
                   MR. CROSS: Thank you, Your Honor.
 8
                   MR. OHLEMEYER: Your Honor, I
9
          object to any question of this fact witness
10
          that begins with Mr. Cross writing this word
11
          on the board.
12
                   MR. CROSS: May I speak?
13
                   MR. OHLEMEYER: If he wants to
          speak, I'd like to speak in sidebar about
14
15
          it.
                   THE COURT: All right. Come up.
16
17
                (Bench discussion)
18
                   THE COURT: Go ahead, Mr. Cross.
19
                   MR. CROSS: Thank you, Your Honor.
20
          We've used up a lot of paper so far.
21
      Q Mrs. Hughes, can you see that?
      A Yes, I can.
22
      Q I've written a word on there, nitrosamine.
23
24
          Let me ask you --
25
                   MR. WAGNER: Nitrosamines.
                                               1885
 1
                   MR. CROSS: Nitrosamines. Thank
 2
          you very much.
         Are you familiar with that word?
 3
         No, I am not.
 4
      Α
 5
          Have you ever seen that word before today?
 6
      A No, I haven't.
 7
     Q I'm going to write another word and ask you
 8
          the same question.
9
                   MR. WAGNER: Your Honor, objection.
10
          You can see where we're going to go.
                   MR. CROSS: One more.
11
                   THE COURT: One more? All right.
12
13
     Q I've written the word benzo(a)pyrene on
14
          there. Have you ever heard of that?
15
     A Yes, I have.
16
      Q What context have you heard of that?
17
     A In connection with smoking.
18
      Q Do all nurses take that pledge that you read
19
          to the jury?
20
         The Florence Nightingale pledge, yes, we do.
     Α
21
     Q And is it your understanding that that
22
          pledge requires you to not do anything which
23
          would harm a patient?
24
                   MR. WAGNER: Your Honor --
     A That's right.
25
 1
                   MR. WAGNER: It seems to me it
 2
          speaks for itself. We don't need the
 3
          witness to interpret. The pledge speaks for
 4
 5
                   THE COURT: She read the pledge.
```

```
6
          Sustained.
 7
     Q Now, you stated that you indeed follow that
 8
         pledge during your career.
9
     A Yes, I do.
10
     Q Based on your nursing education and your
          overall knowledge during the time that you
11
          worked at the Veteran's Administration
12
13
          Hospital, in your professional opinion, did
14
          you do anything at any time which was
15
          harmful to a patient?
16
     A Never, that I can recall.
     Q With regard to the same issues, did you ever
17
          observe -- did any of your colleague nurses,
18
          did they live up to the pledge to the
19
20
          best --
21
     A I feel that they did.
22
                  MR. CROSS: Pass the witness, Your
2.3
          Honor.
                   THE COURT: All right.
2.4
25
          Mr. Ohlemeyer?
                   MR. OHLEMEYER: I'm going to let
 2.
          Mr. -- I've got a couple.
 3
                   THE COURT: All right.
 4 CROSS-EXAMINATION
 5 BY MR. OHLEMEYER:
 6
      Q Good afternoon, Mrs. Hughes.
 7
      A Good afternoon.
      Q My name is Bill Ohlemeyer. I just have a
 8
9
         few questions for you.
10
               Am I correct that you retired in 1985?
11
     A Yes, I did.
12
     Q And before that, you were a nurse.
13
     A Yes.
14
      Q And for a time you were even a head nurse;
15
          right?
     A
16
          Yes.
17
     Q And I hesitate to use the word, but is the
18
         head nurse the boss of the nurses?
19
     A I suppose you could use that terminology.
     Q And is there a chain of command that --
2.0
     A Yes.
2.1
      Q How does that work, with the head nurse?
22
     A The head nurse on the building is the
23
         highest level. Then you have your staff
24
25
         nurses, which are RNs and LPNs, which are
 1
          licensed practical nurses and nursing
 2
          assistants.
 3
          And do the orders essentially come from the
 4
          head nurse, to the next level, to the next
 5
          level, to the next level?
 6
      A Yes. Yes.
 7
      Q And so who is it that tells the nursing
 8
          assistants what to do?
 9
     A Depending on who their team leader is.
10
          Usually it's an RN.
11
     Q And then would the head nurse tell the RNs
          what to do --
12
13
     A Yes.
     Q -- if somebody needs to deal with the next
14
15
          level of the chain of command?
16
     A Above the head nurse, you mean?
```

Above the head nurse, who is the person who 17 deals with the people above the head nurse? 18 A We have an assistant chief nurse and 19 20 associate chief nurse. The associate chief is in charge of the nursing education, and 21 2.2 the assistant would be in charge of all the 23 staff nurses. 24 So if the head nurse has a problem and needs 25 to deal with it, he or she talks to the --A There is an intermediate between those two. 1 There is a supervisor, area supervisor. I 2 left them out. 3 And by problem, I mean if there's something 4 5 that the head nurse needs from the hospital 6 that he or she doesn't have, there's a 7 procedure by which they can make that --8 A She would go to her area supervisor, and it 9 would go to the assistant chief nurse, to 10 the chief nurse. Q And, likewise, if there are problems that 11 12 the head nurse wants to bring to people's attention, he or she does the same thing. 13 14 A Yes. Yes. 15 Q And in your experience, how would you 16 describe the relationship between the head nurses and the higher ups at the VA? 17 A Hopefully they were good. 18 Q That's the goal, isn't it? 19 20 Α Yeah. Q And with respect to the directors of the 21 22 institution, as a head nurse, did you have 23 occasion to deal with the director of the hospital on occasion? 2.4 A Yes, I did. I got a 25-year pin. Anytime 2.5 we got a pin for years of service, we got it 2 from the director. Q And we saw some exhibits this morning of 3 4 awards Mrs. Wiley got that were signed by 5 the director of the hospital. 6 A Yes. Q Would you have occasion to deal with the 7 8 director of the hospital besides the times 9 when you were getting awards? A Not directly, no. 10 Q You'd have to follow the chain of command? 11 12 13 Q The safety committee that you told us about, 14 can you explain to us who was on the safety 15 committee? 16 A A member from various hospital departments. 17 Q And by various departments, what do you mean 18 by that? 19 A All right. That would include nursing, 20 medical staff, social workers, psychologists, PM and R. That's physical 21 medicine, rehabilitation. There's so many. 22 23 But every department. 24 Q And how would you decide or how would they 25 decide who from those departments should be 1 on that committee?

2 I don't know how the other departments did it, but our chief nurse selected the one in 3 4 nursing service. Q And what was that committee supposed to do? A We were concerned about any safety factors 6 7 within the hospital. Q Now, am I correct that that was not the 8 9 committee that set policy for the hospital with respect to smoking; isn't that right? 10 11 A If it were a problem that we were concerned about, yes, it would include that, but they 12 13 were not the official smoking committee. Is that what you're referring to? 14 15 Yes. There were rules and regulations about 16 smoking that came from the administration. 17 A When they decided to put the patients in particular smoking areas, rather than 18 19 letting them smoke anywhere, I'm sure there 20 were policies that came out at that time. 21 Q And would those policies come from 22 Washington or would they come from Marion? A We got both, if I remember correctly. 23 Q And when I say "come from Marion," I mean 24 25 there from the administrator of the 1892 1 hospital. 2 A Yes. Yes. Q You also mentioned that one of the things 3 nurses did was to keep current, I think you 4 5 used those two words, keep current? 6 A Uh-huh. 7 Q Would you explain that for me. 8 A Tried to keep up on the current knowledge that would be available to nursing at that 9 10 time. Q And how would they do that? 11 12 A By reading journals and going to workshops and this type of thing. 13 14 Q Would they get time off to go to those 15 workshops? 16 A Depended. Some we did and some we had to 17 use our own time off. Q Do you know how often or what percentage of 18 the time nurses would use their own time or 19 20 time off to do that? 21 A I can only speak for myself. I went a few times on my own, yes. 22 23 O The exhibit that they gave you, 21-48, do you still have that in front of you? 24 A No. 25 Is there any -- remember, it's the list of 1 2 Mrs. Wiley's employee education and training 3 Mr. Cross asked you about? A What's your question? 5 Q Well, do you remember what he showed you, that list of courses? 6 7 A Yeah. 8 Q Is there any way to look at this list and 9 figure out how much of this Mrs. Wiley did 10 on her time as opposed to work time? 11 A I wouldn't have any idea. 12 Q As these types of lists go, is that a long

```
list?
13
     A I would say so.
14
15
     Q Most of your nurses didn't do this much --
16
17
     Q -- training?
18
     A No.
     Q And one of the courses, it says here under
19
20
          hours, some of these courses were eight
          hours long; is that right?
21
22
     A Yeah. Might be an all-day workshop.
     Q And it looks to me like Mrs. Wiley was going
23
          to four or five of these a year?
24
     A That's very possible.
25
          And one of them says, JCAHQ, standards for
 1
 2
          nursing care. Is that something to do with
          the joint commission?
 3
 4
     A Sure does.
 5
     Q Tell us what the joint commission is.
 6
      A It's a commission of several people that
 7
          comes in to inspect your hospital.
 8
         And do they do that on a regular basis at
 9
          your hospital?
10
     A Yes.
     Q Would they talk with staff and employees?
11
12
     Q And would they do it in a way that was
13
          anonymous, so the administration didn't know
14
15
          who they were talking to?
16
     A I think they used both secretive and
17
          straightforward --
   Q Okay.
18
19
     A -- interviews.
20
     Q And what was it they were reviewing or
         looking for in general terms?
21
     A They were trying to see where we need to
22
23
          improve patient care.
24
                   MR. OHLEMEYER: Thank you,
25
          Mrs. Hughes. That's all I have.
                                             1895
 1
                   THE COURT: Mr. Wagner.
                   MR. FURR: I just have a few.
 2
                   THE COURT: Mr. Furr.
 3
 4 CROSS-EXAMINATION
 5
   BY MR. FURR:
 6
     Q Hi, Mrs. Hughes. My name is Jeff Furr.
 7
          just have a very few questions. I believe
          you said you were in nursing education
          between 1962 and 1977; is that right?
 9
10
      A Yes. Yes.
      Q And I think you said that you would have
11
12
          been on 16A on every day that you had
13
          students over on 16A; is that correct?
14
     A That's right.
15
     Q But you didn't have students on 16A every
          day, did you?
16
     A No. No.
17
     Q How often would you have had students on
18
19
          16A?
20
     A It was not on a regular schedule. You never
21
         knew when they were going to bring in a new
22
23
     Q Okay. Then you moved on to become a staff
```

```
nurse between 1977 and '85?
2.4
25
          Yes, I did.
      Α
          Where were you assigned when you were staff
          nurse? I didn't get that from your direct
 2
 3
          examination.
          Okay, I was on Building 1, Building 2,
 4
 5
          Building 17, and Building 10 and 11.
 6
          Okay. So during -- between '77and '85, you
 7
          were never assigned to Building 16; I take
 8
          it?
 9
      A No.
      Q You retired in 1985.
10
      A Yes.
11
      Q So you would have retired before Mrs. Wiley
12
13
          became a head nurse; is that right?
     A I believe that's correct.
14
15
     Q I think you said that you didn't like the
         presence of the tobacco smoking in the
17
          building when you were a nurse; right?
     A That's correct.
18
19
     Q Was that -- did you talk about that with
20
          other nurses?
21
     A Not particularly, no.
22
     Q Have you ever talked to Mr. Cross before you
23
          came up here and testified today? With the
          lawyer that asked you questions, have you
24
          ever met Mr. Cross before?
25
                                              1897
 1
         Not until today.
      Q Had you ever met any of the lawyers for the
 2.
         plaintiffs?
 3
 4
     A Yes.
      Q Who have you met?
 5
     A I met Mr. Howard.
 6
 7
      Q Anyone else?
      A And Mr. Young.
 8
      Q And Mr. Young?
9
     A Uh-huh.
10
11
     Q How did you meet them?
12
     A I had a conference with them.
      Q They came out to talk to you?
13
      A Yes.
14
     Q How many times did they come out to talk to
15
16
         you?
17
     A I believe Mr. Howard came three times, and
18
         Mr. Young once or twice.
19
                   MR. FURR: Okay. Thanks a lot,
20
          Mrs. Hughes.
21
                   THE COURT: Redirect, Mr. Cross?
22
                   MR. CROSS: Yes, Your Honor, very
23
          briefly.
24 REDIRECT EXAMINATION
25 BY MR. CROSS:
          Let the record show it was a pleasure to
 1
          make Mrs. Hughes' acquaintance today.
 2
 3
               You stated in response to a question
          from Mr. Ohlemeyer that you kept current on
 4
 5
          nursing and nursing things by reading
          journals and going to workshops; correct?
 7
      A Yes. Yes.
      Q Over what period of time did you read
```

```
9
           journals and go to workshops?
10
          During the whole time I was employed, and I
          still take the American Journal of Nursing.
11
12
     Q You still do that today.
13
     A Yes.
14
      Q Up until the time you retired, do you ever
          recall there being -- the subject of one of
15
16
          those journals or one of those workshops
17
          being secondhand smoke?
18
     A There was never any.
19
     Q Now, in response to a question from
          Mr. Furr, you mentioned a number of other
20
          buildings that you worked in as a staff
2.1
22
          nurse following the termination of your
23
           educational responsibilities.
24
      Α
          Yes.
      Q In those buildings, was the smoke the same
25
           as, worse, or better than what they were in
 2
           Building 16?
                   MR. FURR: Objection, Your Honor,
 3
           this is repetitive. This was covered on
 4
 5
           direct.
 6
                   THE COURT: I think we've been
 7
           through this, Counselor.
                   MR. CROSS: All right.
 9
                   THE COURT: I know we have.
      Q And finally, Mrs. Hughes, you stated that
10
          you would talk to other nurses about various
11
12
          subjects towards the end of your career at
13
          the VA Hospital.
     A Yes.
14
     Q And after reading these journals or going to
15
          these workshops, would you discuss the
16
          subject matter with the other nurses?
17
      A Yes, I did.
18
19
      Q And, finally, did you ever have any
          conversations with any of these nurses about
20
          the subject of secondhand smoke?
21
22
     A No, I didn't.
23
                   MR. CROSS: No further questions.
24
           Excuse me, Your Honor, one moment.
               No further questions, Your Honor.
25
                                               1900
 1
                   THE COURT: Mr. Ohlemeyer.
                   MR. OHLEMEYER: Nothing, Your
 2.
 3
                  Thank you, Mrs. Hughes.
          Honor.
 4
                   MR. FURR: No further questions.
                   THE COURT: Thank you, ma'am, you
 5
 6
          may step down.
 7
                Call your next.
 8
                   MR. CROSS: Your Honor, the
9
          plaintiffs will now call Rex Hughes. We
10
          have to go get him.
11
                   THE COURT: Afternoon.
12
                   THE WITNESS: Afternoon, sir.
                   THE COURT: Raise your right hand,
13
14
          please.
15
          PLAINTIFFS' WITNESS, REX HUGHES, SWORN
16 DIRECT EXAMINATION
17
                   THE COURT: Have a seat right over
18
           there, please.
19
               Would you tell this jury your name.
```

```
20
                   THE WITNESS: Rex Hughes.
21
                   THE COURT: Spell your last.
                   THE WITNESS: H-U-G-H-E-S.
22
23 BY MR. CROSS:
    Q What's your address, Mr. Hughes?
24
25
     A [DELETED].
                                             1901
 1
      Q How old a man are you?
 2
      A Pardon?
 3
      Q How old a man are you?
 4
      A 74.
      Q Are you employed at this time?
     A I have my own business. I'm a locksmith and
 6
 7
         sharpener.
 8
     Q Now, who lives with you at that address?
 9
     A My wife, Betty.
     Q And there was a Betty Hughes that just
10
11
         testified, finished testifying in this cause
12
         just a few minutes ago. Would that be the
13
         same person?
     A That is.
14
     Q All right. How long have you been a
15
          locksmith, Mr. Hughes?
16
     A Since 1972. I've been in business since
17
18
          '84.
19
     Q And where is your locksmith business
20
         located?
     A I work out of my own home.
2.1
      Q And what did you do before 1984?
22
     A I was -- I worked at the Veteran's Hospital
23
24
        at Marion, Indiana. The last ten years I
25
         was there I was locksmith there, and before
          that I was a nursing assistant.
     Q Okay. Let's go back to the beginning of
 2.
          your employment at the Veteran's
 3
 4
          Administration Hospital in Marion. What
 5
          year would you have first started to work
          there?
 6
 7
     A 1958.
     Q And when you first took on employment at the
 9
         Veteran's Administration Hospital, in
         Marion, what did you do for them?
10
      A I was a nursing assistant.
11
     Q And what exactly is a nursing assistant?
12
13
     A Helped -- helped the nurses. I done a lot
14
         of things to take care of nursing -- helping
15
          to nurse patients: Bed baths, showers,
16
          anything it took to help to take care of
17
          them.
18
     Q What kind of training did you have to become
19
          a nurse's assistant?
20
     A In the Army I was -- I done the same type of
21
         work in the Army as what I had done -- as
22
          that type of work there.
23
     Q Same kind of work?
      A Yes.
24
25
      Q Is that where you learned how to do this, in
                                             1903
 1
          the Army?
 2
     A Yes.
 3
      Q Would you tell the jury when you were in the
 4
          Army.
```

5 I was in the Army from 1943 to 1946. During World War II. 6 7 Q And where did you serve? A Two years in the Pacific, I was on -- I spent some time in the Hawaiian islands, but 9 10 I also went on down from there to Saipan. Then from there back to Hawaiian islands, 11 12 from there back down to -- Iwo Jima, 13 Okinawa, into Japan and back home. 14 What was your rank? 15 A When I come out of the service, I was a technician 4th grade, which is the same pay 16 grade as a sergeant. 17 Q And what is it you exactly did in the Army? 18 19 A I done -- I took care of the patients. They came to me. I was in the admission area; 20 21 they came to me, and I saw them before the doctors even saw them sometimes. They came 22 23 in right off the battlefield, right into the 24 hospital. Q And did you receive any medals or awards 25 during your -- for your Army service? 1 2. I received them, but I didn't receive them for many years later. During World War II 3 4 they did not give any medals. They gave us ribbons. A few years back I applied for the 5 medals that I was supposed to have received, 6 7 and at that time they informed me that I had 8 received a Bronze Star. 9 Q What is a Bronze Star? A It's a medal for, I guess, being in close 10 11 contact with the military in a place where we were probably in danger. 12 Q The last question along this line, 13 Mr. Hughes, in all modesty -- rather your 14 15 modesty notwithstanding, the Bronze Star is a pretty significant medal, significant 16 award; is it not? 17 18 A Yes, I think so. Yes. They made higher ones, but it was not the lowest one. 20 Q It was up there, was it not? A Yes. 21 22 Okay. So when you became nursing assistant, 23 how did you come to be a nursing assistant 24 at the Veteran's Administration Hospital in 1958? 25 1905 Went there and applied for a job, and that's 1 2 where I got the job. 3 And were you assigned to a particular 4 building or a particular location or how did 5 that work? 6 I was assigned to the medical ward. At that 7 time that was the only -- at that time we 8 did not have what you call nowadays intensive care, and so we had -- we took 9 10 care of the very, very sick patients. 11 Q What buildings were you in during your time 12 as a nursing assistant? A Started out on Building 25, went from there 13 14 to 124 and 15. From there I went -- was 15 assigned to Building 16.

So you are familiar with the building where 16 17 Mildred Wiley worked? A I worked on the same building that she did, 18 19 Q Did you know Mrs. Wiley? 20 21 A Yes, I did. How did you come to make her acquaintance? 22 Q 23 She was one of the nurses on the building 24 when I was there. 25 Q Now, did there come a time when you no 1 longer worked at the hospital as a nurse's assistant but, in fact, took on another 2. position? 3 Yes. After I worked on Building 16, from 4 5 there I went to engineering, worked as a carpenter, and my official title was 6 7 carpenter/locksmith. I done the locksmithing there as long as it was 9 locksmithing to do. Whenever there wasn't any locksmithing, then I done carpenter 10 11 work. When did you retire from the VA? 12 Q 13 A 1984. 14 Q So approximately how many years did you work 15 as a carpenter/locksmith? 16 A Ten years. I went over there in '74. Q Okay. Now, when you were assigned to --17 when you were assigned to a specific 18 19 building as a nurse's assistant, would you 20 get out and around to other buildings very 21 often? 22 A I went to every building on the entire compound, which very few people out there 23 went to as many buildings as I did. 24 25 I was asking you, is this while you were a 1907 locksmith you were doing this? Or --1 2 A Yes. Yes. 3 Q My question, Mr. Hughes, was when you were a 4 nurse's assistant and you were assigned to a 5 particular building, would you have occasion 6 to go to other buildings? 7 Occasionally I was assigned for a few days, one day or two at a time. One time -- a few 8 9 times I was assigned for a full month on 10 evenings or nights on a different building 11 than I was on. 12 Q But after you became a carpenter or a 13 locksmith, you got around. 14 I was on every building out there. 15 Q Okay. And how often would you get to a 16 particular building? Say, let's -- with 17 specific reference to Building 16, when you 18 were a carpenter/locksmith, how frequently 19 would you get to that building? I would say probably at least a couple of 20 21 times every month. Sometimes more often 22 than that. 23 Q Now, when you worked at Building 16 as a 24 nurse's assistant, did you have occasion to 25 observe whether patients would be smoking?

```
1
          Yes, at that time.
 2
                   MR. OHLEMEYER: Excuse me, Your
 3
          Honor. The question calls for a yes or no.
                   THE COURT: I think you've answered
          it, sir. He asked you whether or not you
 5
          saw that, and you said yes.
 6
                   THE WITNESS: Yes.
 7
 8
          I'm not sure the question contained this, so
 9
          let me cover this ground again.
10
               Did you have occasion to observe
11
          whether the patients would be smoking in
          Building 16?
12
     A Yes, they were.
13
14
                   MR. WAGNER: Excuse me. I don't
15
          mean to interrupt, but I'm sure we don't
16
          have a time frame here.
17
                   THE COURT: You're right. Fix a
18
          time. You're talking about when he was a
19
          carpenter/locksmith for the ten-year period?
20
                   MR. CROSS: No. I think the
21
          question stated when he was a nurse's
22
          assistant, assigned to Building 16.
23
                   MR. WAGNER: But I don't think we
24
          have a date on that, Your Honor.
25
                   MR. CROSS: That was given in
          earlier testimony. I'll be glad to
 1
 2
          establish that again.
                   THE COURT: When were you a nursing
 3
 4
          assistant, what years?
 5
                   THE WITNESS: From 1958 to 1974.
                   THE COURT: Thank you.
 6
 7 BY MR. CROSS:
 8
      Q And when did you work in Building 16,
          Mr. Hughes, as a nurse's assistant?
9
      A From 1971, 1971 to 1974.
10
      Q Did you observe, was it the patients that
11
12
          were smoking?
13
      A Patients and personnel. The only
14
         restriction was, they were not -- nobody was
          allowed to smoke in the bedrooms, patients
          or personnel.
16
      Q And did you have occasion through your
17
18
          observations to reach an opinion as to what
19
          percentage of the patients would be smoking
20
          in Building 16 during that time?
21
     A It would be pretty high. I would say
22
         probably 80 percent.
23
      Q And did you have an opinion from the same
24
          sources as to what percentage of personnel
25
          would be smoking in Building 16?
                                               1910
      A I'm sure it would be over 50 percent.
 1
      Q And when you stated -- you used the word
          "personnel," what did you mean by personnel?
 4
      A I didn't work in personnel.
      Q No. You said personnel, patients and
 5
 6
          personnel would be smoking. Who are the
 7
          personnel?
 8
      A Nurses and nursing assistants, doctors.
 9
      Q Are you familiar with the term "day room"?
10
     A Yes, I am.
11
     Q What is the day room?
```

12	А	Day room is where the patients spend almost
	А	-
13		all of their daylight time in one room where
14		all of them congregate, and they have access
15		to smoking in there, they have access to
16		sometimes some games and other things. They
17		spend their entire day in there.
	^	
18	Q	Now, as a carpenter/locksmith, did you have
19		occasion to observe the ventilation that
20		existed in Building 16 after you became a
21		carpenter/locksmith?
22	A	The ventilation was improved after I left
23		nursing service. They put in some
_		
24		ventilation fans, some of the buildings
25		had I don't remember about 16, but
		1911
-		
1		several of the buildings had what they
2		called smoke eaters. I wondered how much
3		good they done.
		-
4	Q	Why did you wonder that?
5		MR. OHLEMEYER: Objection, Your
6		Honor. Lack of foundation.
7		THE COURT: Overruled. You can
8		answer.
	70	
9	A	The smoke eaters, you could go into a
10		building that had the smoke eaters in, and
11		they had about as much smoke as the other
		-
12		buildings.
13	Q	Did you observe smoking in buildings other
14		than Building 16?
	70	-
15	A	I don't think there was any building out
16		there but what there was smoking in the
17		buildings.
	_	_
18	Q	Was that true in 1984 as well, when you
19		retired?
20	А	Yes, it was.
		•
21	Q	Were there times were the ventilation
22		fans that you referred to, would they run
23		continuously?
	70	-
24	A	No, they did not. In the wintertime, they
25		sucked so much air heat out of the
		1912
1		
1		building that they weren't turned on very
2		much in the wintertime. They tried to run
3		them in the daytime during the summertime.
	^	
4	Q	Did they have the windows on in the
5		summertime? I'm sorry, did they have the
6		windows open in the summertime?
	-	
7	A	The windows had blocks in them so they could
8		only be opened, I think it was, five inches;
9		because the patients, there had been
10		patients crawl out through the windows and
11		commit suicide.
12	Q	So when were the stops put in the windows so
	×	
13		that they could only be opened five inches,
14		if you recall?
15	A	I'm not sure when it was. It was early
16		in after I had worked there just a short
17		time.
18	Q	And were those stops still in the windows in
	×	
19		Building 16 when you retired?
20	А	To the best of my knowledge, they were.
21	Q	Thank you.
22	~	How is your health, Mr. Hughes?
2 2		now is your nearch, mr. nughes:

```
23
                   MR. WAGNER: Objection.
24
           Irrelevant, Your Honor.
25
                   THE COURT: Sustained.
       Q Did you ever have occasion to observe an
 1
           instance when some of the patients in the
 2.
           hospital would be provided free cigarettes
 3
           from someplace?
 5
          Yes. Many years out there, any patient that
 6
           did not have funds of their own, any
 7
          patient, if they did not have funds of their
          own, they were provided free cigarettes.
       Q Do you know who provided those cigarettes?
 9
10
      A I'm not completely sure. Different
11
           organizations donated them. I have heard
12
           that some of the tobacco companies.
13
                   THE COURT: Sir, we don't want you
14
           to guess or speculate here. Just tell us
15
           what you know.
16
     Q Mr. Hughes, did you ever have occasion --
17
          did you ever have occasion to observe what
18
           brands of cigarettes would be provided to
19
           these people free of charge?
20
                   MR. WAGNER: May we approach again,
21
           Your Honor?
22
                   THE COURT: Same issue?
                   MR. WAGNER: Same issue.
23
                   THE COURT: Objection is sustained.
24
                   MR. WAGNER: Thank you, Your Honor.
25
                   THE COURT: You don't have to
 1
           answer that last question, sir.
 2
                   THE WITNESS: Thank you.
 3
           When you were in the military, were you
           provided free cigarettes in World War II?
 5
                   MR. WAGNER: Objection, Your Honor.
 6
 7
           Relevancy.
                   MR. OHLEMEYER: Objection.
 8
 9
                   THE COURT: Sustained.
10
                   MR. MOTLEY: Your Honor, may we
11
           approach the bench on that?
12
                (Bench discussion)
                   THE COURT: The last objection is
13
           overruled. Restate your question,
14
          Mr. Cross. And it had to do with his
15
16
          military service.
17
       Q Mr. Hughes, you were, during the time that
18
          you served in the Pacific theatre in World
19
          War II, were you personally provided
20
           cigarettes at no cost?
21
          Yes, I was.
      Α
22
      Q And were you a smoker at that time?
23
      A Yes, I was.
24
       Q Did you subsequently quit smoking?
25
      A Yes, I did.
                                               1915
 1
       Q How did that come about?
                   MR. WAGNER: Your Honor, objection.
 2
 3
           It's irrelevant as to the --
 4
                   THE COURT: How he quit is
 5
           irrelevant. Sustained.
                   MR. CROSS: All right.
         But you no longer smoke.
```

```
8
           I do not smoke, no, not now.
          What quantity of cigarettes was provided to
 9
10
          you while you were in the military?
11
                   MR. WAGNER: Objection, Your Honor,
          as to relevancy again. We're talking 1943,
12
13
          1946, and it's this witness and not anything
          connected with this case. I don't see the
14
15
          relevancy of any of this.
16
                   THE COURT: That's a fair question.
17
          You can tell us. Objection overruled.
18
          Question was what quantity did they give
19
          you.
          I know they gave -- I smoked a package of
20
          cigarettes a day, and they gave that many.
21
22
           and I think some of them smoked more than
23
          that, and I think they were given more.
      Q All right. And were you given just one
24
25
          brand or different brands, several brands?
 1
                   MR. WAGNER: Your Honor, again, I
 2
          have to object, Your Honor. I can see where
           this is going. It's going --
 3
                   THE COURT: Well --
                   MR. WAGNER: It's going even
 5
 6
          farther than we anticipated, Your Honor.
 7
          This is far beyond the bounds of being
          relevant as to this man --
 8
                   THE COURT: Sustained as to the
 9
          brands he was given.
10
11
                   MR. CROSS: One moment to confer,
12
          Your Honor.
13
                   THE COURT: All right.
                (A discussion was held off the record.)
14
     Q Mr. Hughes, when you were working in the
15
          carpentry/locksmith aspect of your
16
17
          employment, drawing your attention to the
          years 1974 to 1984, did you ever have any
18
          involvement in cleaning the day room in
19
20
          Building 16?
21
     A In cleaning?
22
      Q Yes, sir.
23
      A No. No, sir.
      Q Was there ever a time when there needed to
24
25
          be any work done to the ceiling tiles in
 1
          Building 16, in the day room?
 2
      A Yes. Yes, there was. Many times. The
 3
          ceilings were completely tan from the
 4
          cigarette smoke.
 5
      Q What needed to be done to those?
 6
          They had to clean them with -- they tried
 7
          all kinds of different chemicals to clean
          them with. They used -- I think the last --
 8
 9
          the strongest thing that I know of that they
10
          used was floor tile stripper.
      Q Were you involved in that process?
11
      A No, I was not involved in it. I saw it. I
12
13
          saw them using it.
14
      Q And who was using them?
15
      A The housekeepers.
16
                   MR. CROSS: No further questions,
17
          Your Honor. Pass the witness.
18
                   THE COURT: Mr. Ohlemeyer.
```

```
19 CROSS-EXAMINATION
20 BY MR. OHLEMEYER:
21 Q Good afternoon, Mr. Hughes. My name is Bill
22
         Ohlemeyer.
23
     A Good afternoon.
      Q That process occurred before the ventilation
2.4
25
          systems were in place; right?
 1
     A This occurred even afterwards.
 2.
     Q Am I correct that you were a carpenter --
 3
          let's back up. You were a nursing assistant
          in Building 16.
     A Yes, sir.
 5
      Q Or in other buildings?
 6
 7
      A
          I was, the last that I -- the last that I
 8
          was a nursing assistant was in Building 16.
 9
     Q Okay. So when you switched from a nursing
10
         assistant to a carpenter, your last
11
         assignment was in Building 16?
12
     A Yes.
     Q How long had you been in Building 16?
13
      A Approximately three years.
14
     Q If the evidence in this case is that
15
16
         Mrs. Wiley started working there in August
17
         of 1973, then you were only there when she
18
          was there for about a year; is that right?
19
     A Something close to that, yes.
     Q Do you recall whether -- did you work on her
20
          team or with her group of nurses, or were
21
22
         you in another part of the building?
23
     A I was on her team.
     Q And were you on 16A or 16B?
24
25
     A 16B.
                                             1919
     Q B?
 1
     A Yes.
 2
      Q Do you know whether Mrs. Wiley was assigned
 3
          to 16A or 16B when she started at the VA?
 4
     A At that time, I'm sure she was on 16B.
 5
     Q Is that a fact that should be in her
 6
 7
         employment record somewhere?
 8
     A I suppose it should be.
      Q Have you ever seen your employment records
 9
10
          from the VA?
     A I haven't seen it since I left there.
11
12
     Q Does it describe where your assignment is
13
         in --
14
     A Yes.
15
     Q So we could go to Mrs. Wiley's employment
16
          records and figure out what her assignment
17
          was at any point in time through those
18
          records?
19
     A I suppose. If you're looking, look for
20
         mine, because it's been long enough that I
21
         might have forgotten where I was at.
22
     Q You worked at the VA for a long time?
      A Yes. 27 years.
23
      Q How many?
24
25
      Α
          27 years.
 1
     Q And some of those memories do kind of tend
         to run together, don't they?
 3
     A Yes, they do.
```

```
4
      Q Now, when you became a carpenter -- one more
 5
          question about the nursing assistant. Your
          wife testified a few minutes ago and
 6
 7
          described the fact that she was a head
          nurse.
9
     A Yes.
      Q She also told us there was a chain of
10
11
          command where the head nurses would direct
12
          and supervise other nurses who would direct
13
          and supervise the nursing assistants.
14
      A Yes.
     Q Is that pretty much the way it worked when
          you were working?
16
17
          Yes, it is.
     Q Did your wife ever direct or supervise your
18
19
          work?
     A No. That was -- she was in nursing
20
21
          education, and I took some classes under
         her. At that time we were not married.
23
     Q So you became a carpenter in 1974 then.
     A Yes.
24
25
     Q And then from 1974 to 1984, you were in any
 1
         number of buildings at the VA.
 2
      A I was in every building out there. We
 3
          changed -- during the time that I was
 4
          carpenter/locksmith, we changed every lock
 5
          on every building.
      Q How many buildings are there?
 6
 7
          I'm not sure. There's an awful lot of them.
 8
          There's over a hundred.
9
     Q A hundred different buildings?
10
     A At that time. They weren't all patient
         buildings. I went on a lot of buildings
11
          that were not patient buildings.
12
     Q What would those buildings have been?
13
     A Some of them were maintenance buildings,
14
15
          some just -- everything that they needed
16
          buildings for out there.
17
     Q And then you retired in 1984.
     A Actually retired in '85. I was off for
         several months on sick leave before I left.
19
                  MR. OHLEMEYER: That's all I have.
20
21
          Thank you, Mr. Hughes.
                   THE COURT: Mr. Wagner, Mr. Furr.
22
23
                   MR. FURR: Just one, Your Honor.
24 CROSS EXAMINATION
25 BY MR. FURR:
         Hi, Mr. Hughes. My name is Jeff Furr.
 1
 2
 3
      Q I've got just one question for you. Who
          made the decision not to turn those
 4
 5
          ventilation fans on during the winter?
     A I really don't know who made the final
 7
          decision on them. I do know that they were
          turned off because they drawed too much heat
 8
 9
          out of the building.
     Q That decision would have been made by
10
11
          somebody at the VA Hospital, wouldn't it?
12
      A Yes.
13
                   MR. FURR: Okay, thank you.
14
                   THE COURT: Redirect, Mr. Cross?
```

```
MR. CROSS: Very brief, Your Honor.
16 REDIRECT EXAMINATION
17 BY MR. CROSS:
18
   Q Mr. Hughes, 16A and 16B are not different
19
          buildings, are they?
20
         They're the same building. They were
21
          under -- one was on the first floor, one was
22
          second floor.
      Q Isn't it the fact that the letter A or B
23
2.4
          just designates the floor in Building 16?
25
     A Yes.
      Q So there's a 16A, 16B, and 16C, but those
 1
 2
          are just floors in Building 16?
 3
          That's right.
 4
      Q And lastly, Mr. Hughes, after you were no
          longer a building -- after you were no
 5
          longer a nursing assistant in Building 16,
 6
 7
          in 1974, did you continue to have an
 8
          acquaintanceship with Mildred Wiley?
      A Yes. Whenever I'd go in the building, I
9
10
          would -- we were friendly. I always thought
11
          she was a very nice person.
12
      Q And, in fact, did you maintain that friend
13
          relationship until the time of your
14
          retirement ten years later?
                   MR. FURR: Objection, Your Honor.
15
          This is beyond the scope of
16
17
          cross-examination.
18
                  MR. CROSS: No, it isn't, Your
19
          Honor. They went into the fact that they
20
          left; he only knew her for a year.
21
                   THE COURT: All right. You can
          answer the last. The question was, did you
22
          know her after your retirement.
23
                   MR. CROSS: No.
24
25
   A Not after my retirement, no.
                                               1924
      Q But you did know her from the time that you
 1
 2.
          left Building 16 in 1974 up and to the time
 3
          of your retirement?
 4
      A Yes, I did.
      Q
 5
          And did you --
 6
                   MR. CROSS: That's all. Thank you.
 7
                   THE COURT: Mr. Ohlemeyer.
 8
                   MR. OHLEMEYER: Nothing further,
9
          Your Honor.
10
                   THE COURT: Mr. Furr.
11
                   MR. FURR: No, sir.
                   THE COURT: Thank you very much.
12
13
          You may leave the stand. Do we need ten
14
          minutes?
15
               (Standard admonition)
16
                (A brief recess was taken.)
17
                   MR. CASSELL: All rise.
18
                   THE COURT: Be seated. Now, that
          you are all comfortable, ladies and
19
20
          gentlemen, let me tell you where we are this
21
          evening. There are some matters of
22
          documentary evidence, documents and things
23
          of that nature, that we're going to deal
24
          with at this point. Rather than bring you
25
          in for five minutes, take you out for ten
```

1925

minutes, bring you in for five minutes, 1 2 we're going to dismiss you at this point. We're going to start tomorrow morning again as 8:30. The reason I brought you in, I want to remind you, leave your notes in the jury room, do not talk among yourself about 7 the case, do not read anything in the 8 newspaper about the case or listen to 9 anything on the radio or television. Keep 10 an open mind and above all, do not form or express any opinions at all about this case. 11 We'll start tomorrow morning at 8:30, 12 13 and my plan is to go with the noon break, of 14 course, to around 5:30 tomorrow evening. So 15 under those instructions, I'll see you in 16 the morning. Good evening. 17 MR. CASSELL: All rise. 18 (Outside the presence of the jury) 19 THE COURT: All right. Be seated. 20 Jury is not now present, we're still on the on the record. What does the plaintiff 21 intend to introduce in the way of 22 23 documentary evidence, Mr. Motley? 24 MR. MOTLEY: May it please the 25 Court. Would you like me to pass these up 1926 one at a time or en mass? 1 2 THE COURT: Just hand them all up? 3 Do the defense, do you have a copy of all 4 these? 5 MR. OHLEMEYER: We do, Your Honor, although I'm not sure which list we're 7 working from. MR. MOTLEY: We gave them the 8 9 document, that list right there. MR. OHLEMEYER: All right. 10 MR. MOTLEY: We tried to give them 11 12 the ones we want to try to get in, separated 13 out according to the day we want to do it. 14 THE COURT: All right. MR. MOTLEY: Your Honor, these are 15 the first two, Your Honor. She's assembling 16 17 the rest. This is the Frank Statement. I 18 apologize for illegibility. 19 THE COURT: That's all right. MR. MOTLEY: Judge, this is an 20 21 advertisement placed by all the defendants, 22 save Liggett, in January 1954, in 300 some 23 odd newspapers around the United States. 24 THE COURT: You're referring to the 25 Frank Statement 10245A? 1 MR. MOTLEY: Yes, Your Honor, I am. And what we've given, Your Honor, I believe 3 are copies of the Frank Statement as it 4 occurred in the Muncie newspaper, which is 5 A, and in the Indianapolis, various 6 Indianapolis newspapers. Your Honor, I'll 7 be glad to -- this was placed in the Muncie 8 Star Monday, January 4, 1954. 9 MR. OHLEMEYER: I can shortcut some 10 of this, Your Honor. I have no objection to

11 this as long as we get a legible copy into 12 evidence. 13 THE COURT: It is a bad copy, I 14 agree. MR. MOTLEY: Your Honor, what I 15 16 would like to do, if you don't mind, I'll have this retyped. We can attach a retyped 17 18 version to the actual advertisement. MR. OHLEMEYER: How about if I find 19 20 a clean copy of an actual advertisement. THE COURT: Library can do a 21 photocopy, I think. 22 MR. MOTLEY: That's where we got 2.3 24 this, Judge. THE COURT: Oh, it is. 25 1928 MR. MOTLEY: What I was suggesting 1 2 was, we put that into evidence but we, and I'll make sure they agree that I've retyped it correctly. Then we just type up like a 5 memo form. THE COURT: We will do that unless 6 7 they find a better copy. MR. OHLEMEYER: I can get a better 8 9 copy. 10 MR. WAGNER: Your Honor, the record also ought to reflect when the reference to 11 all defenses was made. We're not talking 12 about non-manufacturing defendants. 13 14 MR. MOTLEY: This is -- goes 15 against the Council For Tobacco Research as 16 well as the manufacturers, excluding 17 Liggett. MR. SHOCKLEY: Your Honor, when 18 it's published to the jury, we'd request a 19 20 limiting instruction as to the holding 21 company defendants, that's American Brands, RJR Nabisco Holdings, Inc., and --22 23 MR. WAGNER: Wait a minute. 24 MR. OHLEMEYER: We'll talk about 25 that. 1929 MR. SHOCKLEY: All right. 1 MR. MOTLEY: We offer it against 2 all the companies who are attached to or, in 3 4 fact, did do cigarette manufacturing, 5 including the holding company. THE COURT: All right. You still 7 request a limiting instruction, 8 Mr. Shockley? 9 MR. SHOCKLEY: Could we be heard on 10 that at a later time, Your Honor? 11 THE COURT: Yes. 10245A and 12 there's no objection to 10245B either? 13 That's Indianapolis Star. 14 MR. OHLEMEYER: That's correct, 15 Your Honor. THE COURT: All right. Those will 16 17 be admitted tomorrow. Actually I'll admit 18 them now. We'll advise the jury tomorrow. 19 (Plaintiffs' Exhibit(s) 10245A and 20 10245B received in evidence.) 21 THE COURT: All right. Go ahead,

22 Mr. Motley. 23 MR. MOTLEY: Your Honor, the next one was 20926. 2.4 25 Your Honor, 20926 is offered against 1 Brown & Williamson and BAT. It is a 1978 2 group research and development conference, 3 Your Honor. 4 Your Honor, the relevance of this is, 5 this document deals both with smoking and health and secondhand smoking and health. 6 7 It contains an admission by the chief scientist of BAT, Dr. S.J. Green, that the 8 9 issue of cigarette smoking and health which 10 continues to this day to be contested by 11 some of these defendants has long ceased to be an area for scientific controversy, 20 12 13 years antedating this date. It was produced 14 by BATCO, in the state of Florida case, Your 15 Honor. It's clearly a corporate admission against interest. We do not seek to enter 16 17 this document against other defendants --18 THE COURT: Understand. 19 MR. MOTLEY: -- at this time. Now, 20 it may come a time when we lay a predicate 21 to offer this under 801(2)(d)(e), which is 22 admission of a co-conspirator. But at this time we seek only to introduce against BAT 23 24 and Brown & Williamson. 25 I can go over some of the other areas in this document, Your Honor, which relate 1 to the relevance of it, but it clearly involves the admission I just stated plus a 3 discussion of the dangers of secondhand 4 5 smoke. 6 THE COURT: Brown & Williamson wish 7 to be heard? MR. OHLEMEYER: Your Honor, this is 8 9 a document apparently, according to Mr. 10 Motley, taken from the files of a company known as British American Tobacco Company. 11 They're not a party to this case. There is 12 13 no evidence, no foundation as to who said any of this. It is somebody's notes on a 14 15 research and development conference. 16 contains hearsay described, some with 17 attribution, some without attribution, and 18 there's no evidence that this was 19 communicated to, agreed to, acted upon, by 20 any of the companies, including Brown & 21 Williamson, parties to this lawsuit. 22 MR. MOTLEY: Well, the last page 23 will show you who wrote it, Your Honor. It 24 says SJG, Sidney J. Green, the head of 25 research and development for the BAT group. 1932 1 Your Honor, under Rule 104, we'll 2 certainly connect up later the 3 interrelationship between BAT Company, Big 4 BAT, and Brown & Williamson, but that's the 5 question of admissibility, generally, relevancy conditioned on fact, matters of

that sort. It's a chicken and egg situation, Judge. As you know, if I don't link up BATCO with Brown & Williamson and BAT Industries, the document will be stricken. But we have to start somewhere, and I didn't choose to start the case with getting into corporate intricacies and all of that, we will, of course, and have listed exhibits which will deal with that. THE COURT: Mr. Reynolds, care to be heard? MR. REYNOLDS: Yes, I do, Your Honor. Since the document is being admitted against two named organizations, one of

MR. REYNOLDS: Yes, I do, Your Honor. Since the document is being admitted against two named organizations, one of those named organizations is not a defendant to this lawsuit. Now, he can talk about Big BAT, little BAT, bat caves and the rest of it. The fact is he has not established that they are not separate corporations. They

are separate corporations. He knows that, as do I, that Mr. Green is not an employee of BAT Industries. He was an employee of British American Tobacco Company. It is a British American Tobacco Company document. They could have sued British American Tobacco Company had they chosen to do so. They did not. And it's the chicken and the egg in this case, I think the Court should make him produce the egg, and then we'll talk about the chicken, or BAT, if you prefer.

MR. MOTLEY: Your Honor, we laid a predicate with our conspiracy proffer, which Your Honor had us spread these facts out in that record, in part, and we've done that, Your Honor. So we've laid -- we've made a sufficient showing of a conditional relevancy here, your Honor, for this document to be admitted.

Again, if it comes a time where Your Honor is satisfied that our theory of impersonna jurisdiction and our theory of liability is not satisfied, all of these documents will be stricken, the ones that

don't so support our claims.

MR. REYNOLDS: Your Honor, we have a piece of paper; the piece of paper has words on it. What they have to do is show that the words on those pieces of paper, in order to introduce it against the defendant in this case, have to meet the rules for evidence against the defendant. They have not shown that BAT, or BATCO referred into there is my client. We know, and they have admitted for other purposes on the record, that there are two such companies. And it seems to me, particularly since I know and I believe Mr. Motley knows that Mr. Green is an employee of British American Tobacco Company, not -- or was at that time, not a defendant in this case, it seems incumbent

on this Court not to admit it at this time 18 19 against the defendant BAT Industries. 20 If, in fact, he can connect it up 21 later, let's see what he can do. Why let it in against us now on some theory that maybe 22 2.3 he will connect it up later. MR. MOTLEY: It's not some theory, 24 25 Your Honor. You've got a rule right here in 1935 your book of evidence that says this is 1 exactly how you proceed. Rule 104. In any 2 case, Judge, you can't prove every fact on the first hour of the trial. That's the 4 5 reason you got a Rule 104. 6 And I stand in my place as an officer 7 of the Court, Counsel knows full well we have an abundance of evidence here that 8 9 deals with the relationship between BATCO, 10 BAT Industries and Brown & Williamson; in 11 fact, we've got a live witness coming -- I don't know when he's coming, but he's a 12 former vice president of Brown & Williamson 13 and has been deposed, Your Honor, and the 14 15 defendants know full well what his testimony 16 is about the interrelationship, who did the 17 research and how it was communicated one to the other. So I recognize that I have to --18 I have to link this up, but that's what Rule 19 20 104 is all about. 21 THE COURT: When will that 22 executive be here? 23 MR. MOTLEY: Well, Judge, he was 24 supposed to be here last week. We got backed up. It's Dr. Jeffrey Wigand, former 25 1936 vice president. But, Judge, every document 1 2 that does not have a propounding witness, okay. Some of these documents are 50 years 3 old, so we don't have a witness that can 4 5 form a 104 conditional relevancy predicate for every document. Some of them are ancient documents. Your Honor has already 7 let one BAT document into evidence in the 8 9 face of this same argument. 10 MR. REYNOLDS: No. Based upon your 11 statement that it was a British American 12 Tobacco Company document. 13 MR. MOTLEY: That's what this is. MR. REYNOLDS: All right. Then why 14 15 is it being admitted against BAT Industries? MR. MOTLEY: Because we have a 16 17 conspiracy theory of jurisdiction, conspiracy theory of liability, and BAT 18 19 Industries is interrelated with BATCO and 20 Brown & Williamson, Your Honor, and the 21 document that you already let in is 18064. 22 You made the same argument there. 23 THE COURT: Mr. Ohlemeyer. 24 MR. OHLEMEYER: I share Mr. 25 Motley's frustration with proving 1937 1 evidentiary foundations in a case that 2 involves conduct that stretches out over

3 fifty years. As frustrating as it may be, 4 there still needs to be an evidentiary 5 foundation. Just because the document exists and the words exist don't make it 7 admissible. If he has somebody he's going 8 to provide that evidentiary foundation, let him bring that witness and we'll deal with 9 10 it at that point. 11 THE COURT: I agree. I'll deal 12 with that if and when the witness comes. 29026 will not be admitted at this point. 13 14 It may however revisit that issue after 15 Mr. Wigand testifies. 16 What's the next matter? MR. MOTLEY: Your Honor, here's a 17 18 big stack, Judge. I hope those are 19 seriatim. 20 THE COURT: Thank you. 21 MR. MOTLEY: Your Honor, this document was produced by Philip Morris. 22 23 MR. OHLEMEYER: Exhibit number, 24 please. 25 MR. MOTLEY: Sorry. 10813. It's 1938 1 more than 30 years old, purports an ancient document, therefore by definition it's not hearsay, produced from the files of a 3 defendant in this case, contains admissions 4 against the corporate interest of Philip 5 6 Morris, and against the corporate interests 7 of BAT. 8 THE COURT: Any objection to 10813, 9 Mr. Ohlemeyer? MR. OHLEMEYER: Yes, Your Honor. 10 Foundation objections. There's no author or 11 12 letterhead shown. There's no discussion of 13 environmental tobacco smoke or nonsmokers, and at this point there's no evidentiary 14 15 foundation to establish that any of this was 16 either acted upon, agreed to, or 17 communicated to Philip Morris, or at what 18 point in time the document even found its way into the file. It appears from its face 19 not to be something that was created by 20 somebody at Philip Morris. And if Mr. 21 22 Motley is correct, that he obtained this 23 from Philip Morris, and I don't know that he 24 did; but for the sake of argument we can assume he did, he still hasn't established 25 1939 1 that evidentiary foundation. MR. MOTLEY: Your Honor, this a 2 report of a visit of two scientists who were 3 4 affiliated with British American Tobacco Company, through the Tobacco Research 6 Council, they list everybody in the United 7 States who they visited, it's 34 years old, 8 it's not hearsay, it's admissible on its 9 face, 803. Under your rule 803-16, 10 statements of the document in existence 30 11 years or more, the authenticity of which is 12 established. He didn't object. He can't

stand up here as an officer of the Court and

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14 deny that this is an authentic document 15 because they produced it from their own 16 files. 17 THE COURT: Mr. Reynolds, any 18 comment? 19 MR. REYNOLDS: Yes, Your Honor. would note again that he has indicated it's 20 British American Tobacco Company individuals 21 who are involved in this document, and 22 therefore it certainly should not be 23 admitted against BAT Industries on the basis 24 25 of the record as it stands. 1940 1 THE COURT: You're offering this document as to whom, Counselor? 2 3 MR. MOTLEY: At this point, as to 4 Philip Morris. 5 THE COURT: Philip Morris only? MR. MOTLEY: At this point. 7 MR. OHLEMEYER: Very briefly, Your Honor. See, here's the foundation that's 8 lacking. Nobody can tell the Court when 9 10 this document was communicated to Philip 11 Morris. From all Mr. Motley knows, this finds its way into somebody's file as a 12 13 result of a lawsuit like this. Nobody -there's nothing in this document that says 14 we sent this to Philip Morris at any point 15 in time relevant to this lawsuit. They 16 17 adopted it, they acted on it, they agreed 18 with it, they disagreed with it, they argued 19 with us about it. I don't think there's enough evidentiary foundation to admit this. 20 THE COURT: The objection to 10813 21 noted and overruled. However, the Court 22 will direct plaintiffs' counsel to provide 23 24 the Court tomorrow morning with a limiting instruction, Counselor. Any time I admit 25 1 these on a limited basis, I expect the offering party to prepare a limiting 3 instruction that I'll read to the jury. (Plaintiffs' Exhibit(s) 10813 received 4 5 in evidence.) 6 THE COURT: What's the next matter? 7 MR. MOTLEY: Your Honor, the next 8 is Exhibit 9448. This document was 9 authenticated in a case pending in Florida that I handled called Conner vs. RJ Reynolds 10 Tobacco Company. They stipulated it was 11 12 authentic. It's obviously more than 30 13 years old. It's a survey of cancer research 14 with emphasis upon possible carcinogens from 15 tobacco. 16 Your Honor has already overruled the 17 defendants' argument that if it doesn't deal specifically with environmental tobacco 18 smoke, that it's got nothing to do with this 19 case. You've let that evidence in already 20 21 here before, so I assume I don't need to 22 argue the relevancy of the hazardous nature 23 to a secondhand smoke case. 24 THE COURT: This is offered as to

25 whom, Counselor? 1942 MR. MOTLEY: At this point, Your 1 Honor, just RJ Reynolds. THE COURT: Mr. Ohlemeyer? 3 MR. FURR: I'll handle that, Your 5 Honor. 6 THE COURT: Mr. Furr. MR. FURR: It is just a survey of 7 8 publicly available scientific literature. 9 Your Honor, it contains multiple levels of 10 hearsay, but perhaps more importantly there's really no relevance to this 11 12 document. There's no foundation that the 13 document was ever distributed to anyone. 14 fact, the author of this document has been 15 deposed and has testified that he was a new employee to the company, that the document 16 17 was created only to fill some downtime that 18 he had while his laboratory was shut down, that he had no expertise in the area, that 19 20 he was merely writing down the conclusions of others, that he had no ability to 21 22 evaluate the information for himself, and 23 that he's not even sure if the document was 24 ever distributed to anyone. 25 MR. MOTLEY: It doesn't matter, 1943 Your Honor. 1 THE COURT: Not even sure -- I 2 3 didn't hear the last. 4 MR. FURR: The document was ever 5 distributed to any other employee in the 6 company. 7 MR. MOTLEY: It's amazing that it 8 shows up here with a Bates stamp here that 9 says produced from RJ Reynolds from their 10 files. Now, if doesn't matter, Your Honor, 11 he's going -- these are all weight arguments 12 that he's making. They don't go to the 13 inherent admissibility of the document. 14 THE COURT: 9448 will be admitted with a limiting instruction. 15 16 (Plaintiffs' Exhibit(s) 9448 received 17 in evidence.) 18 MR. MOTLEY: Again, Your Honor, 19 that's limiting to RJ Reynolds, if I 20 understand correctly. 21 THE COURT: Yes. MR. MOTLEY: Your Honor, the next 22 one is Exhibit 14333, which is produced by 23 24 RJ Reynolds. This man was a senior research 25 scientist, this is no musings in the garden, 1944 1 if you will, as we just heard. This 2 document is a survey by a Ph.D. for RJ Reynolds, 1962. It's more than 30 years 3 4 old. It's not hearsay; produced from their 5 files. Your Honor, this document, I know of 6 7 four -- four instances where this document 8 has been admitted, that I personally have argued it. It goes into a survey and it

10 makes this conclusion: The evidence to 11 indict cigarette smoking as a cause of 12 cancer is beyond reasonable doubt. It's a 13 clear and compelling admission by RJ Reynolds, 36 years ago, that cigarette 15 smoke, the ingredients contained in their cigarette smoke was a potent carcinogen to 16 17 human beings, a fact which they suppressed, 18 and you'll hear testimony tomorrow about 19 this document, in fact, being suppressed 20 from the Surgeon General of the United 21 States. 22 THE COURT: RJ Reynolds wish to be 23 heard? MR. FURR: Well, first off, I think 24 25 that Mr. Motley at that time didn't 1945 1 correctly characterize the last document. It wasn't mere musings of an employee that 3 had no responsibility for the document. But, in fact, the actual conclusions came in this document, Your Honor, found on pages 13 5 through 14, where Dr. Rodgman states, "It is 6 7 not my intention to suggest that this 8 company accept the cigarette smoke health 9 data at face value." So it's not an 10 admission. MR. MOTLEY: That goes to the 11 weight, Judge. 12 13 THE COURT: I'm sure you can 14 highlight that to the jury. 14333 will be 15 admitted only as to RJR with a limiting 16 instruction. (Plaintiffs' Exhibit(s) 14333 received 17 18 in evidence.) MR. MOTLEY: The next one, Your 19 Honor, is No. 319. I think that's right. 20 Do you have 319, Your Honor? 21 THE COURT: Yes, sir. 22 23 MR. MOTLEY: Dated 1957. This was 24 produced by Brown & Williamson, Your Honor, 25 in the state of Florida litigation. 1946 1 THE COURT: Yes. 2 MR. MOTLEY: More than 30 years 3 old. Here's where they use -- your stamp 4 may have --5 THE COURT: Top of this says 6 produced by B&W Chiles tobacco litigation, 7 B&W protected by Minnesota tobacco 8 litigation protective order. 9 MR. MOTLEY: Your Honor, this 10 document would have been produced by Brown & 11 Williamson in multiple litigations. That 12 just happens to be the one we chose to 13 present to Your Honor because it's clearer 14 than some of the others. And the relevancy of this document is 15 obvious. The idea has arisen that there is 16 17 a causal relationship between Zephyr, which 18 was their code word for cancer, more than 30 19 years. 20 THE COURT: Do you have a better

21 copy of this? 22 MR. MOTLEY: Judge, I'll try to 23 find a better copy of it. May I see if 24 yours is worse than mine, because mine, I can read fairly well. Can I approach? 25 THE COURT: Certainly. 1 2 MR. MOTLEY: Judge, mine is better 3 than this. 4 THE COURT: All right. I would hope. This is just offered as to Brown & 5 6 Williamson? 7 MR. MOTLEY: At this time, it's 8 merely -- it's offered against Brown & 9 Williamson and BAT. MR. OHLEMEYER: Once again --10 MR. REYNOLDS: Your Honor, that 11 12 document was written before such a thing as 13 BAT Industries. 14 MR. MOTLEY: Well, they inherited 15 it. THE COURT: Brown & Williamson. 16 17 MR. OHLEMEYER: Your Honor, again 18 it's a British American Tobacco Company 19 document. There is absolutely no evidence 20 that it was communicated to Brown & 21 Williamson at any point in time, and there's really not even much evidence as to who or 22 how it was prepared. I just don't see how 23 24 there's an evidentiary foundation to admit 25 this into evidence based on Mr. Motley's 1 mere assertion that it was produced by Brown 2 & Williamson. MR. MOTLEY: It's not my assertion, 3 your Honor, it's stamped. If you look in 4 5 the back, there's a card from the Brown & Williamson library card catalog. 6 MR. OHLEMEYER: And the dates, 7 8 well, I'm not going to even try to read it, 9 Your Honor. The evidence --10 MR. MOTLEY: Somebody read it. MR. OHLEMEYER: Yeah, who? That's 11 12 the point. 13 MR. MOTLEY: Checked it out. 14 MR. OHLEMEYER: That's the point. 15 Who, when, why, that's the evidentiary 16 foundation. 17 MR. REYNOLDS: Your Honor, this is 18 another British American Tobacco Company 19 document. I commented the document was generated before BAT Industries was even in 20 21 existence. This is not a probate court 22 case; we're not deciding who inherited what 23 from whom. We were a corporation that came 24 into existence in 1976. It cannot be 25 introduced against us. MR. MOTLEY: I'll tell you what 1 2 I'll do, for that one, Judge, since it's 3 produced by Brown & Williamson. I'll just forego introducing it against BAT at this 5 particular moment.

6 THE COURT: Just offer it against 7 Brown & Williamson? 8 MR. MOTLEY: Yes, Your Honor, who 9 produced it. THE COURT: I will tell you right 10 now that I will tentatively admit this. If 11 there is a better copy -- I am unable to 12 13 read this, but --14 MR. MOTLEY: May I show you my 15 copy, Your Honor, and tell you this is 16 better? 17 THE COURT: Yes, please. With a limiting instruction, Brown & Williamson 18 19 only. That's much better. All right, 319 20 will be admitted as to Brown & Williamson. 21 (Plaintiffs' Exhibit(s) 319 received in 22 evidence.) 23 THE COURT: Next is 1286. MR. MOTLEY: Your Honor, this is a 2.4 25 document that's offered against Liggett only, produced by Liggett from their files. 1 It's more than -- it's 37 years old. It 2. 3 says, "L&M, A Perspective Review. There are 4 biologically active materials present in 5 cigarette tobacco. These are cancer 6 causing, cancer promoting, poisonous, 7 stimulating, pleasurable and flavorful." 8 THE COURT: Liggett wish to be 9 heard? 10 MS. ESAKOFF: No objection. THE COURT: Any other defendants 11 12 have an objection? 13 MR. OHLEMEYER: Absolutely, Your 14 Honor. Again --15 THE COURT: It's only offered as to 16 Liggett now. 17 MR. MOTLEY: Well, we're going to 18 offer it against everybody. MR. OHLEMEYER: Well, I still think 19 20 its prejudicial effect -- the probative value of this document being offered against 2.1 22 Liggett is outweighed by the prejudicial 23 effect it is going to have on these other 24 companies, because Mr. Motley's entire 25 theory of this case is there's one grand 1 conspiracy, and at some point he's going to 2 argue this all connects up. And I don't 3 think he's going to do that. And at this 4 point I think you're going to have to 5 connect it up before you admit this kind of 6 evidence. 7 MR. MOTLEY: I don't know what he 8 wants me to connect up, Your Honor. It's a 9 statement against interest. The defendant 10 who made the statement doesn't object. 11 only offered against that defendant at this 12 point in time. THE COURT: Objection is noted and 13 overruled, Mr. Ohlemeyer, but 1286 will be 14 15 admitted to Liggett only, against Liggett 16 only.

17 (Plaintiffs' Exhibit(s) 1286 received 18 in evidence.) 19 MR. OHLEMEYER: May I ask a 20 question, Your Honor? 21 THE COURT: Yes, sir. MR. OHLEMEYER: And I apologize. 2.2 I've got the wrong -- I haven't looked at it 23 carefully enough. I think at some point the 24 25 defendants in this case are entitled to know on the record whether there's a settlement 1 case against Mr. Motley's case and Liggett. 2 MR. MOTLEY: There is no settlement 3 4 in this case. MR. OHLEMEYER: Where there is a --5 6 MR. MOTLEY: I just made a 7 statement on the record. There is no 8 settlement with any party in this case. 9 MR. OHLEMEYER: Whether there is a 10 high-low agreement. MR. MOTLEY: There is no high-low 11 12 agreement. There is nothing. 13 MR. OHLEMEYER: Well, Your Honor, 14 at some point perhaps Mr. Motley would let 15 me frame the appropriate questions, let me 16 ask the questions. 17 THE COURT: How about now? MR. OHLEMEYER: And then we'll 18 19 get -- I'm not prepared to do that -- maybe 20 tomorrow before court, to make sure that 21 we've got the law in front of the Court on 22 this subject, because I think it's very odd 23 what's going on here with the Liggett 24 company. They're a defendant in the lawsuit, yet 25 Mr. Motley is calling their chief executive, who is beyond the subpoena power of the 2 Court in this case, there are no objections 3 4 to the introduction of their documents, at some point I think the Court can align Liggett with the plaintiffs as opposed to 6 7 considering them a defendant, and that may 8 have an effect with how the evidence comes 9 in with respect to Liggett. 10 THE COURT: Thank you, Mr. 11 Ohlemeyer. 12 MR. MOTLEY: There is absolutely no 13 evidence in this record, Your Honor, there's 14 any settlement, any settlement discussions, 15 that anybody's made an offer. There isn't any high-low, there's nothing. I'm standing 16 17 here as an officer of the Court telling you 18 that. Now, if he's got some evidence that 19 they paid me some money, I'd like to know. 20 My accountant would be enthused to hear 21 that. 22 THE COURT: All right. 4536. MR. MOTLEY: Your Honor, this is a 23 24 document that at this time is offered only 25 against Philip Morris. I can go through all 1 the people here who are, Dr. Wakeham, the

2 name of the recipient, Your Honor, was the vice president of Philip Morris. It's more 3 than 30 years old, therefore it's not 4 hearsay and it does make reference to benzo(a)pyrene. BAP. 7 THE COURT: All right. Philip 8 Morris wish to be heard? MR. OHLEMEYER: Yes, they do, Your 9 Honor. Again, the mere fact that it comes 10 out of the file of a company doesn't 11 12 establish its evidentiary foundation or its 13 relevance. There's no foundation to 14 establish whether this was accurate, whether 15 it was inaccurate, whether it was agreed, 16 whether it was adopted by the company, 17 whether it was acted by the company. All it 18 is is a statement of one person about 19 somebody else's opinions, the opinion of one 20 person about another's opinion, and at that 21 point it is not yet relevant in this case. 22 THE COURT: All right. Objection is noted, overruled. 4536 will be admitted 23 24 as to Philip Morris only. 25 (Plaintiffs' Exhibit(s) 4536 received 1 in evidence.) THE COURT: 3949, analysis. 2 Offered against whom, Mr. Motley? 3 MR. MOTLEY: Philip Morris at this 4 5 time. 6 THE COURT: And briefly what is 7 this and how is it relevant? MR. MOTLEY: This is a document 8 discussing nitrosamines in mainstream and 9 sidestream smoke. It's a proposed paper. 10 It goes on page 2, Your Honor, and it talks 11 12 about the knowledge the corporation had that they had volatile nitrosamines in smoke. 13 14 Then on page -- excuse me one second, 15 Your Honor. I see something here that I want to make sure I know exactly what it is 17 before I say something. Judge, Your Honor, you'll note that Bates No. 28204, some 18 handwritten notes, these Bates numbers, Your 19 20 Honor, are the Bates numbers of the 21 defendant, Philip Morris. Just so you know, this is how they produced them from their 22 23 file, Your Honor. They paginated them; we didn't. We seek to move the entire document 24 25 into evidence. THE COURT: Now, are you telling me 1 2 this is a paper that was presented or 3 proposed to be presented or --MR. MOTLEY: It says to be 5 presented at the symposium, "Risk Assessment of N-Nitroso Compounds for Human Health," 6 7 Heidelberg, Germany, May 21 through the 8 23rd. You see at the top, Your Honor, the 9 name of Dr. Osdene. You'll recall that's 10 the gentleman we sought to ask questions 11 about; he took the Fifth Amendment. 12 THE COURT: This is only offered as

13 to Philip Morris? 14 MR. MOTLEY: Philip Morris at this 15 time, yes, sir. 16 THE COURT: Mr. Ohlemeyer? MR. OHLEMEYER: Your Honor, there's 17 18 no foundation to establish the relevance of this document. Its probative value is 19 outweighed by its prejudicial effect. 20 There's handwriting on this. It's a draft. 21 22 Nobody is going to tell the jury whether it was actually presented, whether anybody 23 24 agreed with it, whether it's accurate, 25 whether it's good science, whether it's bad science. These are all the types of facts 1 2 that are necessary to establish a foundation for its relevance. Otherwise, all it does 3 4 is confuse and mislead the jury, and I think 5 you could exclude it under Rule 403 if you 6 didn't; or if you found there was a 7 sufficient evidentiary foundation, you could still exclude it under Rule 403. 8 9 MR. MOTLEY: A statement of a party 10 opponent, Your Honor, is -- I don't know 11 where he gets all this foundational business 12 from. It's produced from their files, from their business records. It's a statement of 13 an employee in the course and conduct of his 14 employment. Then it's admissible, period. 15 16 It's not hearsay, and it doesn't need any 17 other foundation. 18 THE COURT: 3949 will be admitted as to Philip Morris without the handwritten 19 items on the first page, so clean that up if 20 you would, Mr. Motley. 2.1 22 (Plaintiffs' Exhibit(s) 3949 received 23 in evidence.) MR. MOTLEY: Yes, Your Honor. 24 MR. OHLEMEYER: Your Honor, so the 25 1 record is clear, the basis of my objection, 2 it is my position that the fact that something is admissible as an admission over 3 4 a hearsay objection doesn't make it in and 5 of itself relevant or does not satisfy the 6 plaintiffs' evidentiary foundation. You 7 still have to have a document that's 8 relevant, it still has to be probative. 9 Then you decide whether or if it's hearsay. 10 MR. MOTLEY: It's about nitrosamines, Your Honor, which you already 11 12 heard a lot about. 13 THE COURT: All right. Plaintiffs' 14 1409. 15 MR. MOTLEY: Your Honor, 1409 is 16 sought to be admitted against all the 17 members of the Tobacco Institute. This is a 18 Tobacco Institute document produced by the 19 Tobacco Institute. Mr. Panzer is an 20 officer, Mr. Kornegay was the president of 21 the Tobacco Institute. The relevance of 22 this is that this demonstrates what their 23 strategy and the conspiracy was, which we're

alleging in this case, as you know. And 2.4 25 you'll see the strategy was brilliantly 1 conceived and executed over the years helping us win important battles. It has 3 always been a holding strategy, consisting of creating doubt about the health charge 4 5 without actually denying it. And then they 6 go on about how they've used it, Your Honor. MR. MOTLEY: This is the essence of 7 their strategy that began in 1954, in the 8 9 Muncie newspaper with the Frank Statement, which we say is a frank lie. 10 11 THE COURT: Mr. Ohlemeyer. MR. OHLEMEYER: Your Honor --12 MR. MOTLEY: Also, if I might, I'm 13 14 sorry, Bill, there's one other piece of 15 relevance, since they raised this common knowledge business, you know, they claim 17 that common knowledge is a defense. If you look at pagination number 21101, it goes to 18 19 the issue of common knowledge. 20 MR. OHLEMEYER: It's not on 21 anybody's letterhead, Your Honor. It talks 22 about a proposal. We don't know who 23 Mr. Panzer is and whether Mr. Kornegay 24 agrees with him, disagrees with him, thinks 25 it's an accurate statement or inaccurate 1 statement. Before any of this can have any 2 probative value in this case, before it can do anything but confuse and mislead the 3 4 jury, Mr. Motley needs to establish some foundation. It doesn't exist for this 5 6 document. 7 THE COURT: How do we know who 8 Mr. Panzer is? MR. MOTLEY: Well, Mr. Panzer is 9 10 the vice president of the Tobacco Institute, 11 Your Honor. I'll be delighted to take a day 12 off and go greet him with this document if 13 you'd like, but the fact of the matter is 14 they've admitted in answers to interrogatories, Horace Kornegay is a former 15 16 Congressman from North Carolina who became 17 the president of the Tobacco Institute. 18 This document was produced by the 19 Tobacco Institute in the state of Florida case, in the state of Mississippi case, from 20 21 their files. It was an admitted business 22 record. Maybe counsel doesn't know that, 23 but I can stand here and tell you they 24 produced it from their files, and I'm 25 telling you, Your Honor, as an officer of 1 the Court, who Mr. Panzer and Mr. Kornegay 2 are. It has copies here to the vice 3 president on the back page, Mr. Kleopfer, 4 Your Honor. 5 MR. OHLEMEYER: Very briefly, Your Honor, but what you don't know, and what I 7 don't know, is what evidentiary foundation, if any, was required by these judges in

9 these other cases Mr. Motley keeps citing to 10 you and whether an appellate court would agree or disagree with that. The point is, 11 12 in this case, on this record, there's an insufficient foundation for the 13 14 admissibility of this document, and its 15 probative value is far outweighed by its 16 confusing and prejudicial effect. MR. MOTLEY: I don't think you can 17 make a 403 argument, Your Honor, unless you 18 19 concede relevance, so obviously it's 20 relevant. Its probative value can't be outweighed unless it's relevant. Again, 21 22 Judge, it recites, it goes back, it says, we 23 started this scam 50 or 20 years ago. That 24 takes us back to 1952. It's part of the 25 conspiracy. It's a statement against the 1962 interest of the members of the Tobacco 2 Institute. 3 Now, Your Honor, I don't know whether Liggett was a member of the Tobacco 4 5 Institute in 1972. I'll have to let you 6 know that in the morning. They were in and 7 out. But I offer it right now against everybody, all the defendants, all the 9 American defendants, Brown & Williamson, American Tobacco Company, Philip Morris, RJ 10 Reynolds, Lorillard, and the Tobacco 11 12 Institute. And I will find out overnight 13 whether Liggett was a member at the time 14 that this document was generated. 15 THE COURT: As with the other document, if there is evidence as to 16 Mr. Panzer's employ, then I perhaps will 17 order it admitted, but at this point I will 18 19 not. MR. OHLEMEYER: Your Honor, just so 20 we're clear, I don't think there's a dispute 21 22 about Mr. Panzer's employ. My objection is 23 whether his opinion is shared by anyone, 24 adopted by his employer, or communicated to any of the defendants in this case. 25 1 THE COURT: I misunderstood you, 2. Counselor. 3 MR. OHLEMEYER: I'm sorry, because I don't want you to be misled. There's not 5 much of a question about who Mr. Panzer is, 6 which is why Mr. Motley or any lawyer 7 preparing this case could have taken 8 documents like this and gone out and 9 established that foundation. They could 10 have taken those depositions, they could 11 have asked those questions. 12 MR. MOTLEY: Judge, we'd be trying this case in the year 2019 if I took the 13 14 deposition of everybody who has written a 15 culpatory document. 16 THE COURT: With that comment of 17 Mr. Ohlemeyer, 1409 will be admitted then 18 with that limiting instruction, as to whom 19 it is offered against.

20 (Plaintiffs' Exhibit(s) 1409 received 21 in evidence.) 22 MR. SHOCKLEY: Your Honor, so that 23 I understand, and maybe this will be clarified when they present the limiting 24 25 instruction in the morning, is the offer 1 against those entities which were members of 2 the Tobacco Institute in 1972? THE COURT: That was the 3 4 representation --5 MR. SHOCKLEY: In 1972. MR. MOTLEY: Correct. 6 THE COURT: Right. 7 MR. WAGNER: Judge, before we go to 8 9 the next document, could I just interject a 10 little something here, not specifically directed to any of these particular 11 12 documents, but, you know, what's going on 13 here is that we are having documents admitted without a sponsoring witness. And 14 15 all we're looking at here are the documents 16 and what is on the pages of these documents. 17 Mr. Motley is testifying about matters that 18 are not in this record; that they've been 19 admitted in other cases, that they've come from this file or that file. And Your 20 Honor, that's not part of the record in this 21 22 case. 23 And in my experience, I mean, limited 24 as it is, I've always found that to be 25 improper. And I've been told by judges it's 1965 highly improper to refer to things outside 1 the record. And if Mr. Motley wants to be 2. 3 sworn and be a witness in this case, then he can be a witness, but he can't be an 4 attorney. But it just seems to me that what 5 we need to do is to judge the admissibility 6 7 of these documents by looking at the documents and the face of the documents and 9 see if, A, they are authenticated; B, they contain hearsay; C, if they pass the 10 11 authenticity test, and all the other tests 12 for admissibility on their face. 13 THE COURT: Thank you, Mr. Wagner. 14 That is what I am attempting to do here. 15 270. 16 MR. MOTLEY: Your Honor, 270 is 17 produced by Brown & Williamson. We offer it 18 at this time against Brown & Williamson 19 only. Your Honor, would you like for me 20 to --21 THE COURT: What's the purpose of 22 it? 23 MR. MOTLEY: Yes, Your Honor. This 24 is another doubt and controversy document. 25 It says we can manufacture doubt and every 1966 1 day of the week. Then it talks about the 2 advertising code. Says our product, page 4, 3 "Our product has doubt, our message has truth. Doubt is our product since it is the

5 best means of competing with the body of 6 fact that exists in the mind of the general 7 public. It is also the means of 8 establishing the controversy, within the business we recognize a controversy exits." 9 10 Then it goes into matters about public knowledge, Your Honor. And Your Honor, on 11 12 page 6, it lists its own cigarette products, 13 and we're going to be reading 14 interrogatories in, Your Honor, to link -- I 15 don't think they deny that these are their 16 products. 17 THE COURT: How do I know who 18 prepared this? 19 MR. MOTLEY: Your Honor, it was 20 produced by Brown & Williamson from their corporate files as a business record. This 21 22 document, if you'll give me one second, 23 Judge, let me see if I've got a way of -- if 24 I have an indication in my notes here as 25 to -- if they fessed up as to who wrote it. Judge, why don't we withhold that, let 1 2. me see if I can answer your question 3 directly in the morning. I'll call my Brown & Williamson expert. THE COURT: 270, we'll withhold 5 6 that. 7 21747. 8 MR. MOTLEY: Your Honor, this 9 document was produced by British American Tobacco Company. It's the minutes of a 10 11 meeting attended by Philip Morris. The Council for the Tobacco Institute, Covington 12 and Berling, British American Tobacco 13 Company, and companies that have relations, 14 15 business relations, with other of the 16 defendants in this case. It's signed by Dr. Sharon Boyse, it has 17 18 copies on the back to general counsel of 19 BAT, it shows copies to the members of the 20 Scientific Research Group of BAT. And I believe, Your Honor, one of these gentlemen 21 is also a Big BAT employee, but I don't want 22 23 to say that as an officer of the Court. 24 just see the name here; I recognize it; I'm 25 pretty sure that he is, but at this point in 1 time we offer it against BAT and Brown & 2 Williamson. 3 THE COURT: Mr. Ohlemeyer. 4 MR. OHLEMEYER: Your Honor, this is 5 a document, as Mr. Motley said, from the 6 files of a non-party. Therefore, his 7 hearsay exception admissions doesn't quite 8 cover it. It is a summary of somebody's impressions of a meeting that he or she 9 10 attended. It is replete with hearsay, and coming from the files of a non-party with no 11 12 evidence that any of these opinions or 13 hearsay statements were shared by, adopted 14 by, or made by parties to this case. I

think it should be excluded.

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16 MR. MOTLEY: Your Honor, it's 17 801(d), if it's nothing else. It's an 801(d)(2)(e) statement of one 18 19 co-conspirator, whether indicted or unindicted, that's BATCO. Again, if we 20 21 don't connect up the relationship between BATCO and BAT Industries, I'm sure Your 22 23 Honor will remove this document just like 24 you did the other documents. 25 THE COURT: Mr. Reynolds. I'm 1969 1 sorry. MR. MOTLEY: I apologize. I was 2. only going to say, Your Honor, it 3 4 demonstrates the cigarette company exported 5 American lawyers to stir up controversy about environmental tobacco smoke on page --6 7 I think it's on the first page, Judge. Yes. MR. REYNOLDS: Your Honor, it is a 9 British American Tobacco Company document that he's indicated he's introducing it 10 against BAT. If by BAT he means British 11 12 American Tobacco Company, you can't 13 introduce it against them because they're not a party in the lawsuit, and I don't 14 15 think there's any basis presently in the record to allow introducing it against BAT 16 17 Industries. MR. MOTLEY: Judge, this is just 18 19 like the other two documents. It's 20 conditional 104. We'll connect it up when 21 we read interrogatories and the like in the 22 case. But this is a document, Judge, which goes straight to environmental tobacco smoke 23 issues and what they were trying to do, what 2.4 25 their whole strategy has been all along 1970 1 about the environmental tobacco smoke, which is to create a controversy, when none 2 3 exists. MR. REYNOLDS: The problem here is who makes up the "they", and I'm simply 5 saying that one of the "they" that is not 6 7 made up by this particular document on the 8 record at this point is my client, BAT 9 Industries. 10 MR. MOTLEY: BAT Industries owns 11 and controls BATCO, Your Honor. That's what the proof is going to be in this case. 12 13 We're going to prove that up; we're trying 14 to prove up liability right now. 15 THE COURT: I understand that, 16 Counselor, and Mr. Wagner's correct. Mr. 17 Motley is not testifying here. I'm not 18 basing it on his statements, but looking at 19 the document, I don't see how it can be admitted against BAT Industries PLC. I will 20 21 admit it as to Brown & Williamson only at 22 this point with a limiting instruction. 23 (Plaintiffs' Exhibit(s) 21747 received 24 in evidence.) 25 MR. MOTLEY: How many more of these 1971

do you want to do today, Judge? 2 THE COURT: Let's go through your 3 list here. 9648. MR. MOTLEY: 9648 is a Philip Morris, produced by Philip Morris, page --5 the first page of the document, Your Honor, 7 describes it is from Helmut Wakeham, vice 8 president of R&D of Philip Morris, to the Chairman of the Board, Mr. Joseph Cullman, 9 III, December 8, 1970. This is a document 10 11 that goes to the heart of the conspiracy, 12 Judge. Look at paragraph 2. "It has been stated that the Council For Tobacco Research 13 14 is a program to find out the truth about smoking and health. What is truth to one is 15 16 false to another. CTR and the industry have 17 publicly and frequently denied what others 18 find is true. Let's face it, we are 19 interested in evidence which we believe 20 denies the allegation that cigarette smoking 21 causes disease." Your Honor, it's very relevant. It 22 23 goes into the type of research that's being 24 funded by Philip Morris and the other 25 defendants. I only seek to admit it at this time against the defendant, Philip Morris. 1 If you look on the last page, Your Honor, 2 you'll see the various recipients are senior 3 4 officials, the Chairman of the Board of 5 Philip Morris, Dr. Osdene, who took the Fifth Amendment when I tried to ask him 6 7 about this document. Mr. Bowling was vice president for public relations, Mr. Holtzman was general 9 10 counsel and vice president, Mr. Goldsmith 11 and Mr. Millhiser were senior executives. THE COURT: Only offered as to 12 13 Philip Morris. Any comment from Philip 14 Morris? 15 MR. OHLEMEYER: Your Honor, first 16 paragraph ends with the statement, "I offer the following summary, hastily adding that 17 these statements embody ideas from many 18 19 places." 20 That doesn't go to weight. This is 21 hearsay. There is -- this is hearsay within 22 hearsay. There are quotations all over 23 here. No one is going to testify who made 24 those statements. No one is going to 25 testify whether Mr. Cullman or the rest of 1973 1 the company agreed with any of the 2 statements. It's nothing more than the statements 4 of one person who may or may not have been -- regardless of what his title was, he 5 6 is repeating what others have said. And the evidentiary foundation that makes any of 7

this probative is what the company did with

any of this, not what was written, not the

words that appear on a piece of paper that

can be found in a file.

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12 MR. MOTLEY: Judge, that goes to 13 weight. That's nothing but weight. I might 14 be uncharitable to say a make weight 15 argument, but whatever form of weight it is, it is solely dealing with weight. He 16 17 doesn't put any quotations marks, the vice president of the company doesn't put any 18 19 quotations marks about this. He says, let's 20 face it, we're interested in evidence which 21 we believe denies the allegation that 22 cigarette smoking causes disease. Theirs no 23 quotes around that. 24 MR. OHLEMEYER: But, Your Honor, 25 Mr. Motley could find a foundation for this. 1 He could look for a foundation for this. He could present a foundation for this. What 2. he wants to do is to have you conditionally 3 admit these things, show them to the jury, 5 prejudice the jury, and then he doesn't really much care if he connects it up or if 6 7 you strike this because at that point the jury has seen it. 8 9 So the point of all this is, there 10 should be some order here. There is a 11 chicken and an egg, and the chicken ought to come first and then we'll get to the eggs, 12 but at this point there's no foundation for 13 admissibility of this stuff. 14 15 THE COURT: Objection is noted and 16 overruled. 9648 will be admitted as to 17 Philip Morris only. 18 (Plaintiffs' Exhibit(s) 9648 received 19 in evidence.) THE COURT: 10791. 20 MR. MOTLEY: Your Honor, this is a 21 22 document that is introduced against at this time Lorillard only. This is the 23 handwritten notes of Mr. Curtis Judge, 24 25 president of -- later became president of 1 Lorillard. The document goes to the, again to the heart of the conspiracy, Your Honor. 2 Mr. Judge, in fact, has authenticated these 3 4 as his handwritten notes. This was produced 5 by Lorillard from their corporate files and 6 the document says, "We have abdicated 7 scientific research, discretional, 8 directional management of the industry to 9 the lawyers, with virtually no involvement 10 on the part of the scientific or business management side of the business." 11 12 Then they go into -- this is not the 13 first time this happened -- this is just 14 like it happened back in the '60s, when the 15 lawyers ran everything. There's a court in Minnesota, I believe I handed you, Your 16 Honor, one of these orders in one of our 17 18 many legal arguments, the Court in Minnesota 19 found this document particularly damning 20 because it goes to the -- the Court found 21 and held, Your Honor, that the defendants

created the CTR as a shield or a front to,

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23 and then let the lawyers run it and tried to 24 hide some of the research results behind 25 lawyer-client privilege, which you're going to be hearing a lot of as this trial goes 1 2 on. MR. OHLEMEYER: Exactly, Your 3 Honor. I'd like to hear it. I'd like to 4 hear it from a witness who could be 5 cross-examined. I'd like to hear it from 6 7 somebody under oath. I'd like to have a chance to produce evidence to the Court that 9 contradicts some of this evidence you keep 10 hearing from Mr. Motley. There's no foundation to establish the 11 12 relevance of any of this. We don't know 13 whether these are Mr. Judge's words or the 14 words of others. We don't know whether he 15 agrees with them. We don't know if they're 16 statements that are being made and recorded. We know when it was written, but we don't 17 know why or how or when. All of that is 18 19 evidentiary foundation that's necessary to 20 make it relevant to a case where the plaintiffs' claim is a woman died as a 21 22 proximate cause of exposure to environmental 23 tobacco smoke in a hospital. So I think there's a lack of foundation 24 for its admissibility, and I think its 25 1 probative value is outweighed by its confusing, time consuming, and prejudicial 2 3 effect. MR. MOTLEY: Your Honor, 801(d)(2) documents stand alone if they're relevant, 5 Your Honor. If they come from their files 6 7 and they've been authenticated, then they're an admission against interest. They stand 8 9 alone; they need nothing else. 10 THE COURT: This is just offered to 11 Lorillard, be admitted to Lorillard only. 12 MR. MOTLEY: Yes, Your Honor. THE COURT: 10788. 13 MR. MOTLEY: Your Honor, this is a 14 15 document produced by Philip Morris, from 16 their files, offered solely against Philip 17 Morris. It goes to document destruction. 18 Or spoliation. We're going to be seeking a 19 spoliation charge later in the trial. Judge, which one -- I'm sorry, I'm on 10791. 20 21 Did you not get a copy of that? 22 THE COURT: I'm on 10788. 23 MR. MOTLEY: No, sir. 10791. Let 24 me -- we must have forgotten to give you a 25 copy. May I approach? 1 THE COURT: Yes. Thank you. All 2 right. 9648 was offered as to Philip 3 Morris. 4 MR. MOTLEY: Which one, Your Honor? 5 THE COURT: 9648. 6 MR. MOTLEY: Yes, Your Honor. 7 THE COURT: Offered only as to

8 Philip Morris. 9 MR. MOTLEY: Yes, Your Honor. is this one. Again, I'm saying that at this 10 11 time, Your Honor, at a certain point in time we're going to move to introduce all of 12 13 these as statements of co-conspirators but not right now. 14 15 THE COURT: 10791, you indicated 16 was offered only as to Lorillard. MR. MOTLEY: No, Your Honor. 10791 17 18 is Philip Morris. The prior document was 19 Lorillard. The handwritten notes was 19671. The numbers are getting a little confusing, 20 21 I think. Judge, let me see if you've got --22 this is the one you just asked me about, 23 against Lorillard. Yes, that's the one you admitted against Lorillard. 24 25 THE COURT: I haven't held this 1 yet. That's why I want to be clear. MR. MOTLEY: No, not that one. We 2. 3 haven't gotten to that one yet. THE COURT: I know. I'm sorry. 5 10791, I'll hold it up here, is one 6 paragraph. 7 MR. MOTLEY: That's correct. THE COURT: You indicated was 8 offered only as to Lorillard. 9 MR. MOTLEY: If I said that, I 10 11 misspoke. 12 THE COURT: I may have misheard 13 you. It's offered only as to Philip Morris? 14 MR. MOTLEY: Your Honor, you'll see Dr. Osdene's name there again, and Dr. Dunn 15 was a senior researcher. His initials 16 17 appear on it. Carolyn Levy is a senior researcher for Philip Morris. That's who 18 19 it's referring to. 20 THE COURT: It's offered only as to 21 Philip Morris, be admitted only as to Philip 22 23 (Plaintiffs' Exhibit(s) 10791 received 24 in evidence.) 25 MR. OHLEMEYER: Over my objection, 1 Your Honor? 2 THE COURT: Over the objection. 3 MR. MOTLEY: 10788 was the one you 4 just asked me about. 10788 are the handwritten notes of Thomas Osdene. It's 5 6 offered solely against Philip Morris. This 7 is another document destruction piece of 8 evidence. Says, "Send the stuff to my house 9 and I'll act upon it and destroy it." 10 Again, this is another document we 11 asked Dr. Osdene about, he took the Fifth 12 Amendment. 13 MR. OHLEMEYER: Your Honor, if you 14 believe everything Mr. Motley told you, 15 you've heard that a witness invoked a 16 constitutional right, that he's allowed to 17 invoke, and you've learned that there is a 18 document here that talks about shipping

19 something, that deals with nothing we know 20 about in this lawsuit, to somebody's house. 21 There can't be any connection between this 22 document, and this lawsuit at this point in the case. I object to it for lack of 23 24 foundation, and under Rule 403 its probative value is far outweighed by its prejudicial, 25 1 confusing and time-consuming effect. MR. MOTLEY: It's not about 2 somebody someplace. It's about Dr. Thomas 3 Osdene, the senior researcher for Philip 5 Morris, who was attached to the legal 6 department. This is a document about 7 Cologne -- this was about research that was 8 created, excuse me, funded by a Philip 9 Morris in Europe. And this is a note about -- that says, "Ship all documents to 10 11 Cologne by, keep in Cologne, okay to phone 12 and Telex. These will be destroyed." 13 MR. OHLEMEYER: But the point --14 I'm sorry to interrupt. 15 MR. MOTLEY: No. 6, if letters have 16 to be sent, "Please send them to my house, I 17 will act on them and destroy. Advise 18 Rilander (phonetic)." Then you see the word, Imbeefo (phonetic). Your Honor, 19 testimony will be in this case, I'm not 20 making a statement under 104, Imbeefo was a 21 22 European research facility owned and 23 operated by Philip Morris. Then its got 24 some names of scientists listed there. MR. OHLEMEYER: Those words all 25 appear there, Your Honor. So what? What do 1 2 they have to do with this case? Can Mr. 3 Motley tell you that anything that got shipped to somebody's house didn't stay in 4 5 the file? Can he tell you that things that 6 got destroyed at home didn't get copied and 7 sent all over the world to other people. At 8 some point he needs a witness to establish some of this foundation. 9 MR. MOTLEY: I've tried to take 10 11 their witnesses --12 THE COURT: Let him finish. 13 MR. OHLEMEYER: You know, the fact 14 that he couldn't get a witness to say or 15 agree with everything he wants a witness to 16 agree to doesn't provide an exception under 17 the Rules of Evidence for him to just parade 18 all this stuff into evidence. 19 MR. MOTLEY: I misspoke on one 20 thing, on paragraph 6. I said confidential. 21 It says, "If important letters have to be 22 sent." This goes to the state of mind of the corporation, Your Honor. 23 24 THE COURT: I agree with 25 Mr. Ohlemeyer. 10788 will not be admitted at this point. 1 2 21437. 3 MR. MOTLEY: This is offered

against the Tobacco Institute, Your Honor. 5 Only. Again, Mr. Kloepfer was the name I introduced to Your Honor earlier. 6 7 Mr. Knopick was a senior official of the Tobacco Institute. It refers to -- it deals 9 with the addictive nature of cigarettes. THE COURT: This is only offered as 10 11 to the Tobacco Institute, Inc.? MR. MOTLEY: At this time, yes, 12 13 Your Honor. 14 THE COURT: All right. 15 MR. OHLEMEYER: The objection on behalf of all defendants, Your Honor, is 16 17 that the subject of addiction is not a 18 subject at issue in this case. And it, 19 again, is hearsay within hearsay referring 20 to and repeating the remarks of third 21 parties or non-parties. And it's not really 22 dealing with the subject of addiction. It's 23 dealing with the definition of addiction 24 described by the National Institute of Drug 25 Abuse. MR. MOTLEY: Well, Your Honor, if 1 2 nothing else, it goes to notice that these 3 definitions are being discussed. And you've 4 already overruled his objection about addiction, Your Honor. 5 MR. OHLEMEYER: One other more 6 7 important thing, Your Honor, is it talks 8 about warning labels and the National 9 Institute of Drug Abuse, wanting the word 10 "addictive" as to cigarette warning labels. The law is very clear that since 1969, the 11 warnings that are on cigarette packages are 12 13 written by Congress, and that no claim can 14 be based upon a failure to include different or differently worded language in those 15 warnings. So I think this deals with an 16 17 issue of a fact that is not relevant to the 18 lawsuit. It deals with a claim, a legal 19 claim, that is preempted by the supremacy 20 clause of the Constitution and the preemptive effect of the labeling act as 21 22 interpreted by the Chipallone case, and it 23 always repeats hearsay of others that are 24 non-parties. 25 MR. MOTLEY: Your Honor, you've already ruled on this matter of preemption. 1 You ruled, in fact, it did not preempt 2 3 additional warnings on packages of 4 cigarettes themselves, and a big part of our 5 complaint here is that these defendants knew that cigarette smoking was addictive and 7 didn't tell anybody. THE COURT: 21437 will be admitted 8 as to the Tobacco Institute, Inc., only. 9 10 (Plaintiffs' Exhibit(s) 21437 received 11 in evidence.) 12 MR. MOTLEY: Your Honor, the next 13 one on my list is 24877. 14 THE COURT: Research Liaison

15 Committee. 16 MR. MOTLEY: Yes, Your Honor. The 17 Research Liaison Committee was a committee 18 that interfaced with, among other things, the Council For Tobacco Research. 19 20 MR. SHOCKLEY: What was the number, 21 please? MR. MOTLEY: 24877. At this time, 22 23 Your Honor, we simply offer it against the 24 Council For Tobacco Research. It was 25 produced -- actually, Your Honor, it was produced by Philip Morris, so we offer it 1 2 against CTR and Philip Morris. Produced by Philip Morris from their files. The date of 3 4 it is 1976. The relevance of it is obvious, 5 Your Honor. THE COURT: Mr. Ohlemeyer? 6 7 MR. OHLEMEYER: It contains hearsay 8 within hearsay, Your Honor. It is the 9 summary of comments made in a meeting, and I 10 don't think there's an evidentiary 11 foundation that's been established to allow 12 its admissibility in this case. Without 13 knowing who said what and whether anyone 14 agreed with it and how or why that connects to the issues to be decided in this case, I 15 don't think you can establish its relevance. 16 17 So all it does is confuse, mislead the jury 18 and consume time. 19 MR. MOTLEY: I think it does a lot 20 more than that, Judge, obviously, or I 21 wouldn't be offering it. THE COURT: 24877 will be admitted 22 as to CTR and Philip Morris. 23 24 (Plaintiffs' Exhibit(s) 24877 received 25 in evidence.) MR. MOTLEY: Your Honor, the next 1 2 document we seek to admit solely against Brown & Williamson and if I believe I'm 4 correct, this is the last document that we had given you for today. Your Honor, this 5 6 is a document --7 THE COURT: 284 for the record. 8 MR. MOTLEY: Yes, sir. This is a 9 document which has been stipulated as 10 authentic by Brown & Williamson. This is a memo from J. Kendrick Wells, III, to the 11 12 vice president and general counsel, 13 Mr. Ernest Pepples, regarding additives. Your Honor, this is the first document 14 you will see, it makes reference to the 15 16 Committee of Counsel. The Committee of 17 Counsel is an organization that was referred 18 to in the Lorillard document that you admitted as making all management and 19 20 directional decisions for the cigarette industry. We only seek to admit it at this 21 22 time against Brown & Williamson, however, 23 since it came from their files. 24 THE COURT: Mr. Ohlemeyer? 25 MR. OHLEMEYER: Your Honor, this is

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a document that Brown & Williamson claims is 1 privileged. It even contains the word 2 3 "Privileged" on it. The only reason Mr. Motley has it is because a paralegal from a 5 law firm employed by Brown & Williamson stole it and published it. Brown & 6 7 Williamson has never voluntarily produced 8 this document. They claim privilege, it is 9 privileged and it should be -- the privilege 10 should be maintained. 11 There's no evidentiary foundation to establish the relevance of the corporate 12 13 counsel's thinkpiece on the additives issue 14 to any issue in this case, and I think we 15 avoid a lot of mischief and a lot of 16 potential prejudice by excluding this kind 17 of stuff unless there's some way to connect 18 to the case or some way to overcome the 19 claim of privilege, none of which has been 20 established at this point. THE COURT: What's the basis of the 21 22 privilege claim? 23 MR. OHLEMEYER: It's from the 24 corporate counsel to the president of the 25 company giving him a thinkpiece. It's opinion work product. It's a thinkpiece 1 from the corporate counsel to the president 2 3 of the company about a regulatory matter. 4 MR. MOTLEY: Your Honor, this 5 document is in the public domain. It's been so ruled by six different courts, it's 7 either in the public domain or its evidence of crime fraud. That's the reason why it 8 9 hasn't been adjudicated to be privileged. 10 This document discusses, Your Honor, on page 11 3 --MR. OHLEMEYER: Your Honor, I 12 13 object. I don't mean to interrupt, but I 14 object to reading from a document --15 THE COURT: I agree. MR. MOTLEY: Judge, any person, you 16 17 could go home, if you were so inclined 18 tonight, Your Honor, you could turn on the 19 Internet, you and 250 other million 20 Americans can sit there in your living room 21 and enjoy reading this document. 22 This document, Your Honor, was part of 23 the basis of the Food and Drug 24 Administration's finding that the cigarette 25 companies had covered up from the government 1 for 17 years information that was important. 2 It was the basis, Your Honor, of a 3 Congressional call for criminal 4 investigation of the defendants in this 5 case. In fact, such criminal investigation 6 is going on right now. Three grand juries

and, Your Honor, this case, this document is

Congressional record. It's on the Internet.

published in the Journal of the American

Medical Association. It's in the

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11 The other judges, and I know this is 12 not binding, but just so Your Honor will 13 know, there's been findings that this 14 document, that it would be a perversion of justice to allow every child in America and 15 16 everybody in America to see this document but everybody has to decide the facts of 17 18 this case; that is the jury, because 19 everyone in America has got access to this 20 document. 21 It's in the library at the University 22 of California in San Francisco. As I said, it's on the Internet. It's in the public 23 domain and, Your Honor, if you'd like us to 24 25 brief that issue and not address this issue with any witnesses tomorrow, I'll be glad to 1 2 do that. Because there is a lot of law in 3 Indiana on public domain, and I know Your Honor wanted to defer these privilege issues 5 until trial and I think it probably would be helpful if we were able to present Your 6 7 Honor with a discussion of why this document 8 does not remain privileged once it's in the 9 public domain. If I could have that, I 10 won't try to put it in tonight, give Your 11 Honor an opportunity to reflect on that because it does raise some interesting 12 policy and legal questions. 13 14 THE COURT: Mr. Ohlemeyer. 15 MR. OHLEMEYER: Very briefly, Your 16 Honor. We aren't here to decide law and policy. We're here to decide the case 17 that's been brought by the Wiley family. 18 Whether this is or isn't privileged doesn't 19 make it more or less relevant. It's not 20 21 relevant to the issues in this case. THE COURT: You told me it was 22 privileged. 23 24 MR. OHLEMEYER: It is privileged. 25 THE COURT: He says the privilege 1992 1 has been waived. MR. OHLEMEYER: I'm happy to brief 2 3 that for you. Because it's never been 4 voluntarily produced. Just because somebody 5 steals something and puts it on the Internet, the rules of law, Rules of Civil 7 Procedure, don't say that in and of itself 8 makes it lose its privilege status. THE COURT: I agree. 9 10 MR. OHLEMEYER: If it were that 11 easy, all you'd have to have people do is 12 run around and steal things. The point is, 13 regardless of the privilege issue, it's not 14 relevant. MR. MOTLEY: I'll be happy to 15 address relevance. The man is talking about 16 destroying evidence on page 3. That's the 17 18 relevance of it. It says if we run tests on 19 these cigarettes --20 MR. OHLEMEYER: Excuse me, Mr. 21 Motley. I've asked politely.

22 THE COURT: I don't want to read 23 from the document at this point. MR. MOTLEY: Your Honor, may I say 2.4 25 this? In other words, we're going to brief 1 this issue on the stolen issue, Your Honor. 2 Your Honor granted our motion; that's the subject of an in limine ruling by you 4 already granting our motion. 5 THE COURT: I understand that. MR. MOTLEY: I'll give you a brief 7 in the morning. THE COURT: I'm going to take 284 8 9 under advisement until I see any comments 10 you'd like to make in brief form, two or 11 three pages, Counselor, on the privilege 12 issue. I'll take it under advisement until 13 tomorrow. 14 MR. MOTLEY: Yes, Your Honor. 15 THE COURT: Is that the extent of 16 the documentary evidence, Counselor? MR. MOTLEY: Give me one second, 17 18 Your Honor. 19 THE COURT: At least for now? 20 MR. MOTLEY: Your Honor, have we 21 clarified the difference, I think we have, between 10791 and 19671? You admitted both 22 of them, but since they were both 23 handwritten notes, I just want to make sure 2.4 25 the record was clear that there are two separate documents. One of them is 19671, 1 and the other is, what, 10791. The numbers are similar and they're both handwritten notes. And I will -- Your Honor, I didn't 5 want to mislead you and say that's all the documents we're offering. THE COURT: No, I understand. 7 10791 was admitted as to Philip Morris only. 8 9 MR. MOTLEY: And then 19671 against 10 Lorillard only. And I think that's where 11 the confusion came from, Your Honor. Both of them are handwritten notes. We addressed 12 13 both of them in oral argument. 14 10791 is not a handwritten note. It's 15 this right here. Judge, we discussed both 16 of them. This is the one -- I think the 17 record is clear, but she thought maybe there 18 was some confusion. 19 THE COURT: I want to make sure it is. I have 10791 admitted as to Philip 20 21 Morris. Now, what was the other one? 22 MR. MOTLEY: 19671. Have you 23 admitted this one? 24 THE COURT: I need to deal with 25 this one. This is 19671, under the date 1995 4/21/78, Scientific Research Liaison 1 2 Committee, handwritten notes. Appear to be. 3 MR. OHLEMEYER: You admitted that, 4 Judge, over our objections. These were the 5 notes that were described by Mr. Motley as Curtis Judge's notes.

7 THE COURT: Well, if I did, I'm 8 going to deal with it again because I don't 9 see it in my notes nor does -- do you see 10 19671, let's talk about it. Scientific 11 12 Research Liaison Committee, you're offering it against whom, Counselor? 13 14 MR. MOTLEY: Your Honor, we did 15 discuss this. This is the one with Curtis 16 Judge. I indicated who it was. It was 17 Lorillard. It talks about abdicating the research to the lawyers. Mr. Ohlemeyer and 18 I both remember arguing this one. 19 20 THE COURT: All right. MR. OHLEMEYER: So we can 21 22 incorporate our arguments by reference. THE COURT: You're offering it as 2.3 to Lorillard only. I had that down here, 2.4 25 and I have the wrong number on it. My confusion. 19671, admitted as to Lorillard 1 2 only. (Plaintiffs' Exhibit(s) 19671 received 3 4 in evidence.) MR. MOTLEY: Thank you, Your Honor. 5 THE COURT: I think that clears up 7 the documents for this evening. We talked about Friday -- and I know it's late but 8 tomorrow what depositions do you intend to 9 10 offer, Mr. Motley? 11 MR. MOTLEY: Your Honor, I have a fond hope that I will be able to get the 12 13 Colby, Frank Colby deposition, in a form presentable to Your Honor to rule on the 14 objections. Dr. Colby was the senior 15 researcher of RJ Reynolds. And at this time 16 17 we would offer it only against RJ Reynolds, 18 the deposition. The deposition was taken in the state 19 20 of Minnesota litigation, cross-noticed in a 21 class action in New York and cross-noticed in the state of Texas litigation and both, 2.2 all -- we adopted the Minnesota direct. 23 24 They adopted the Minnesota -- excuse me, we adopted the Minnesota cross. They, meaning 25 1 RJ Reynolds, adopted the Minnesota direct by Reynolds. And then I also did my own 3 cross-examination. We've designated my cross-examination a 4 5 few pages from the Minnesota 6 cross-examination, and they've designated 7 the entire Minnesota direct examination. 8 It's a videotape deposition. You may recall 9 I mentioned to Your Honor that this was the 10 deposition of the gentleman who was from 11 Germany. 12 THE COURT: I recall that. 13 MR. MOTLEY: He has a very thick accent. What we attempted to do here is 14 15 dub, what do you call it, subtitle it like 16 an old silent movie from the transcript with 17 the statements of the witness.

18 THE COURT: I read Reynolds' 19 objections this afternoon in my spare time. 20 Let me ask you, Mr. Motley, do you intend to 21 offer the entire deposition? MR. MOTLEY: Your Honor, we 22 23 designated my cross, which is about 45 minutes. The deposition is three days long. 24 25 The answer to your question is no. 1998 1 THE COURT: Thank you. MR. MOTLEY: The deposition is 2 three days long. My cross was about 45 3 minutes. I think the Minnesota cross that 4 5 we designated was, what, about 10 or 15 6 minutes because it puts them in a frame of 7 reference who the man is and what his 8 position was, and they designated about a 9 30-minute direct, so the whole deposition, 10 if you admit the whole -- if the deposition 11 is admitted as it is, it shouldn't be more than two hours. 12 THE COURT: You intend to do that 13 14 tomorrow depending on the Court's ruling? 15 MR. MOTLEY: I really would like to 16 do that tomorrow, yes, sir. 17 THE COURT: Tomorrow afternoon? MR. MOTLEY: Yes, sir. 18 THE COURT: Who will you begin with 19 20 tomorrow morning? 21 MR. MOTLEY: We have a lay witness 22 tomorrow. Who is it? A Nurse Beardsley and then Dr. David Burns, former editor of 23 24 various Surgeon General reports. THE COURT: All right. 25 1999 1 MR. MOTLEY: And there will be a 2 number of documents that you haven't ruled on that we'll have to deal with before we 3 put Dr. Burns on unless we want to do it 4 5 with him on the stand, which I'm quite prepared to do, whatever Your Honor wishes. 7 THE COURT: You indicated, or I asked you last Friday to tell us, besides 8 the Colby deposition, what other depositions 9 10 do you intend to offer this week? Can you 11 tell me that at this point, in the next 12 couple days? 13 MR. MOTLEY: Yes, Your Honor. You 14 know we have the Fifth Amendment issue of Dr. Osdene. We have Dr. Gary Huber, which 15 16 also -- we have made a motion in Texas to 17 have the Court communicate to you like he 18 did with the Mississippi court and the 19 Florida court saying it was okay to use the 20 deposition. In other words, the seal of the 21 deposition only existed until such time it was, by looking at the order itself, only 22 23 until such time as it was offered in evidence and then they overruled the 24 25 objections of the defendants to offering it 2000 1 into evidence. 2 It was not to be released, Your Honor,

3 to the press until it was offered, offered at trial. That's why the Court ruled that 4 it could be used if the Court admitted it in 5 Florida and admitted it in Mississippi. It 7 could be used in those cases. Dr. Osdene's 8 attorney has told us, Your Honor, that if we call him at any case, he would give me the 9 same answers, that is, take the Fifth. 10 11 I believe that that is, with the 12 exception of perhaps a few questions and 13 answers from Mr. Steven Goldstone, the CEO 14 of RJR Nabisco, and some 15 or 20 minutes 15 from the deposition of Dr. Spears, CEO of 16 Lorillard, the depositions I've mentioned, Colby, Huber, Osdene, Spears, and Goldstone 17 18 are the only ones that we would offer this 19 week. And that's ambitious, if we get to 20 all them. 21 THE COURT: All right. 22 MR. OHLEMEYER: Can I ask a 23 question, Your Honor? 24 THE COURT: Yes. 25 MR. OHLEMEYER: My ill temper is 2001 explained in part because of the scheduling 1 2 difficulties that everybody encounters in these cases. I just heard a lot that kind 3 of surprised me. Do I need a witness? I 4 mean, maybe it's not fair to ask Mr. Motley 5 6 whether I need a witness Tuesday. But --7 MR. MOTLEY: Oh, no, you don't need 8 a witness Tuesday. 9 MR. OHLEMEYER: When does anybody think I need a witness? Because once we get 10 into Wednesday, we're starting to push three 11 12 weeks on the plaintiffs' case. MR. MOTLEY: Judge, you know, this 13 is, as you know, a very complicated case. 14 15 The defendants would have us, you know, take 16 these thousands of people's depositions. 17 Thankfully, Your Honor hasn't made us do 18 that. We're going as fast as we can possibly be going. Your Honor has really 19 20 kept our nose to the grindstone. I think 21 everyone can attest to that. I can't 22 contemplate when we are going to rest. we've got a lot of witnesses. We've got the 23 24 three local doctors. They contest that 25 their cigarettes were at the hospital; we've got to prove that. We've got to prove the 1 2 conspiracy. We've got admissions against interests of the various of the defendants. 3 4 I'm winnowing down the number of experts. I won't be calling all the experts. I'm 6 certainly not going to read all the 7 depositions. As I've told you, we only want 8 to put four or five in this week. We 9 probably have excerpts at most from maybe 10 ten depositions when all is said and done. 11 THE COURT: When do you think the 12 local doctors will testify? 13 MR. MOTLEY: They tell me next

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14
           week. Early next week.
15
                   THE COURT: Early next week?
                    MR. MOTLEY: Yes, Your Honor.
16
17
                   MR. RILEY: Tuesday, Your Honor.
18
           Tuesday or Wednesday.
19
                   THE COURT: Will the plaintiff go
           all next week, you think?
20
21
                    MR. RILEY: Yes, sir.
                    MR. OHLEMEYER: It's hard for me to
22
23
           imagine we're going to finish this case in
24
           four weeks.
                    THE COURT: Well --
25
                                                2003
 1
                   MR. SHOCKLEY: Judge, just a
 2
           housekeeping matter. An attorney spoke and
 3
           interposed an objection on behalf of Liggett
 4
           earlier this afternoon, young lady in the
           courtroom, I don't think she's identified
 5
          herself on the record. She certainly didn't
 7
           today, and I don't remember her having done
           so previously when the other attorneys for
 8
           Liggett were here. I think it would be
 9
           appropriate if she did so.
10
11
                   THE COURT: Identify yourself on
12
           the record.
13
                   MS. ESAKOFF: Yes. I'm sorry,
14
           Sharon Esakoff.
                   THE COURT: Why don't you approach
15
16
           the lectern.
17
                   MS. ESAKOFF: I'm sorry. My name
18
           is Sharon Esakoff. I'm with Kasowitz,
19
           Benson, Torres & Friedman in New York, and
20
           I'm here on behalf of Liggett.
                   THE COURT: You have an appearance
21
2.2
           in this case?
23
                    MS. ESAKOFF: Me personally?
                    THE COURT: You.
24
                    MS. ESAKOFF: An Indiana law firm
25
 1
           applied for pro hoc vici admission for me.
                    THE COURT: That was granted as to
 3
           you?
 4
                    MS. ESAKOFF: I believe so.
                    THE COURT: You believe so. Spell
 5
 6
           your last name for the record.
 7
                   MS. ESAKOFF: E-S-A-K-O-F-F.
 8
                    THE COURT: Who was the Indiana law
9
           firm?
10
                    MS. ESAKOFF: It's Mr. Riley. I
11
           don't have the paper with me, I don't
12
           remember the name exactly.
13
                    THE COURT: Mr. Riley?
14
                   MR. RILEY: Riley Bennett & Egloff,
15
          Your Honor, not me. Riley Bennett & Egloff
16
           was the name of the firm.
17
                   THE COURT: All right. Thank you.
                   MR. MOTLEY: Your Honor, one other
18
          matter, housekeeping matter. Your Honor
19
20
           ordered them to produce -- from my
21
          understanding, I wasn't here this morning, I
22
          apologize, couldn't take off because of the
23
          weather. Not being here, my understanding
24
          is you ordered the defendants to produce
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25	documents this morning, but I don't know
1	2005
1 2	my colleague tells me that they don't recall whether you gave them a date by which they
3	should produce them.
4	THE COURT: You're talking about
5	the subpoena, Counselor?
6	MR. MOTLEY: Yes, Your Honor. I
7	don't believe we did talk about a time frame
8	on the response to the subpoena.
9	Those documents have already been
10	produced in one package in Minnesota, Your
11	Honor, so it shouldn't be all that great of
12	a burden to make a copy of what they've
13	already produced.
14	MR. OHLEMEYER: Your Honor, I've
15	not talked with anybody about that yet, but
16	obviously my advice is going to be as
17	quickly as possible. Or sooner. I mean, I
18	assume that's what the Court wants me to do.
19	THE COURT: That would be my
20	direction, Counselor. As soon as
21	practicable. Not over 48 hours from today.
22 23	MR. OHLEMEYER: Fine. Thank you.
23 24	THE COURT: Anything else, Counselor?
25	MR. MOTLEY: No, Your Honor, I'm
23	2006
1	sorry.
2	THE COURT: That's all right. All
3	right. Have a good evening. Thank you.
4	(Proceedings were recessed at 6:15 p.m.
5	to be continued February 18, 1998 at 8:30
6	a.m.)
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